2022

AMENDMENT A04 TO THE UNIVERSAL REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

every a in the interest of our customers

and society

Financial review at 30 September 2023





The English version of this present Amendment A04 to the Universal Registration Document was filed on 14th November 2023 with the AMF, as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, without prior approval pursuant to Article 9 of the said regulation.

The Universal Registration Document may be used for the purposes of an offer to the public of financial securities or admission of financial securities to trading on a regulated market if completed by a securities note and, if applicable, a summary and any amendments to the Universal Registration Document. The whole is approved by the AMF in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

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Montrouge, 8 November 2023

VERY GOOD RESULTS

Q3 – 2023	CRÉDIT AGRIC	OLE S.A.	CRÉDIT AGRICOLE GROUP			
	Stated	Underlying	Stated	Underlying		
Revenues	€6,343m	€6,060m	€9,249m	€8,847m		
	+19.2% Q3/Q3	+13,4% Q3/Q3	+12.5% Q3/Q3	+7.3% Q3/Q3		
Costs excl. SRF	-€3,376m	-€3,376m	-€5,265m	-€5,265m		
	+8.0% Q3/Q3	+8.3% Q3/Q3	+6.5% Q3/Q3	+6.7% Q3/Q3		
Gross Operating Income	€2,967m	€2,684m	€3,984m	€3,582m		
	+35.2% Q3/Q3	+20.6% Q3/Q3	+21.5% Q3/Q3	+8.2% Q3/Q3		
Cost of risk	-€429m	-€429m	-€693m	-€693m		
	+19.3% Q3/Q3	+19.3% Q3/Q3	+9.0% Q3/Q3	+9.0% Q3/Q3		
Net income Group share	€1,748m	€1,520m	€2,384m	€2,068m		
	+32.8 Q3/Q3	+23.0% Q3/Q3	+21.0% Q3/Q3	+9.3% Q3/Q3		
C/I ratio	53.2%	55.7%	56.9%	59.5% -0.3 pp Q3/Q3		
(excl. SRF)	-5.5 pp Q3/Q3	-2.6 pp Q3/Q3	-3.2 pp Q3/Q3			

Q3/Q3 changes are pro-forma according to IFRS 17

STRONG RESULTS AND HIGH PROFITABILITY

- Strong revenue growth (+13.4% Q3/Q3 underlying), driven by all business lines:
 - Revenues that benefited from a continuous flow of partnerships and development projects, mainly including, this quarter, the consolidation of the European operations of RBC IS
 - Progressive adaptation of retail banking to the new interest rate environment and stabilisation of the net interest margin, both in France – still marked, however, by the slowdown in lending – and abroad; deposits return to growth
 - Sustained activity in asset management, with strong inflows for all asset classes and for joint ventures, and in Insurance, with positive net inflows for unit-linked products and dynamic activity in property & casualty and death & disability insurance
 - High level Q3 revenues for CIB (corporate and investment banking), with a positive performance in both capital markets and investment banking (FICC) and structured finance and cash management
 - Consumer finance that benefited from the commercial momentum in automotive financing, which partially offset the decrease in production in the other French business sectors
- Costs were contained in the inflationary environment, at +8.3% Q3/Q3 (underlying excluding SRF), mainly due to scope effects (consolidation of CA Auto Bank and RBC IS)
- A cost/income ratio of 53.4% 9M-23 (underlying excluding SRF), less than the MTP target
- **RoTE** (return on tangible equity) of 13.5% 9M-23 (underlying), reflecting high profitability

CONTINUOUS CAPITAL GENERATION

- CA S.A. phased-in CET1 11.8%, in line with growth and distribution aims
- GCA phased-in CET1 17.5% (820 bps>SREP)



Montrouge, 8 November 2023

VERY SOLID ASSET QUALITY AND LIQUIDITY PROFILE

- LCR 150.8% and €419bn in liquidity reserves at Crédit Agricole Group level
- Stock of provisions for performing loans €20.9bn, coverage ratio 82.7% for GCA

ENERGY TRANSITION

- Structuring of the new Crédit Agricole Transitions & Énergies (CATE) business line and creation of the energy offering in the territories
- Ongoing work on the Net Zero commitments under the climate strategy and announcement of a Climate Workshop, scheduled for 14 December 2023

Dominique Lefebvre,

Chairman of SAS Rue La Boétie and Chairman of the Crédit Agricole S.A. Board of Directors

"This quarter's results are very good. The Group therewith furthers its commitment to both enable French housing and owning systems and to support long term societal changes. I would like to thank all our representatives and coworkers who act every day to attend to cutsomers' needs "

Philippe Brassac,

Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole S.A.

"Very good results again which imprint organically within the Group's model"

This press release comments on the results of Crédit Agricole S.A. and those of Crédit Agricole Group, which comprises the Crédit Agricole S.A. entities and the Crédit Agricole Regional Banks, which own 59.7% of Crédit Agricole S.A. Please see the appendices to this press release for details of specific items, which are restated in the various indicators to calculate underlying income. All 2022 figures are presented on a pro forma basis under IFRS 17.



Crédit Agricole Group

Group activity

Commercial activity recorded a slowdown in retail banking operations in France over this quarter, offset by the positive results in the other business lines. In the third quarter of 2023, **gross customer capture** stood at 445,000 retail banking customers (versus +460,000 new customers in the third quarter of 2022), while the **customer base** grew by +82,000 customers¹ (versus +105,000 customers in the third quarter of 2022). More specifically, the Group recorded +353,000 new Retail banking customers in France and +92,000 new International retail banking customers (Italy and Poland) over the quarter, and the customer base grew respectively by +61,000 and +20,000 customers.

The slowdown in retail banking activity seen in France materialized through a decrease in loan production in **retail banking in France.** Thus, between the second quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2023 loan production decreased by -12% at the Regional Banks and -3.2% at LCL. In **consumer finance**, production also decreased by -2.1% compared to the third quarter of 2022, reflecting greater selectivity in the loan application process, although automotive production remained strong, increasing +6.7% compared to the third quarter of 2022. Lastly, for CA Italia, loan production recovered strongly, increasing by +19% in Italy compared with the second quarter of 2023.

The slowdown in retail operations in France was nevertheless offset by the positive results of the other business lines. Indeed, **Corporate and Investment banking** had its best first nine months in 2023 both in revenues and net income, as well as a high level third quarter in 2023, with strong growth in both capital markets and investment banking and in structured finance and cash management. It continues to hold leadership positions, ranking first in syndicated loans in France², second in green, social and sustainable bond issues³ in euros and second in all bonds in euros worldwide². **Asset management** benefit from strong inflows in this quarter (€13.7 billion), with a positive contribution from all asset classes (medium-/long-term assets and treasury products) and joint ventures. **Insurance** was also characterized by positive net inflows in unit-linked products, with unit-linked products representing 40.3% of gross inflows in this quarter; the property and casualty insurance equipment rate increased to 43.1% for the Regional Banks (+0.5 percentage point compared to the third quarter of 2022), 27.6% for LCL (+0.5 percentage point) and 18.3% for CA Italy (+2.2 percentage points); property and casualty insurance revenues increased by +8.9% compared to the third quarter of 2022; and death and disability insurance activity was strong (revenues rose by +22% compared to the third quarter of 2022).

Lastly, the customer savings in the retail banking balance sheet, amounting to €807 billion⁴, increased again in this quarter, up +1.3% compared to June 2023 (compared with +0.5% in June 2023 versus March 2023), comprising +1.4% for the Regional Banks, +0.9% for LCL and 1.2% for CA Italy.

A series of self-financed acquisitions contributing to revenue growth and delivering synergies

To support its revenue growth, Crédit Agricole S.A. relies not only on its organic growth drivers but also on acquisitions and external partnerships, with the business lines acting as consolidator on the European market. These acquisitions since 2019 have all been self-financed and have generated cost and revenue synergies. Recent external growth operations have proven successful, particularly Santander Securities Services and KAS Bank in 2019, which expanded the geographical scope of the asset servicing business line (CACEIS), Sabadell Asset Management, which increased the distribution network, Lyxor, which strengthened business expertise in

¹ Gross customer capture for the first nine months of 2023 was 1,472,000 and the customer base was 349,000

² Refinitiv

³ Bloomberg

⁴ Comprising €587 billion for the Regional Banks, €156 billion for LCL and €64 billion for CA Italy



asset management, and Creval, which strengthened the competitive positioning of retail banking in Italy, generating cost synergies.

Since then, Crédit Agricole S.A. has continued to carry out new acquisitions and forge new partnerships, based on five main areas of development. First of all, private banking and asset servicing increased in scale due to both the transaction in progress with Degroof Petercam⁵ and the acquisition in August 2023 of the European operations of RBC Investor Services. Subsequently, the Specialised Financial Services division developed a comprehensive mobility offering: via the joint venture Leasys, created with Stellantis to become the European leader in long-term car rental; 100% of CA Auto Bank was acquired, in order to develop partnerships with smaller manufacturers and with independent distributors; six European subsidiaries of ALD and LeasePlan were acquired; and lastly, CA Mobility Services was formed, to create 20 service offers by 2026, mainly through: the acquisition of a minority stake in WATEA⁶, the creation of a joint venture with Opteven⁷ and the acquisition of a stake in HiFlow. At the same time, the insurance business line extended its distribution network through new commercial partnerships: a non-life and credit insurance distribution agreement in Italy between Crédit Agricole Assurances and Banco BPM⁸ and a partnership between Pacifica and Renault (Mobilize Financial Services) in car insurance. Lastly, Crédit Agricole S.A. is structuring its property services operations via the acquisition of Casino's property management activities, and is stepping up its digitalisation and innovation thanks to its acquisition of a stake in Worklife⁹ and, in payment services, its partnership with Wordline¹⁰.

These operations support the growth in revenues of Crédit Agricole S.A. Thus, the deals led with Creval, Lyxor, Santander Securities Services, RBC Investor Services and the integration of CA Auto Bank¹¹ will generate a net banking income of roughly €1.9 billion¹² in 2025 with a cost to income ratio of 58%¹³.

Launch of a new business: Crédit Agricole Transitions & Energies

Crédit Agricole S.A. is structuring its new Crédit Agricole Transitions & Energies (CATE) business line, which presented its roadmap in October 2023. CATE provides a global offer covering advisory services on energy transition and the development of renewable energy in the French regions, by supporting financing for transition and carbon-free energy generation and supply projects.

Transition advisory services are dedicated to supporting customers as they implement their energy and environmental sobriety processes. CATE has also a range of solutions delivered by R3¹⁴ for corporates and public authorities, and the "J'écorénove mon logement"¹⁵ platform for individual customers.

The financing offering consists in providing a comprehensive financial solution for all renewable energy generation and energy efficiency projects with Unifergie and the Group's financing entities, as well as a financial and legal engineering offering, and financing offerings in various areas of sustainable energy (renewable energy, energy performance, environment). By 2030, CATE aims to mobilise €19 billion in financing provided by the entities of the Crédit Agricole Group in France. CATE also aims to invest €1 billion to strengthen the developers' capital and acquire production capacities.

Lastly, CATE will generate and supply electricity from renewable sources locally for developers, local governments and consumers. CATE is aiming for 2 GW of installed production capacity from assets owned by the Group in 2028, and 500MWh of low-carbon electricity supply by 2026, equivalent to the annual consumption

⁵ Signing of an agreement for the acquisition of a majority stake

⁶ Digital fleet management tool on monthly subscription

⁷ Extended warranty

⁸ In addition, acquisition of a stake of 9.9% in the capital of Banco BPM

⁹ Employee benefits management tool

¹⁰ Creation of a joint venture to develop innovative commercial offerings

¹¹ Integration of 50% of CA Auto bank net banking income for the calculation purposes

¹² These figures encompass some deals already integrated in the financial statements as well as prospective datas

¹³ Excluding integration costs

¹⁴ Delivered by R3, in which CATE is the reference shareholder

¹⁵ With online diagnostic testing, recommendations and estimates of the works to be carried out, as well as information on available aid. The website forecasts 1 million visits in 2023.



of 196,000 people. This offering is delivered by Selfee, in which CATE is the main shareholder. Selfee is an electricity operator that enables the purchase via local supply chains, at a local price, of electricity generated in the French regions, Selfee acting as the only intermediary of the energy producer.

Group results

In the third quarter of 2023, Crédit Agricole Group's stated net income Group share was €2,384 million, up +21.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

The **specific items** for the quarter had a cumulative impact of **+€317 million on net income Group share** and included +€298 million in recurring accounting items and +€19 million in non-recurring items. The recurring items mainly correspond to the reversal of the home purchase savings provision of +€297 million (+€38 million for LCL, +€171 million for the Corporate Centre and +€88 million for the Regional Banks); the other recurring items – the issuer spread portion of the FVA¹⁶ and secured lending (+€2 million) and loan book hedging (-€1 million) – offset each other. The non-recurring items relate to the ongoing reorganisation of the Mobility activities¹⁷ in the SFS division (+€19 million).

Restated from these specific items, Crédit Agricole Group's underlying net income Group share¹8 amounted to €2,068 million, an increase of +9.3% compared to third quarter 2022.

m€	Q3-23 stated	Specific items	Q3-23 underlying	Q3-22 stated	Specific items	Q3-22 underlying	Δ Q3/Q3 stated	∆ Q3/Q3 underlying
Revenues	9,249	402	8,847	8,222	(22)	8,244	+12.5%	+7.3%
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(5,265)	0	(5,265)	(4,943)	(9)	(4,934)	+6.5%	+6.7%
SRF	-	=	-	-	-	=	n.m.	n.m.
Gross operating income	3,984	402	3,582	3,280	(30)	3,310	+21.5%	+8.2%
Cost of risk	(693)	0	(693)	(636)	-	(636)	+9.0%	+9.0%
Equity-accounted entities	37	(26)	63	111	-	111	(66.8%)	(43.0%)
Net income on other assets	69	61	9	6	-	6	x 10.7	+32.2%
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	n.m.	n.m.
Income before tax	3,397	436	2,961	2,762	(30)	2,792	+23.0%	+6.0%
Tax	(810)	(120)	(691)	(736)	6	(742)	+10.0%	(7.0%)
Net income from discont'd or held- for-sale ope.	2	-	2	123	101	22	(98.7%)	(92.4%)
Net income	2,588	317	2,272	2,149	77	2,071	+20.5%	+9.7%
Non controlling interests	(204)	-	(204)	(178)	2	(180)	+14.9%	+13.5%
Net income Group Share	2,384	317	2,068	1,971	79	1,892	+21.0%	+9.3%
Cost/Income ratio excl. SRF (%)	56.9%		59.5%	60.1%		59.8%	-3.2 pp	-0.3 pp

In the third quarter of 2023, **underlying revenues** totalled €8,847 million, up +7.3% compared to the third quarter of 2022, driven by the Asset Gathering division (+9.6%), which benefited from a rise in insurance revenues, the Specialised Financial Services division (+26.2%), which included a line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank since the second quarter of 2023, as well as the acquisition, this quarter¹⁷, of the ALD and LeasePlan activities in six European countries. Revenues from the International Retail Banking division increased by +24.0% with a net interest margin stabilising but still well-orientated, in Italy, Poland and Egypt. The revenues of the French Retail Banking division (-3.2%) decreased due to the increase in refinancing costs and customer resources. The

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¹⁶ DVA (Debt Valuation Adjustment)

Following the non-recurring impacts of Q2-23 related to the reorganisation of the CACF Group's Mobility activities, amounting to +€140 million, +€19 million was added in Q3-23. As a reminder, this involved transfers of business assets, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the 100% consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the automotive financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions).

¹⁸ See Appendixes for more details on specific items.





Large Customers division recorded an increase in revenues of +17.4%, boosted by record revenues for CIB (+9% compared to the first nine months of 2022).

Underlying operating expenses excluding the SRF (Single Resolution Fund) were -€5,265 million, up +6.7% compared to the third quarter of 2022. This increase is mainly due to a scope effect of -€178 million euros related to the consolidation of CA Auto Bank within the Specialised Financial Services division and the activities of RBC IS Europe within the Asset Servicing division, and also due to the effect of the increase in salary compensation, provisions for variable compensation and IT investments and costs. Overall, the underlying cost/income ratio excluding SRF was 59.5%, down -0.3 percentage points versus the third quarter of 2022, while underlying gross operating income came in at €3,582 million, up +8.2% on the same period.

The underlying cost of credit risk increased moderately, to -€693 million, an increase of +9.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022, when it stood at -€636 million. The expense of -€693 million in the third quarter of 2023 consists of a write-back on performing loans (Stages 1 and 2) for +€28 million (versus an addition of -€209 million in the third quarter of 2022), due to the transition to default of some loans, provisioning of proven risks for - €724 million (Stage 3, compared to -€498 million in the third quarter of 2022), the deterioration due to the increase in proven risk on retail banking and consumer finance, and lastly a write-back of +€3 million for other risks. The provisioning levels were determined by taking into account several weighted economic scenarios, as in previous quarters, and by applying adjustments on sensitive portfolios. The weighted economic scenarios for the second quarter were updated, with a favourable scenario (French GDP at +1% in 2023, +2.4% in 2024) and an unfavourable scenario (French +0.1% 2023 and -0.1% 2024). cost of credit risk on outstandings¹⁹ over a rolling four-quarter period stood at 25 basis points, which is in line with the 25 basis point assumption of the Medium-Term Plan. It stands at 24 basis points on a quarterly annualised basis²⁰.

Underlying pre-tax income stood at €2,961 million, a year-on-year increase of +6.0%. The underlying pre-tax income included the contribution from equity-accounted entities for €63 million (down -43.0%, mainly due to the line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank, formerly FCA Bank) and net income on other assets, which came to €9 million this quarter. The underlying tax charge fell -7.0% over the period. Underlying net income before non-controlling interests was up +9.7% to €2,272 million. Non-controlling interests rose +13.5%. Lastly, underlying net income Group share was €2,068 million, +9.3% higher than in the third quarter of 2022.

¹⁹ The cost of risk relative to outstandings (in basis points) on a four-quarter rolling basis is calculated on the cost of risk of the past four quarters divided by the average outstandings at the start of each of the four quarters after reintegration of CA Auto Bank outstandings

²⁰ The cost of risk relative to outstandings (in basis points) on an annualised basis is calculated on the cost of risk of the quarter multiplied by four and divided by the outstandings at the start of the quarter after reintegration of CA Auto Bank outstandings



Crédit Agricole Group - stated and underlying results, 9M-23 and 9M-22

€m	9M-23 stated	Specific items	9M-23 underlying	9M-22 stated	Specific items	9M-22 underlying	∆ 9M/9M stated	∆ 9M/9M underlying
Revenues	27,722	758	26,965	25,953	543	25,410	+6.8%	+6.1%
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(15,782)	(18)	(15,764)	(15,021)	(90)	(14,931)	+5.1%	+5.6%
SRF	(620)	-	(620)	(803)	-	(803)	(22.8%)	(22.8%)
Gross operating income	11,321	739	10,581	10,129	453	9,677	+11.8%	+9.3%
Cost of risk	(2,179)	(84)	(2,095)	(2,139)	(195)	(1,944)	+1.9%	+7.7%
Equity-accounted entities	190	(39)	229	323	-	323	(41.0%)	(29.0%)
Net income on other assets	107	89	18	41	-	41	x 2.6	(56.0%)
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	=	n.m.	n.m.
Income before tax	9,438	705	8,733	8,354	258	8,096	+13.0%	+7.9%
Tax	(2,293)	(180)	(2,113)	(2,211)	(117)	(2,094)	+3.7%	+0.9%
Net income from disconted or held- for-sale operations	7	-	7	148	94	53	(95.0%)	(86.2%)
Net income	7,153	525	6,628	6,291	235	6,056	+13.7%	+9.4%
Non controlling interests	(619)	(0)	(619)	(539)	13	(552)	+14.7%	+12.1%
Net income Group Share	6,534	525	6,009	5,752	248	5,504	+13.6%	+9.2%
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	56.9%		58.5%	57.9%		58.8%	-0.9 pp	-0.3 pp

In the first nine months of 2023, stated net income Group share amounted to €6,534 million, compared with €5,752 million in the first nine months of 2022, an increase of +13.6%.

Specific items in the first nine months of 2023 had a positive impact of +€525 million on stated net income Group share and comprise +€262 million in recurring accounting items and +€263 million in non-recurring items. The recurring items mainly correspond to the reversal of the home purchase savings provision for +€297 million, already mentioned above, as well as the accounting volatility items of the Large Customers division (the DVA for -€15 million and loan book hedging for -€19 million). The non-recurring items are related to the reorganisation of the Mobility activities²¹ of the Specialised Financial Services division (+€159 million) and the reversal of provision for the Cheque Image Exchange fine (+€104 million).

Excluding these specific items, underlying net income Group share amounted to €6,009 million, up +9.2% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

Underlying revenues totalled €26,965 million, up +6.1% compared to the first nine months of 2022. This increase was due to very high revenues across all the business lines in the Asset Gathering division, the line-by-line integration of CA Auto Bank in the Specialised Financial Services division, a very high level of revenues in the Large Customers division and the higher net interest margin in the International Retail Banking division; by contrast, revenues in the French Retail Banking division were affected by the lower interest margin.

Underlying **operating expenses** excluding SRF amounted to -€15,764 million, up +5.6% compared with the first nine months of 2022, mainly including the scope effect relating to the line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank within the Specialised Financial Services division since the second quarter of 2023 and the consolidation of the operations of RBC IS Europe within the Asset Servicing division in the third quarter of 2023. The remainder of the increase was due to the rise in compensation in an inflationary environment, as well as the increase in IT expenses.

²¹ Following the non-recurring impacts of Q2-23 related to the reorganisation of the CACF Group's Mobility activities, amounting to +€140 million, +€19 million was added in Q3-23. As a reminder, this involved transfers of business assets, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the 100% consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the automotive financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions).





The underlying cost/income ratio excluding SRF was 58.5%, down -0.3 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2022. The SRF totalled -€620 million in 2023, down -22.8% compared to 2022.

Underlying gross operating income totalled €10,581 million, up +9.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

The underlying cost of risk was -€2,095 million (including -€193 million in cost of risk on performing loans (Stages 1 and 2), -€1,885 million in cost of proven risk and -€16 million in other risks), i.e. an increase of +7.7% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

As at 30 September 2023, risk indicators confirm the high quality of Crédit Agricole Group's assets and risk coverage level. The diversified loan book is mainly geared towards home loans (46% of gross outstandings) and corporates (32% of gross outstandings). Loan loss reserves amounted to €20.9 billion (€11 billion for Regional Banks), 42% of which represented provisioning of performing loans (48% for Regional Banks). The loan loss reserves for performing loans have increased at Group level by +€3.3 billion since the fourth quarter of 2019. The prudent management of these loan loss reserves has enabled the Crédit Agricole Group to have one of the best²² overall coverage ratios for doubtful loans (82.7% at the end of September 2023) among the largest European banks.

Underlying pre-tax income before discontinued operations and non-controlling interests amounted to €8,733 million, up +7.9% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The tax charge was €2,113 million, up slightly, by +0.9%, with an underlying effective tax rate of 24.8%.

Underlying net income Group share was €6,009 million, up +9.2% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

NB: Unless mentioned otherwise, the results by business will be commented on the basis of the reported results.

Data at 30/09/2023 for Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group. Analysis based on 30/09/2023 reporting on customer loans, Stage 3 outstandings and Stage 1, 2 and 3 provisions for ING, Société Générale, Banco Santander, Standard Chartered, Barclays, BNP Paribas, Deutsche Bank, HSBC, UBS and Unicredit, at 30/06/2023 for BPCE Group (1) Gross customer loans outstanding excl. credit institutions



Regional banks

Over the quarter, **gross customer capture was up**, with +268,000 new customers, while **the customer base grew by** +44,000 new customers. The number of **customers using digital tools** increased, with "Ma Banque" application reaching now 9.0 million²³ users and the number of online signatures²⁴ grew up by +22% between the third quarter of 2022 and the third quarter of 2023. **The strong performance of the offer "Ma Banque Au Quotidien"** for individual customers has led to **an increase and improvement of the card stock** (+2.0% year-on-year, with a share of 14.4% for Premium cards). The equipment rate for **property and casualty insurance** was 43.1% at the end of September 2023, up +0.5 percentage point compared to September 2022).

Loan production was down -25.0% compared to the third quarter 2022, and -11.9% compared to the second quarter 2023. The decline is sharp in home loans (-36.1% compared to the third quarter of 2022), but it remains lower than the market²⁵. The home loan production rate increased +48 basis points compared to the second quarter of 2023, with the average rate for 20-25 years lending reaching 3.99% in early October 2023. **Loan outstandings** reached €644.9 billion at the end of September 2023 (+3.5% compared to the end of September 2022 and +0.4% compared to the end of June 2023), driven by the corporate market (+6.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022).

Total customer assets rose by +3.3% year on year to €871.9 billion at the end of September 2023. This growth was mainly driven by **on-balance sheet deposits**, which reached €586.9 billion at the end of September 2023, up +2.5% compared to the end of September 2022. Compared with the second quarter of 2023, on-balance sheet deposits increased by +1.4%, due to an increase of +15.6% in term deposits. Finally, demand deposits and passbook accounts were stable over the quarter. Off-balance sheet customer assets reached €284.9 billion at the end of September 2023, up +5.0% year-on-year. Off-balance sheet deposits were positive overall in the quarter, driven by net inflows of +€0.7 billion into securities.

In the third quarter of 2023, the Regional Banks' stated revenues, including the SAS Rue La Boétie dividend²6, amounted to €3,291 million, up +0.8% compared to the third quarter of 2022. The net interest margin decreased by -17.6% (excluding the reversal of home purchase savings provisions of €118 million), due to the increase in refinancing costs, partially offset by the increase in loan yields and macro-hedging. The net interest margin increased, albeit only slightly, between the second and third quarters of 2023 (excluding the reversal of the home purchase savings provision). Portfolio revenues increased in the third quarter of 2023, reflecting market effects that were more favourable than in the third quarter of 2022. Fee and commission income remained on a positive trend, at +4.7%, thanks to strong momentum in payment instruments and insurance. **Operating expenses** increased +4.3% over the period, largely due to the increase in employee expenses. **Gross operating income** decreased by -6.7%. **The cost of risk** decreased by -5.8% compared to the third quarter of 2022, to €257 million. **The net income Group share** of the Regional Banks was €565 million in the third quarter of 2023, down -3.8% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

The Regional banks' contribution to the results of Crédit Agricole Group amounted to €587 million (-6.5%) in stated net income Group share in the third quarter of 2023, with revenues of €3,345 million (+0.3%) and a cost of risk of -€254 million (-6.8%).

In the first nine months of 2023, revenues including the SAS Rue La Boétie dividend were down (-4.9%) compared to the first nine months of 2022. Operating expenses rose by +3.5%, and gross operating income consequently fell by -16.3% in the first nine months of 2023. Finally, with a cost of risk up slightly by +0.4%, the Regional banks' net income Group share, including SAS Rue La Boétie dividend, amounted to €3,037 million, down -15.8% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

The Regional banks' contribution to the results of Crédit Agricole Group in the first nine months of 2023 amounted to €1,420 million (-34.5%) in stated net income Group share, with revenues of €10,032 million (-6.8%) and a cost of risk of -€831 million (+0.2%).

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²³ Number of active profiles on "Ma Banque" corresponding to at least one synchronisation during the month

²⁴ Signatures initiated in BAM deposit mode (multi-channel bank access), Mobile customer portal or "Ma Banque" app

²⁵ Home loan production in France down -44,3% for end of August 2023 according to the Banque de France

²⁶ SAS Rue La Boétie dividend paid annually in Q2



Crédit Agricole S.A.

Results

Crédit Agricole S.A.'s Board of Directors, chaired by Dominique Lefebvre, met on 7 November 2023 to examine the financial statements for third quarter 2023.

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€m	Q3-23 stated	Specific items	Q3-23 underlying	Q3-22 stated	Specific items	Q3-22 underlying	∆ Q3/Q3 stated	∆ Q3/Q3 underlying
Revenues	6,343	284	6,060	5,321	(22)	5,343	+19.2%	+13.4%
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(3,376)	0	(3,376)	(3,127)	(9)	(3,118)	+8.0%	+8.3%
SRF	-	-	-	-	=	-	n.m.	n.m.
Gross operating income	2,967	284	2,684	2,195	(30)	2,225	+35.2%	+20.6%
Cost of risk	(429)	0	(429)	(360)	-	(360)	+19.3%	+19.3%
Equity-accounted entities	23	(26)	50	102	=	102	(77.2%)	(51.2%)
Net income on other assets	69	61	8	5	-	5	x 12.6	+52.8%
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	=	-	n.m.	n.m.
Income before tax	2,630	318	2,312	1,942	(30)	1,973	+35.4%	+17.2%
Tax	(633)	(89)	(544)	(533)	6	(539)	+18.8%	+0.9%
Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	2	-	2	123	101	22	n.m.	n.m.
Net income	1,999	229	1,770	1,533	77	1,455	+30.4%	+21.6%
Non-controlling interests	(251)	(2)	(250)	(217)	2	(219)	+15.8%	+13.9%
Net income Group Share	1,748	227	1,520	1,316	79	1,236	+32.8%	+23.0%
Earnings per share (€)	0.53	0.07	0.46	0.41	0.03	0.38	+30.1%	+19.5%
Cost/Income ratio excl. SRF (%)	53.2%		55.7%	58.8%		58.4%	-5.5 pp	-2.6 pp

In the third quarter of 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A.'s stated net income Group share amounted to €1,748 million, an increase of +32.8% compared to the third guarter of 2022.

Specific items for the quarter had a cumulative impact of +€227 million on net income Group share, and included recurring accounting items for +€208 million and non-recurring items for +€19 million. The recurring items mainly correspond to the reversal of the home purchase savings provision of +€208 million (+€37 million for LCL and +€171 million for the Corporate Centre); the other recurring items – the issuer spread portion of the FVA²⁷ and secured lending (+€2 million) and loan book hedging (-€1 million) – offset each other. The non-recurring items relate to the ongoing reorganisation of the Mobility activities²⁸ in the SFS division (+€19 million).

Excluding specific items, underlying net income Group share29 stood at €1,520 million, a +23.0% increase compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Underlying revenues reached €6,060 million, up +13.4% compared to the third guarter of 2022, driven by growth in revenues across all business lines. The Asset Gathering division recorded an increase of +10.2%, mainly due to higher Insurance revenues (+19.4%), which were adversely affected by weather events in the second quarter of 2022. The revenues of the Specialised Financial Services division increased by +26.2% (+26.3% underlying), benefiting from the consolidation of CA Auto Bank³⁰ and the acquisition of ALD/LeasePlan activities in this quarter. The revenues of the Large Customers division increased by +17.4%, thanks to a very good

²⁷ DVA (Debt Valuation Adjustment)

Following the non-recurring impacts of Q2-23 related to the reorganisation of the CACF Group's Mobility activities, amounting to +€140 million, +€19 million was added in Q3-23. As a reminder, this involved transfers of business assets, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the 100% consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the automotive financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions).

²⁹ Underlying, excluding specific items. See Appendixes for more details on specific items.

³⁰ Impact on CA Auto Bank revenues: +€202m



performance by CIB (+9.2%), particularly in FICC (+25.6%) and revenues from the Asset Servicing division (+51.5%), benefiting from the consolidation of the European activities of RBC IS Europe³¹. The revenues of the **French Retail Banking** division improved slightly, by +0.4%³², reflecting the stabilisation of the net interest margin in this quarter. Lastly, the revenues of the **International Retail Banking** division increased by +24.1%, benefiting from the increase in the net interest margin for CA Italy (+48%), as well as for Poland and Egypt (+81%)³³.

In addition, this quarter has been the subject of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s net interest margin³⁴ (NIM) evolution since the first quarter of 2022, with a specific focus on Retail Banking activities. The positive increase in overall NIM in the context of rising interest rates is linked to Crédit Agricole S.A.'s diversified model. Indeed, the decline in the MNI of Retail Banking in France (LCL) related to the increase in the cost of resources and partly cushioned by the effects of macro hedging, was more than offset by the increase in the International Retail Banking (IRB) NIM given the asset structure.

Underlying operating expenses amounted to -€3,376 million, up +8.3% compared to the third quarter of 2022, i.e. an increase of -€258 million. This change includes a scope effect of -€178 million³⁵ related to the consolidation of CA Auto Bank within the Specialised Financial Services division and the activity of RBC IS Europe within the Asset Servicing division. The remainder is mainly attributable to the payroll increase of -€93 million (primarily corporate and investment banking, retail banking in Italy and LCL), provisions for variable compensation and bonuses of -€58 million (mainly corporate and investment banking) and IT investments of -€26 million (mainly for large customers). The expenses also benefited from a positive tax effect of +€43 million year on year.

The **underlying cost/income ratio excluding SRF** in third quarter 2023 thus stood at 55.7%, an improvement of -2.6 percentage points compared to third quarter 2022.

Underlying gross operating income stood at €2,684 million, up +20.6%.

As at 30 September 2023, risk indicators confirm the high quality of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s assets and risk coverage level. The diversified loan book is mainly geared towards home loans (27% of gross outstandings) and corporates (42% of Crédit Agricole S.A. gross outstandings). The Non-Performing Loans ratio increased slightly compared with the previous quarter and remained low at 2.7% (+0.1 percentage point). The coverage ratio³⁶, which was high at 70.7%, decreased slightly, by -0.7 percentage points, over the quarter. Loan loss reserves amounted to €9.8 billion for Crédit Agricole S.A., an increase of +1.2% compared to end June 2023. Of those loan loss reserves, 35% were for performing loan provisioning. Loan loss reserves for performing loans are higher by €1.4 billion compared with the fourth quarter of 2019.

The underlying **cost of credit risk** decreased to -€429 million, an increase of 19.3% compared to the third quarter of 2022, when it stood at -€360 million. The expense of -€429 million in the third quarter of 2023 consists of a write-back on performing loans (Stages 1 and 2) for €59 million (versus an addition of €42 million in the third quarter of 2022), due to the transition to default of some loans, provisioning of proven risks for -€487 million (Stage 3, compared to -€377 million in the third quarter of 2022), the deterioration due to the increase in proven risk on retail banking and consumer finance, and lastly an addition of €1 million for other risks. The provisioning levels were determined by taking into account several weighted economic scenarios, as in previous quarters, and by applying adjustments on sensitive portfolios. The weighted economic scenarios for the second quarter were updated, with a favourable scenario (French GDP at +1% in 2023, +2.4% in 2024) and an unfavourable scenario (French GDP at +0.1% in 2023 and -0.1% in 2024). The cost of risk relative to outstandings

³¹ Impact on RBC IS Europe revenues: +€103.5m

^{32 +5.9%} taking into account the reversal of the home purchase savings provision of €52 million

³³ Change at current exchange rates; +45% at constant exchange rates

³⁴ Based on underlying data and excluding specific items; scope: CAsa excluding Corporate Center and insurance activities

³⁵ Scope effect: SFS/CAAB (+€73 million), Asset Servicing/RBC IS Europe (+€105.6 million)

³⁶ Provisioning rate calculated with outstandings in Stage 3 as denominator, and the sum of the provisions recorded in Stages 1, 2 and 3 as numerator.





on a four quarter rolling basis³⁷ stood at 33 basis points, i.e. in line with the assumption of the Medium-Term Plan of 40 basis points and 33 basis points on an annualised quarterly basis³⁸.

The underlying contribution of **equity-accounted entities** came to €50 million (-51.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022) and **net income on other assets** was €8 million (+€3 million compared to the third quarter of 2022); the changes in these two income statement categories were impacted by a scope effect with the line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) within the SFS division.

Underlying pre-tax income stood at €2,312 million, an increase of +17.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

The underlying effective tax rate was 24% and the underlying tax charge was -€544 million, stable compared to the third quarter of 2022. **Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations** was €2 million, down -€20 million compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Underlying net income before non-controlling interests increased by +21.6% to €1,770 million. Non-controlling interests amounted to -€250 million, up +13.9% year on year.

Underlying net income Group share was up by +23.0% compared to third quarter 2022 at €1,520 million.

Underlying earnings per share (pro-forma IFRS 17) in the third quarter of 2023 reached €0,46, increasing by +19.5% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

³⁷ The cost of risk relative to outstandings (in basis points) on a four quarter rolling basis is calculated on the cost of risk of the past four quarters divided by the average outstandings at the start of each of the four quarters

³⁸ The cost of risk relative to outstandings (in basis points) on an annualised basis is calculated on the cost of risk of the quarter multiplied by four and divided by the outstandings at the start of the quarter



Crédit Agricole S.A. - stated and underlying results, 9M-23 and 9M-22

m€	9M-23 stated	9M-22 stated	Δ 9M/9M stated	9M-23 underlying	9M-22 underlying	Δ 9M/9M underlying	9M-23 stated	9M-22 stated
Revenues	19,140	16,525	+15.8%	18,542	16,394	+13.1%	19,140	16,525
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(9,922)	(9,383)	+5.8%	(9,904)	(9,293)	+6.6%	(9,922)	(9,383)
SRF	(509)	(647)	(21.3%)	(509)	(647)	(21.3%)	(509)	(647)
Gross operating income	8,709	6,495	+34.1%	8,129	6,454	+25.9%	8,709	6,495
Cost of risk	(1,338)	(1,303)	+2.7%	(1,253)	(1,108)	+13.1%	(1,338)	(1,303)
Equity-accounted entities	136	291	(53.1%)	175	291	(39.9%)	136	291
Net income on other assets	102	26	x 3.9	13	26	(48.7%)	102	26
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	n.m.	-	-	n.m.	-	-
Income before tax	7,609	5,509	+38.1%	7,064	5,663	+24.7%	7,609	5,509
Tax	(1,832)	(1,483)	+23.5%	(1,682)	(1,473)	+14.2%	(1,832)	(1,483)
Net income from discont'd or held-forsale ope.	7	147	n.m.	7	53	n.m.	7	147
Net income	5,785	4,174	+38.6%	5,389	4,244	+27.0%	5,785	4,174
Non controlling interests	(771)	(651)	+18.5%	(769)	(664)	+15.8%	(771)	(651)
Net income Group Share	5,014	3,523	+42.3%	4,620	3,580	+29.1%	5,014	3,523
Earnings per share (€)	1.53	1.08	+41.7%	1.40	1.10	+27.4%	1.53	1.08
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	51.8%	56.8%	-4.9 pp	53.4%	56.7%	-3.3 pp	51.8%	56.8%

Over the first nine months of 2023, stated net income Group share was €5,014 million, up +42.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

Specific items in the first nine months of 2023 had a positive impact of +€394 million on stated net income Group share, and comprise +€174 million in recurring accounting items and +€220 million in non-recurring items. The recurring items mainly correspond to the reversal of the home purchase savings provision for +€208 million, already mentioned above, as well as the accounting volatility items of the Large Customers division (the DVA for -€15 million and loan book hedging for -€19 million). The non-recurring items related to the reorganisation of the Mobility activities³⁹ of the Specialised Financial Services division (+€159 million) and the reversal of provision for the Cheque Image Exchange fine (+€62 million).

Excluding specific items, underlying net income Group share reached €4,620 million, up +29.1% compared to the first nine months of 2022⁴⁰.

Underlying earnings per share stood at €1.4 per share for the first nine months 2023, up +27.4% compared to first nine months of 2022.

Underlying RoTE⁴¹, which is calculated on the basis of an annualised underlying net income Group share ⁴² and IFRIC charges linearised over the year, net of annualised Additional Tier 1 coupons (return on equity Group share excluding intangibles) and restated for certain volatile items recognised in equity (including unrealised gains and/or losses), reached **13.5% for the first nine months of 2023**, up 1 percentage point from the first nine months of 2022 (12.5%).

Underlying revenues were up **+13.1%** compared to the first nine months of 2022, driven by all of the business lines. Underlying **operating expenses** excluding SRF registered a limited increase of +6.6%. The cost/income ratio excluding SRF was 53.4%, an improvement of 3.3 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2022. The SRF for the period came to -€509 million, a decrease of -21.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022. Underlying **gross operating income** totalled €8,129 million, up +25.9% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The **cost of risk** increased by +13.1% in the period, to -€1,253 million, versus --€1,108 million

³⁹ Following the non-recurring impacts of Q2-23 related to the reorganisation of the CACF Group's Mobility activities, amounting to +€140 million, +€19 million was added in Q3-23. As a reminder, this involved transfers of business assets, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the 100% consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the automotive financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions).

⁴⁰ Underlying, excluding specific items. See Appendixes for more details on specific items

⁴¹ See details on the calculation of the business lines' ROTE (return on tangible equity) and RONE (return on normalised equity)

⁴² The annualised underlying net income Group share corresponds to the annualisation of the underlying net income Group share (Q1x4; H1x2; 9Mx4/3) by restating each period for IFRIC impacts to linearise them over the year



in the first nine months of 2022. Lastly, **the results of the equity-accounted entities** decreased by -39.9%, due to the line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank since the second quarter of 2023.

Analysis of the activity and the results of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s divisions and business lines

Activity of the Asset Gathering division

In the third quarter of 2023, assets under management in the Asset Gathering (AG) division stood at $\[\in \]$ 2,492 billion, up +0.4% compared to the end of June 2023, thanks to net inflows, as the market effect was unfavourable in this quarter (- $\[\in \]$ 3.1 billion). Net inflows for the quarter were positive, amounting to + $\[\in \]$ 13.0 billion for the division, driven by net inflows of + $\[\in \]$ 13.7 billion for Amundi, while net inflows were a negative - $\[\in \]$ 1.3 billion for savings/retirement. Over the year, assets under management also rose by +3.7% due to a positive market effect, as year-on-year net inflows were strong (+ $\[\in \]$ 19.8 billion) and boosted by strong inflows into unit-linked bond products. Excluding double counting, assets under management stood at $\[\in \]$ 2,224 billion at 30 September 2023, up +4.7% compared to 30 September 2022.

The Insurance activity (Crédit Agricole Assurances) generated third-quarter premium income of €7.0 billion, down -2.5% compared to third quarter 2022, with the rise in the premium income from Property & Casualty and Death & Disability/Creditor/Group insurance not compensating the drop in the premium income of savings/retirement. Premium income for the first nine months of 2023 came in at €27.7 billion, up +3.4% compared to first nine months 2022 at constant scope (excluding La Médicale).

In Savings/Retirement, premium income was €19.4 billion at end September 2023, up +1.4% on the first nine months of 2022. Gross inflows amounted to €4.6 billion this quarter (-8.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022), with the unit-linked share growing by 2.5 percentage points compared to the third quarter of 2022 to 40.3%. Net inflows were negative at -€1.3 billion this quarter; the positive net inflows from unit-linked contracts (+€0.4 billion) were unable to offset the net outflows of the euro funds (-€1.7 billion).

Assets (savings, retirement and death and disability) stood at €324.3 billion, up year-on-year by +€6.2 billion, i.e. +2.0%. Unit-linked contracts stood at 27.6% of assets, up +2.8 percentage points year on year, buoyed by the successful marketing of unit-linked bond products and favourable financial markets.

Property and casualty insurance activity was dynamic, with premium income of €1.1 billion in the third quarter of 2023, up +8.9% compared to third quarter 2022. At the end of September 2023, the portfolio of property and casualty policies totalled nearly 15.8 million⁴³, a +3.6% increase over one year. The equipment of individual customers in the banking networks of Crédit Agricole Group increased compared to end September 2022 for all networks: 43.1%, or +0.5 percentage point for Regional Banks, 27.6%, or +0.5 percentage point for LCL, and 18.3% for CA Italy including Creval's customer base, or +2.2 percentage points. The combined ratio stood at 95.2%⁴⁴, an improvement of 5.0 percentage points year-on-year, as the third quarter of 2022 had been heavily impacted by weather-related claims.

In **Death & Disability/Creditor/Group insurance**, premium income for the third quarter of 2023 stood at €1.3 billion, up +10.9% from the third quarter of 2022, thanks to the strong growth of premium income in death & disability (up +21.8%) and group insurance. The premium income of creditor insurance was up by +7.5% between the third quarter of 2023 and third quarter 2022, driven by international single premiums (Italy in particular) and the rise in Regional Banks/LCL backing rates.

⁴³ Scope: Property & Casualty in France and abroad

⁴⁴ Combined ratio of P&C (Pacifica) including discounting and excluding reverse discounting: (claims + operating expenses + fee and commission income)/premiums, net of reinsurance; Combined ratio excluding the effects of discounting and reverse discounting: 98.1%



The third quarter was marked by a context of risk aversion, with weak flows on the asset management market in Europe⁴⁵. Against this backdrop, **Asset Management (Amundi)** posted strong net inflows, in particular for treasury and bond products, passive management and Asia, in both the Retail and Institutional segments.

Assets under management reached €1,973 billion at 30 September 2023, up +0.6% compared to 30 June 2023. Year-on-year, outstandings rose by +4.1% compared to 30 September 2022.

By customer segment, **Retail** recorded positive inflows of +€2.0 billion, marked as in previous quarters by a high level of risk aversion. These reflect high inflows in treasury products(+€2.7 billion) and, conversely, limited outflows in MLT assets⁴⁶ (-€0.7 billion), and break down as follows by type of customer:

- **Third-party distributors** (+€2.1 billion) recorded strong activity in ETFs/index funds as well as treasury products;
- Partner networks excluding Amundi BOC WM (+€0.3 billion) continue to capitalise on the success of the structured products and Buy & Watch bond funds, and recorded a renewed interest in treasury products;
- in China, Amundi BOC WM recorded net outflows (-€0.5 billion), as the confirmed ramp-up of the new fund offer was unable to offset the maturing term funds this quarter.

The Institutional segment recorded strong inflows, at +€9.3 billion, especially in MLT assets⁴⁶(+€8.5 billion), including two large, low-margin mandates with institutional investors, one in equity index solutions and another one in bond solutions. On the other hand, CA & SG Insurers continued their redemptions (-€3.1billion), linked, as in previous quarters, to the withdrawals of traditional life insurance policies by their clients. Profit-taking in the Employee & Retirement Savings business (net outflows of -€0.9 billion) was also noteworthy, as employees of issuers whose shares had risen significantly in previous months sold their employee share ownership funds.

Lastly, the **JVs**⁴⁷ recorded inflows of +€2.4 billion, thanks to the continued development of the Indian JV, SBI MF (+€2.0bn, of which +€3.4bn in MLT assets⁴⁶) and the stabilisation of the Chinese JV ABC-CA (at breakeven overall, but with inflows of +€0.3bn excluding the planned run-off of assets for the Channel Business activity, which is being phased out and low margin); the other JVs also posted positive net inflows (+€0.4bn).

In Wealth management⁴⁸, total assets under management (CA Indosuez Wealth Management and LCL Private Banking) amounted to €194.5 billion at the end of September 2023 (including €133.0 billion for Indosuez Wealth Management), and were stable compared to the end of June 2023, as the positive net inflows were offset by a negative market effect.

Results of the Asset Gathering division

The 2023 data for the Insurance business line, and therefore the data for the Asset management and Savings business line, are compared with 2022 pro forma IFRS 17 data.

In the third quarter of 2023, Asset Gathering division generated revenues of €1,656 million, up +10.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022, with a very high level of revenues across all of the division's business lines, in Insurance, Asset Management and Wealth Management. Costs excluding SRF were stable at +0.8%. Thus, the cost/income ratio excluding SRF stood at 43.4%, down -4.1 percentage points compared to the third quarter of 2022. Gross operating income stood at €937 million, up +18.8% compared to the third quarter of 2022. Taxes totalled -€221 million, up +4.5%. **Net income Group share** of Asset Gathering division stood at €621 million, up +2.3% compared to third quarter 2022 (+22.8% excluding the gain on the disposal of La Médicale booked in the third quarter of 2022 for +€101 million). Net income Group share increased between the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, across all of the division's business lines: asset management (+5.2%), insurance (+0.6% at constant scope and +34.0% excluding the gain on the disposal of La Médicale booked in the third quarter of 2022) and wealth management (+10.3%).

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⁴⁵ Sources: MorningstarFundFile, ETFGI. European & cross-border open-ended funds (excluding mandates and dedicated funds). Data at end September 2023.

⁴⁶ Medium/Long-Term assets

⁴⁷ Net inflows include assets under advisory, assets sold and funds of funds, and take into account 100% of the Asian JVs' net inflows; for Wafa Gestion in Morocco, net inflows reflect Amundi's share in the JV's capital.

⁴⁸ LCL Private Banking and Indosuez Wealth Management



Over the first nine months of 2023, Asset Gathering division generated revenues of €5,133 million, up +20.9% compared to the first nine months of 2022, with a positive contribution driven by all business lines. Costs excluding SRF were stable (+0.5%). As a result, the cost/income ratio excluding SRF stood at 41.8%, down -8.5 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2022. Gross operating income stood at €2,979 million, an increase of +41.9% compared to the first nine months of 2022. Taxes totalled -€699 million, up +30.1%. The **net income Group share** of the Asset Gathering division stood at €1,996 million, up by +39.8% compared to first nine months 2022, for all the division's business lines: asset management (+10.3%), insurance (+57.7%) and wealth management (+43.0%).

Over the first nine months of 2023, the Asset Gathering division contributed by 38% to the underlying net income Group share of the Crédit Agricole S.A. core businesses (excluding Corporate Centre division) and 27% to underlying revenues excluding the Corporate Centre division.

As at 30 September 2023, equity allocated to the division amounted to €12.9 billion, including €11.1 billion for Insurance, €1.3 billion for Asset management, and €0.5 billion for Wealth management. The division's risk weighted assets amounted to €50.7 billion, including €31.8 billion for Insurance, €13.2 billion for Asset management and €5.8 billion for Wealth management.

The underlying RoNE (return on normalised equity) stood at 24.2% at 30 September 2023.

Insurance results

In third quarter 2023, insurance **revenues** amounted to €643 million, up +19.4% from third quarter 2022 proforma IFRS 17.

This quarter's revenues were made up in particular of savings/retirement (€398 million)⁴⁹, personal protection (€136 million)⁵⁰ and property and casualty insurance (€72 million)⁵¹.

Gross operating income came to €562 million and tax to -€131 million. As a result, the **net income Group** share was €411 million, up +0.6% compared to the third quarter of 2022. Excluding the gain on La Médicale of +€101 million recorded in third quarter 2022, **net income Group share** was up +34%.

The contractual service margin (CSM) was €23.2 billion at 30 September 2023, up +6.5% compared to 31 December 2022; the CSM was down slightly this quarter in relation to the rise in interest rates and slowdown in production in savings/retirement.

Revenues from insurance in the **first nine months of 2023** amounted to €2,022 million, up +56.9% compared with the first nine months of 2022, and up +17.5% under the IFRS 17⁵² run rate, mainly due to a base effect in 2022 (investment management decisions implemented at the end of 2022, i.e. segregation of equity and desensitisation of the portfolio, were not taken into account in the IFRS 17 pro-forma), a decline in the markets in 2022, and a high level of weather-related claims in the second quarter of 2022. Gross operating income was up +68.5% compared to the first nine months of 2022. Finally, the tax charge for the first nine months of 2023 rose by +42.0%. In all, net income Group share reached €1,318 million, up by +57.7% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

Insurance contributed by 25% to the underlying net income Group share of the Crédit Agricole S.A. core businesses (excluding the Corporate Centre division) at end September 2023 and by 11% to their underlying revenues.

⁵¹ Net of cost of reinsurance, excluding financial results

⁴⁹ Amount of allocation of CSM and RA, including funeral guarantees

⁵⁰ Amount of allocation of CSM and RA

⁵² IFRS 17 run rate: i.e. after restatement of the 2022 base effect, which did not take into account the investment management decisions implemented at the end of 2022 (segregation of equity and desensitisation of the portfolio).



Asset management results

In the third quarter of 2023, revenues totalled €760 million, up +3.0% compared with the third quarter of 2022, thanks to the good resilience of fee and commission income and the return to positive financial results, despite a low level of performance fees. Operating expenses excl. SRF were particularly well under control at -€433 million, stable compared to the third quarter of 2022. As a result, the cost/income ratio excluding SRF was 57.0%. Gross operating income increased by +7.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022. The contribution from equity-accounted entities, comprising the contribution from the Amundi joint ventures, stood at €24 million, up +2.0% from the third quarter of 2022, while the tax charge amounted to -€80 million, up +7.5%. Lastly, net income Group share increased by +5.2% to €178 million.

Over the first nine months of 2023, revenues increased by +2.2% in asset management, driven, like for the quarter, by net financial and other income (€49 million vs. -€40 million over the first nine months of 2022) and the revenues of Amundi Technology (+€25.8% at €42 million); net management fees were down slightly but not as much as average assets under management excluding JVs, at -1.3% vs. -1.9%, reflecting resilient margins thanks to a favourable client mix; performance fees dropped more significantly, however, by -17.2% (€89 million vs. €108 million), reflecting the cautious investment policy for risky assets.

Operating expenses excluding SRF rose by +1.6%, excluding the impact of Lyxor integration costs recorded in the first nine months of 2022 (-€59 million before tax). **The cost/income ratio excluding SRF** stood at 55.8%, down -2.9 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2022. As a result, **gross operating income** was up +9.6% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The net income of equity-accounted entities increased by +13.9%. All in all, net income Group share stood at €566 million, an increase of +10.3%.

Asset management contributed 11% to the underlying net income Group share of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses. (excluding the Corporate Centre division) at end September 2023 and by 12% to their underlying revenues.

Wealth management results⁵³

Revenues from wealth management amounted to €253 million in the third quarter of 2023, up +12.1% from the third quarter of 2022, boosted by the rise in interest rates, which had a positive impact on the interest margin, which increased by +33% between the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022. Costs excluding SRF amounted to €204 million, up +7.1%, primarily impacted by the rise in employee expenses. The cost/income ratio fell by -3.8 percentage points over three months to 80.5%. Gross operating income, excluding SRF, rose +38.9% to €49 million. Net income Group share amounted to €32 million, up +10.3% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Over the first nine months of 2023, wealth management's revenues rose sharply by +15.5% compared the first nine months of 2022, to reach €776 million. Costs excluding SRF were up +7.1%. Gross operating income was therefore up +63.2% at €165 million. Thus, net income Group share increased by +43.0% to €112 million for the first nine months of 2023.

Wealth management contributed 2% of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s business lines underlying net income Group share. (excluding the Corporate Centre division) at end September 2023 and by 4% to their underlying revenues.

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⁵³ Indosuez Wealth Management scope



Activity of the Large Customers division

Corporate and Investment banking (CIB) confirmed its momentum in third quarter 2023, while for **asset servicing**, the quarter was marked by the consolidation of RBC IS Europe.

Underlying revenues⁵⁴ from Corporate and Investment banking (CIB) were up +9.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022 to stand at €1,415 million. This increase was driven by Capital Markets and Investment Banking, with underlying revenues of €660 million, up +26.8% compared with the third quarter of 2022, thanks to the very good results for FICC (+25.6% over the period) boosted in particular by an excellent performance for structured products and securitisation, against a backdrop of rising interest rates. In investment banking, the third quarter was marked by a lacklustre M&A market offset by a good structured equities activity. Underlying revenues from Financing activities were down -2.7% compared to the third quarter of 2022 to stand at €755 million. The good performance of structured finance (+2.4% compared with third quarter 2022), notably for project and infrastructure financing, did not offset the decline of commercial banking (-5.3% vs. third quarter 2022) in the Corporate & Leverage Finance activity, and despite the strong International Trade & Transaction Banking activity buoyed by cash management.

The Corporate and Investment Bank posted **leading positions** in syndicated loans (No. 1 in France⁵⁵ and No. 2 in EMEA⁵⁵) and for bond issues (No. 2 for *All bonds in EUR Worldwide*⁵⁵ and No. 2 for *Green, Social & Sustainable bonds in EUR*⁵⁶). Average regulatory **VaR** stood at €15.6 million in the third quarter of 2023, a decrease from the €17.9 million recorded in the second quarter of 2023, reflecting changes in positions and the financial markets. It remained at a level that reflected **prudent risk management**.

In **Asset servicing (CACEIS)**, the quarter was marked by the consolidation of RBC Investor Services Europe following the finalisation of the acquisition of the activities on 3 July 2023. Uptevia, the 50/50 joint venture combining the issuer services business lines⁵⁷ of CACEIS and BNP Paribas, has been accounted for using the equity method since the first guarter of 2023.

In the third quarter 2023 **assets under custody and assets under administration** rose by +5.7% and +42.7%, respectively, compared with the second quarter of 2023, thanks to the consolidation of ISB's assets⁵⁸ and the commercial momentum, despite a negative market effect in the quarter. **Assets under custody** were up +13.6% at end September 2023 compared to end September 2022, reaching €4,515 billion. **Assets under administration** were up +54.3% year-on-year, to €3,251 billion at end September 2023. In addition, **settlement/delivery volumes** rose by +34% (excluding ISB) in the third quarter of 2023 compared with the third quarter of 2022.

Results of the Large Customers division

In the third quarter of 2023, the revenues of the Large Customers division reached €1,888 million, up sharply by +17.4% compared to the third quarter of 2022, thanks to the effect of the consolidation of ISB^{58,59} in Asset servicing and a very good performance of Corporate and Investment banking driven by capital markets and investment banking. Operating expenses excluding SRF were +16.5% higher than in the third quarter of 2022, with the impact of the consolidation of ISB^{58,59}, as well as employee expenses and IT investments supporting the development of the business lines. As a result, the division's gross operating income was up sharply on the third quarter of 2022, at €748 million. The division recorded an overall net addition to the cost of risk provision of -€13 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to an addition of -€34 million in the third quarter of 2022, and including a +€2 million reversal of provisions related to the war in Ukraine of which +€88 million in reversals on performing loans. Pre-tax income totalled €739 million, up significantly by +22.8% over the period. The tax

⁵⁴ CIB's specific items this quarter had an impact of €+0.6 million on financing activities and comprised the DVA (the issuer spread portion of the FVA, and secured lending) amounting to +€2.1 million, and loan book hedging totalling -€1.5 million.

⁵⁵ Refinitiv

⁵⁶ Bloomberg

⁵⁷ Operational register keeping, organisation of general meetings and other services to issuers in France

⁵⁸ RBC Investor Services in Europe became CACEIS Investor Services Bank ("ISB") and has been consolidated since Q3-2023, excluding the Jersey and UK entities, for which the closings are expected in the coming quarters

⁵⁹ Impacts of the consolidation of ISB on Q3-2023: revenues +€103.5m, expenses -€105.7m and net income Group share -€1.1m



charge was -€203 million. Lastly, **net income Group share** reached €488 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared with income of €412 million in the third quarter of 2022.

In the **first nine months of 2023**, the **revenues** of the Large Customers division amounted to €5,844 million, or +10.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022. **Operating expenses excluding SRF** rose +13.5% compared to first nine months 2022 to €3,298 million, largely related to employee expenses and IT investments as well as the impact of the consolidation of ISB^{58,59}. **SRF expenses** were down sharply by -29.4% compared to the first nine months of 2022. **Gross operating income** for the first nine months of 2023 totalled €2,234 million, representing an increase of +14.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The **cost of risk** ended first nine months 2023 with a net provision of -€81 million compared to a net provision of -€236 million at first nine months 2022, which included the impact of the Russia-Ukraine war and its consequences in terms of provisioning on performing loans in the first quarter of 2022. The business line's contribution to **net income Group share** was €1,486 million, a strong increase of +22.7% compared to the first nine months of 2022.

The division contributed 29% to the **underlying net income Group share** of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses (excluding the Corporate Centre division) at end September 2023 and 31% to **underlying revenues** excluding the Corporate Centre.

At 30 September 2023, the **equity allocated** to the division was €13.2 billion, while its **risk weighted assets** were €138.8 billion.

Underlying RoNE (return on normalised equity) stood at 15.1% at end September 2023.

Corporate and Investment banking results

In third quarter 2023, Corporate and Investment banking revenues stood at €1,415 million, up +9.2% from third quarter 2022, growth driven by Capital Markets and Investment Banking. Operating expenses excluding SRF rose by +5.6% to -€806 million, mainly related to human resources and IT investments to support the business lines, and the adjustment of variable compensation in line with the performance of the activity. Gross operating income was up strongly by +14.5% compared to the third quarter of 2022 and reached €609 million. The cost/income ratio excluding SRF was 57.0%, i.e. a favourable change of -2.0 percentage points over the period. The cost of risk recorded a moderate net addition of -€14 million compared to an addition of -€32 million in the third quarter of 2022. Lastly, pre-tax income in the third quarter of 2023 stood at €596 million, versus €501 million in the third quarter 2022. The tax charge was -€181 million. All in all, net income Group share was €405 million in third quarter 2023, a sharp increase of +13.0% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

In the first nine months of 2023, revenues rose +6.3% compared the first nine months of 2022, to €4,641 million, the highest nine-month level ever. Expenses excluding SRF rose +11.3%, mainly due to staff costs and the continuing adjustment of variable compensation to activity, and IT costs to support the development of the business lines. The contribution to the SRF fell significantly by -29.5% to -€271 million in the first nine months of 2023. Thus, gross operating income at €1,874 million was up sharply (+7.9% compared to the first nine months of 2022). The cost of risk recorded a provision of -€80 million at first nine months 2023, compared with -€236 million at first nine months 2022, which included the conservative provisioning of Russian exposures (provision of -€346 million on performing loans in Russia in the first quarter of 2022). The tax charge came to -€479 million, a +25.3% increase in line with activity growth. All in all, net income Group share for first nine months 2023 stood at a record level of €1,284 million, an increase of +17.6% over the period.

Risk weighted assets at end September 2023 were down by -€2.1 billion compared to end December 2022, and rose by a moderate +€2.1 billion compared to end June 2023 at €128.1 billion. This moderate growth is explained by the amortisation of synthetic securitisations and by a negative foreign exchange impact.



Asset servicing results

In third quarter 2023, the revenues of asset servicing were up a strong +51.5% compared to third quarter 2022, rising to €472 million. This growth was mainly due to the impact of the consolidation of ISB^{60,61}; it was driven both by the net interest margin, which increased by +67.3% over the period, and fee and commission income, which increased by +41.4% over the period. Operating expenses excluding SRF increased by +55.8% to -€333 million. They also reflect the impact of the consolidation of ISB^{60,61} and include -€5 million in integration costs relative to the acquisition of ISB. As a result, gross operating income rose strongly (+42.2%) in the third quarter of 2023 to €139 million. The cost/income ratio excluding SRF thus came to 70.6% (69.5% excluding ISB integration costs), an unfavourable change of +0.9 percentage points compared to the third guarter of 2022. The guarter also recorded €5 million in income from equity-accounted entities. The latter figure now includes the contribution of Uptevia since the first quarter of 2023. **Net income** thus totalled €122 million, up +54.1% compared to the third guarter of 2022. Adjusted for the €38 million share of non-controlling interests, the business line's contribution to net income Group share totalled €83 million in the third quarter of 2023, up by +55.1% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Revenues for the first nine months of 2023 were up +28.4% compared with the first nine months of 2022, impacted by the consolidation of ISB60,61, the strong commercial momentum and net interest income, which rose by +91.1% over the period. Expenses excluding SRF were up +21.3%, and include -€14.5 million in integration costs relating to the acquisition of ISB^{60,61}, while **SRF costs** fell sharply by -28.3%. This resulted in a very strong +64.9% increase in gross operating income compared to the first nine months of 2022. **Net income** was thus up by +67.5%. The overall contribution of the business line to **net income Group share** in the first nine months of 2023 was €202 million, a +69.1% increase compared to the first nine months of 2022.

The full consolidation of ISB⁶⁰ is planned by the end of 2025 with customer migrations and the legal mergers of the entities scheduled for 2024. The additional net income⁶² expected in 2026 is more than €100m.

Specialised financial services activity

In the third quarter of 2023, commercial production at Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance (CACF) totalled €11.6 billion, a -2.1% decrease over the third quarter of 2022, reflecting greater selectivity of clients, while business remained strong in the Automotive channel⁶³ (+6.7%). Over a cumulative period, production was up by +7% at end September 2023 compared to end September 2022, of which +24% in the Automotive channel. At end September 2023, CACF's total outstandings stood at €111 billion, i.e., +12.3% compared to end September 2022. Outstandings at the automotive entities amounted to €43.5 billion, of which €26.8 billion at Crédit Agricole Auto Bank, following the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities and the execution of the agreement with Stellantis with effect from the beginning of April 2023. Leasys, the 50/50 joint venture with Stellantis, contributed €6.8 billion in outstandings at 100%.

As a reminder, key developments for the Consumer finance activity include the implementation of the agreement between CACF and Stellantis, which took effect at the start of April 2023 and finalised the creation of the Leasys 50/50 joint venture with Stellantis, and the acquisition of 100% of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and Drivalia (car renting and car sharing). In addition, since the beginning of August 2023, CACF has acquired the activities of ALD and LeasePlan in six European countries, representing a total fleet of more than 100,000 vehicles (of which 30,000 were taken over by Leasys and 70,000 by CA Auto Bank) and total outstandings of approximately €1.9 billion.

At the beginning of September 2023, CACF announced the development of a services offer dedicated to Mobility at the European level and that will be distributed under the CA Mobility Services brand. The catalogue of

⁶⁰ RBC Investor Services in Europe became CACEIS Investor Services Bank ("ISB") and has been consolidated since Q3-2023, excluding the Jersey and UK entities, for which the closings are expected in the coming quarters

⁶¹ Impacts of the consolidation of ISB on Q3-2023: revenues +€103.5m, expenses -€105.7m and net income Group share -€1.1m

⁶² Before non-controlling interests

⁶³ CA Auto Bank, automotive JVs and auto activities of other entities



Crédit Agricole Mobility Services will ultimately consist of seven services activities: guarantees, delivery, vehicle sharing, insurance, financing, electric vehicle charging and fleet management.

Crédit Agricole Leasing and Factoring (CAL&F)'s **commercial production in factoring** was very high in third quarter 2023, at x2.6 compared to third quarter 2022, with strong momentum in Germany and France. Factored turnover for the quarter rose by +2% to €28.9 billion, driven by France in particular. Lastly, the financed share also rose in the third quarter to 70.4% (+4.7 points vs the third quarter of 2022). Leasing outstandings rose for all businesses to €18.5 billion at end September 2023 (of which €14.9 billion in France and €3.6 billion abroad), for an increase of +8.9% compared to end September 2022.

Specialised Financial Services results

The **revenues** of Specialised Financial Services rose to €883 million in the third quarter of 2023, up +26.3% compared to the third quarter of 2022. The full consolidation of CA Auto Bank, including the impact of ALD/LeasePlan over this guarter, contributed €202 million to revenues. Expenses excluding SRF came to -€424 million, i.e. an increase of +18.4%. The full consolidation of CA Auto Bank including the impact of ALD/LeasePlan contributed -€73 million to expenses this quarter. As a result, gross operating income increased by +34.6% to €460 million. The underlying cost/income ratio excluding SRF also showed an improvement at 48% (-3.2 percentage points). The stated cost of risk was up by +48.1% compared to the third quarter of 2022 at -€224 million. The full consolidation of CA Auto Bank including the impact of ALD/LeasePlan contributed -€28 million to cost of risk this quarter. The net income from equity-accounted entities fell by -93.8% to €5 million. This includes the formation of the Leasys 50/50 joint venture which was launched last quarter (formerly FCA Bank accounted for as a 50/50 JV). Excluding -€26 million in one-off items relating to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴, net income from equity-accounted entities came to €32 million, with the creation of Leasys contributing €17 million this quarter. **Net income from other assets** was €57 million, and only includes items relating to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴. **Net income** Group share amounted to €204 million, stable over the period. Excluding one-off items⁶⁴ in the third guarter of 2023, it came to €185 million, down -9.7% compared to third guarter 2022.

Over the first nine months of 2023, the revenues of Specialised Financial Services increased +31.2% to €2,717 million, driven by a good performance by CAL&F (+9.1% compared to the first nine months of 2022) and a rise in revenues for CACF (+37.7% compared to the first nine months of 2022) in line with the full consolidation of CA Auto Bank since the second guarter of 2023, as well as the acquisition of the activities of ALD/LeasePlan in the third quarter of 2023. The various items in the income statement for first nine months of 2023 are impacted by the line-by-line consolidation of CA Auto Bank starting in the second quarter of 2023. The specific items for first nine months 2023 were concentrated in the second and third quarters of 2023 and are thus the same as those mentioned above, relating exclusively to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴. The division's underlying revenues excluding these items came to €2,417 million, an increase of +16.7% over the period. Underlying costs excluding SRF increased by +11.2% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The cost/income ratio excluding SRF remained low at 52.3%, an improvement of -2.5 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2022. The SRF contribution came to -€29 million for first nine months 2023, down -15.7% compared to the first nine months of 2022. The cost of risk increased by +55.2% in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. The contribution from equity-accounted entities fell by -46.5% compared to the first nine months of 2022. Net income Group share thus came to €476 million, down by -16.3% compared to the first nine months of 2022, mainly related to the increased cost of risk over the period.

The business line contributed 9% to the **underlying net income Group share** of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses (excluding Corporate Centre division) in the first nine months of 2023 and 13% to **underlying revenues** excluding Corporate Centre division.

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⁶⁴ The reorganisation of the Mobility activities of the CA Consumer Finance Group had a non-recurring impact in the second quarter (+€140 million in net income Group share) and third quarter (+€19 million in net income Group share) of 2023 on all intermediate operating totals due to the transfer of business assets, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the full consolidation of CA Auto Bank (formerly FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the automotive financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions).



At 30 September 2023, the **equity allocated** to the division was €6.5 billion and its **risk weighted assets** were €68,1 billion.

Underlying RoNE (return on normalised equity) stood at 9.8% at 30 September 2023.

Consumer finance results

The business line's results for the third quarter of 2023 were in line with second quarter 2023, favourably impacted by the execution of the agreement between CACF and Stellantis and the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴, in effect since 3 April 2023. **Revenues** totalled €707 million, up +30.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022, with the impact of the consolidation of CA Auto Bank⁶⁵, a margin still penalised by refinancing costs and the usuary rate, but which is recovering during the quarter (customers production rates up +31 bps in the third quarter of 2023 compared with the second quarter 2023). In addition and excluding the one-off effects of the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activity⁶⁴, revenues were up +3.6% compared to the second quarter 2023, notably given the acquisition of the ALD/LeasePlan activities since August. Expenses excluding SRF stood at €330 million. They were up +22.9% compared to the third quarter of 2022, mainly reflecting the consolidation of CA Auto Bank⁶⁶. As a result, gross operating income rose by +37.7% to €377 million, while the cost/income ratio excluding SRF stood at 46.6%, an improvement of 2.8 percentage points over the third quarter of 2022. The cost of risk was -€206 million in the third quarter of 2023. The +45.9% increase is notably explained by the integration of the Mobility activities⁶⁷ on the one hand, and by the traditional segments in relation to the inflationary environment on the other. The annualised cost of credit risk on outstandings stands at 124 bps⁶⁸. The Non Performing Loans ratio and the coverage ratio were respectively 4.0% (versus 3.8% at end June 2023) and 82.4% (versus 83.4% at end June), mainly due to the consolidation of CA Auto Bank. The net income from equity-accounted entities fell by -93.8% to €5 million. It includes the formation of the Leasys 50/50 JV since last quarter but no longer includes FCA Bank, accounted for as a 50/50 JV up to the first quarter of 2023. Excluding -€26 million in one-off items relating to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities over the quarter, the net income from equity-accounted entities came to €32 million, with the creation of Leasys contributing €17 million this quarter. Net income from other assets was €57 million, and only includes items relating to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴. The tax charge was €67 million. Excluding one-off items, the tax charge amounted to -€51 million in the third guarter of 2023, an increase of +57.3%. Finally, net income Group share totalled €149 million (-3.6%). Excluding one-off items relating to the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities⁶⁴, it was €130 million in the third quarter of 2023, down -15.9%.

In the first nine months of 2023, the specific items affecting consumer finance were concentrated mainly in the second quarter, and to a lesser extent in the third quarter, with the reorganisation of CACF's Mobility activities. The impacts are identical to those mentioned above and concern the reorganisation of consumer finance Mobility activities. Stated **revenues** amounted to €2,199 million (+37.7%). Adjusted for specific items, revenues totalled €1,899 million, an increase of +18.9% compared with the first nine months of 2022. Stated **costs** excluding SRF amounted to €942 million (+15.3%). Adjusted for specific items, costs were up +13% compared with the first nine months of 2022. The contribution to the SRF was -€13 million (-17.7% compared with the first nine months of 2022). The **cost/income ratio** excluding specific items and SRF fell to 48.6%, remaining at a low level. This resulted in a +26% increase in underlying gross operating income compared with the first nine months of 2022. The stated **cost of risk** totalled -€638 million (+78.1%). Adjusted for specific items, the cost of risk increased by 54.5% to -€553 million compared with the first nine months of 2022. The stated contribution of **equity-accounted entities** was €93 million, down by -61.4%. Adjusted for specific items, it fell by -45.3% to €131 million. Stated **income on other assets** amounted to €80 million. This line is mainly composed of specific items. Excluding these items, underlying net income on other assets stood at -€8 million. Finally, **net income Group share for**

⁶⁵ Contribution of €202 million over the quarter to revenues

⁶⁶ Contribution of -€73 million over the quarter to expenses

⁶⁷ Contribution of -€28 million over the quarter to cost of risk

⁶⁸ Annualised cost of risk as a share of outstandings (in basis points) calculated on the basis of the cost of risk for the quarter multiplied by 4 divided by the outstandings at the beginning of the quarter



the first nine months of 2023 totalled €507 million (+14.3%). Adjusted for specific items, it came to €349 million, a decrease of -21.5%.

Leasing & Factoring results

Revenues totalled €177 million, up +12.8% compared with the third quarter 2022, mainly driven by factoring volumes and prices. Of note, leasing revenues continued to stabilise over the quarter. Expenses excluding SRF rose by +€4 million (+5.5%), primarily outside France with an increase in payroll in Poland and a ramp-up of leasing and IT development in Germany. The **cost/income ratio excluding SRF** stood at 53.4%, an improvement of -3.7 percentage points compared to the third quarter of 2022. As a result **gross operating income** totalled €82 million, up sharply (+22.5%) from the third quarter of 2022. **Cost of risk** increased to €18 million during the quarter, mainly in leasing, while **net income Group share** stood at €55 million, up by almost 10% on the third quarter 2022.

In the first nine months of 2023, revenues totalled €518 million, a +9.1% increase compared with the first nine months of 2022. Costs excluding SRF increased by +5.7% to €282 million. The SRF contribution came to -€15 million in 2023 (-15.0% compared with 2022). Gross operating income rose sharply to €221 million, a +16.2% increase compared with the first nine months of 2022. The underlying cost/income ratio excluding SRF amounted to 54.4%, an improvement of 1.8 percentage points compared with the first nine months of 2022. Cost of risk rose during the period (+63.8%). The business line's contribution to underlying net income Group share was €127 million, up +2.2% compared with the first nine months of 2022.



Crédit Agricole S.A. Retail Banking activity

In Crédit Agricole S.A.'s **Retail Banking** business, loan production reflected the market trend and continued to slow amid rising interest rates, particularly at LCL. However, customer capture remained buoyant, with a high number of customers taking out insurance policies.

Retail banking activity in France

For French Retail Banking, loan production at LCL continued to slow in the third quarter of 2023 and stood at €6.8 billion, down -39.5% compared with the third quarter of 2022, in line with the overall slowdown in the market linked to the tightening of monetary conditions and with a base effect linked to a great level of production in 2022. In the Small Businesses market, production was down -29.4% compared with the third quarter of 2022, -28.5% in the Corporates market and -51.1% in the Home Loans market, against a backdrop of a slowdown in the French market (-44.3% in home loan production according to the Banque de France, August 2023/August 2022), while lending rates for home loans continued to rise, with LCL recording an increase of +56 basis points between the second quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2023. The rate at signature was 4.41% (week of 09 to 13 October 2023). Outstanding loans totalled €168.0 billion at end September 2023, up +4.2% from end September 2022, of which +5.2% for home loans, +4.5% for loans to small businesses, +1.6% for corporate loans and +1.0% for consumer finance. Customer assets, which stood at €241.0 billion at end September 2023, were also up, by +4.6% compared with end September 2022, driven by on-balance sheet deposits (+5.6%) linked to growth in term deposits (2.4x compared with end September 2022, but up a moderate +9.4% compared with end June 2023) and passbook accounts (+12.8% compared with end September 2022, but up slightly at +2.1% compared with end June 2023), with off-balance sheet savings also up compared with end September 2022 (+2.9%).

In the third quarter 2023, gross customer capture stood at 81,600 new customers and net customer capture came in at 14,600 customers. The equipment rate for car, multi-risk home, health, legal, all mobile phones or personal accident insurance rose year-on-year by +0.5 percentage points compared to the third quarter of 2022 to stand at 27.6% at end September 2023.

Retail banking activity in Italy

The business of **CA Italy**, the **retail bank in Italy**, remained buoyant in the third quarter 2023, despite the decline in the Italian market. The main event during the quarter was the success of CA Italy's promotional offer on home loans⁶⁹. Gross customer capture for the third quarter 2023 reached 46,000 new customers, while the customer base grew by 15,000 customers⁷⁰. The equipment rate for property and casualty insurance⁷¹ continued to rise (+2.2 percentage points compared with the third quarter 2022) to stand at 18.3%.

In parallel, loan outstandings at CA Italy stood at €59.5⁷² billion at end September 2023, up +0.9% compared with end September 2022, contrasting with the downward trend in the Italian market⁷³. The increase in home loan outstandings was also particularly strong, up +3.6% compared with end September 2022. The growth was driven by dynamic production, which rose by +50% compared with the third quarter 2022. The average rate on outstanding loans continued to rise, up +34 basis points compared with the second quarter 2023.

Finally, customer savings stood at €113.2 billion at end September 2023, up +3.2% compared with end September 2022. On-balance sheet deposits improved by +6.8% compared with end September 2022. Their cost remains reasonable due to the size of individual deposits, despite competition from Italian sovereign debt. By contrast, off-balance sheet deposits were down -1.1% compared with end September 2022, mainly due to a market effect but also due to outflows, although these were weaker than in previous quarters.

⁶⁹ 2.99% fixed-rate home loan offer; marketing campaign carried out from April to May 2023

⁷⁰ Over nine months, gross customer capture stood at 130,000 customers in 2023 and net customer capture came in at 45,000 customers

⁷¹ Car, home, legal, all mobile phones, or personal accident insurance

⁷² Net of POCI outstandings

⁷³ Source: Abi Monthly Outlook, October 23: -4.1% Sept/Sept for all loans.



Crédit Agricole Group activity in Italy74

Underlying revenues of the Italian entities rose by 22% compared with the first nine months of 2022, mainly due to the strength of the net interest margin of CA Italy. Lastly, Italy's contribution to Crédit Agricole S.A.'s results in the first nine months of 2023 amounted to €895 million, an improvement of +30% compared with the first nine months of 2022.

International Retail Banking activity excluding Italy

The scope of this division at end September 2023 included Egypt, Poland and Ukraine. It also covered Crédit du Maroc⁷⁵ at end September 2022.

For International Retail Banking excluding Italy, commercial activity was brisk in Poland and Egypt.

The International Retail Banking business excluding Italy had **loan outstandings** of €7.0 billion at end September 2023, down -42.8% compared with end September 2022; the sharp drop was mainly due to the disposal of Crédit du Maroc. Adjusted for Crédit du Maroc outstandings, the decrease in outstandings amounted to -6.6% (+1.7% at constant exchange rates) compared with end September 2023. Customer savings accounted for €10.3 billion, they were down -31.4% as compared to end September 2023, but stable +0.4% (+18.5% at constant exchange rates) once restated for Crédit du Maroc outstandings.

At constant exchange rates, **in Poland and Egypt**, loan outstandings were up +5.4% compared with end September 2022. Customer savings rose +14.4% over the same period at constant exchange rates. In Poland, loan outstandings increased by +4.3% compared with September 2022, mainly driven by retail banking and dynamic loan production (+25% compared with the third quarter 2022). On-balance sheet deposits grew by +3.0%. In **Egypt**, loan outstandings rose by +10.7% at constant exchange rates compared with end September 2022, driven by a sharp increase in production. Strong growth was recorded in on-balance sheet deposits, up +50.3% at constant exchange rates compared with end September 2023.

The surplus of deposits for loans in Poland and Egypt amounted to €2.2 billion at 30 September 2023, and reached €3.7 billion when including the Ukraine scope⁷⁶.

As at 30 September 2023, the **Retail banking** business line contributed 23% to the net income Group share of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses (excluding Corporate Centre division) and 30% to underlying revenues excluding Corporate Centre.

As at 30 September 2023, the capital allocated to the division was €9.6 billion, including €5.0 billion for French retail banking and €4.6 billion for International retail banking. Risk weighted assets for the division totalled €100.3 billion, including €52.2 billion for French retail banking and €48.1 billion for International retail banking.

French retail banking results

In the third quarter of 2023, LCL's revenues were up +5.9% compared with the third quarter 2022, at €996 million⁷⁷. Excluding the reversal of the home purchase savings provision, revenues remained stable at +0.4% compared with the third quarter 2022, at €944 million. Net interest margin, excluding the reversal of the home purchase savings provision, was slightly up from the third quarter 2022 (+0.7%), but rose +6.5% on the previous quarter. This was due to higher lending yields following the steady rise in average rate of loans on the asset side, as well as macro-hedging gains, but continued to be penalised by the increase in customer funding and refinancing costs. This quarter, fee and commission income also remained stable (+0.2%) across all services. Expenses excluding SRF were kept under control at -€589 million, a slight increase of +3.0% compared with the third quarter 2022 due to higher staff costs (revaluation). The cost/income ratio excluding SRF fell by

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⁷⁴ At 30 September 2023, this scope corresponds to the aggregation of all Group entities present in Italy: CA Italy, CACF (Agos, Leasys, CA Auto Bank), CAA (CA Vita, CACI, CA Assicurazioni), Amundi, CACIB, CAIWM, CACEIS

⁷⁵ Disposal of control (63.7%) of Crédit du Maroc in the fourth quarter of 2022

⁷⁶ Excess liquidity in Ukraine deposited mainly with the Central Bank in Ukraine and bearing average interest of 19.2% on the third quarter 2023

⁷⁷ Including reversal of home purchase savings provision for €52m



1.7 percentage points to 59.1% and remains at a low level. Gross operating income rose by 10.5% to €407 million. **Cost of risk** continued to normalise, rising by +29.4% compared with the third quarter 2022 to €70 million (stable compared with the second quarter 2023). The cost of credit risk on outstandings⁷⁸ stood at 17 basis points. The coverage ratio stood at 62.0% at the end of June, down -0.8 percentage points this quarter compared to the end of June 2023. The Non-Performing Loans ratio reached 1.9% at end September 2023, relatively unchanged from end June 2023. Finally, **net income Group share** stood at €264 million, an increase of +16.4% compared with the third quarter 2022.

In the first nine months of 2023, LCL's revenues fell by -1.5% compared with the first nine months of 2022, to €2,891 million. This was due to the contraction in the net interest margin (-8.1%) against a backdrop of higher refinancing and funding costs, but with an increase in fee and commission income (+5.9%), particularly for life and property and casualty insurance and payment instruments. Expenses excluding SFR were stable (+0.1%) and the cost/income ratio excluding SFR remained under control (+1.0 percentage point) at 60.2%. As a result, gross operating income fell by -2.0% and the cost of risk rose by +29.2%. All in all, the business line's contribution to net income Group share stood at €673 million and was down -4.0%.

In the end, the business line contributed 12% to the **underlying net income Group share** of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses (excluding the Corporate Centre division) in the first nine months of 2023 and 15% to **underlying revenues** excluding the Corporate Centre.

LCL's underlying return on normalised equity (RoNE) stood at 15.9% on 30 September 2023.

International Retail Banking results⁷⁹

In the **third quarter of 2023**, **International Retail Banking** revenues totalled €1,024 million, up +27.3% (+32.1% at constant exchange rates) compared with the third quarter of 2022, driven mainly by the rise in the net interest margin against a backdrop of rising interest rates. **Operating expenses** remained under control despite the inflationary environment, coming in at -€504 million, or +3.7% compared with the third quarter 2022, +5.6% at constant exchange rates. As a result, **gross operating income** amounted to €520 million, an increase of +63.3% (+75% at constant exchange rates) compared to the third quarter of 2022. **Cost of risk** reached -€121 million, stable compared with the third quarter 2022. **Net income Group share** of International Retail Banking was €225 million, double the amount in the third quarter 2022 (x1.2 at constant exchange rates).

For the **first nine months of 2023**, **International Retail Banking revenues** rose by +23.8% to €2,975 million (+17.6% at constant exchange rates). **Costs excluding SRF** were under control at -€1,531 million, stable as compared to the first nine months of 2022 at current (+1.1%) and constant (+0.5%) exchange rates. These benefited from a base effect with Creval integration costs adjusted to underlying in 2022 for €30 million. **Gross operating income** totalled €1,444 million, up +62.1% (+43.5% at constant exchange rates). **Cost of risk** fell by -29.1% to -€362 million compared with the first nine months of 2022. This was mainly due to the conservative provisioning for Ukraine risk, which was adjusted to underlying income for the first quarter of 2022⁸⁰. All in all, **net income Group share** of **International Retail Banking** amounted to €600 million, compared with €123 million in the first nine months of 2022⁸⁰.

In the first nine months of 2023, the International Retail Banking business line contributed 12% to the underlying net income Group share of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s core businesses (excluding the Corporate Centre) and 15% to underlying revenues excluding the Corporate Centre.

⁷⁸ Over a rolling four quarter period

⁷⁹ At 30 September 2023 this scope includes the entities CA Italy, CA Polska, CA Egypt and CA Ukraine.

⁸⁰ Provisions of -€195 million for Ukraine risk, adjusted to underlying income for Q1-2022



Italian retail banking results

In the third quarter 2023, Crédit Agricole Italia revenues stood at €783 million, up +26.8% compared with the third quarter 2022. Higher interest rates continued to shore up net interest margin, which had a positive impact on the average rate of loans on the asset side (+34 basis points compared with the second quarter 2023). However, net interest margin for the third quarter 2023 was on a par with the second quarter 2023. **Operating expenses excluding SRF** rose +4.8% compared with the third quarter 2022 to -€394 million, driven by staff costs. Gross operating income increased significantly (+60.9%) compared with the third quarter 2022 to stand at €389 million. The **cost of risk** amounted to -€84 million in the third quarter, up +35.7% compared to the third quarter of 2022, including -€74 million for proven risk and -€7 million in provisioning for performing loans. Cost of risk on outstandings⁸¹ stood at 60 basis points⁸², up 3 basis points compared to the second quarter of 2023. The Non Performing Loans ratio was 3.6%, up slightly from the second quarter 2023 (+0.1 percentage point). The coverage ratio stands at 69.4% (+1.7 percentage point compared with the second quarter 2023). **Net income Group share** for CA Italy was €166 million, up +64.8% compared to the third quarter of 2022.

In the **first nine months of 2023**, **revenues** for **Crédit Agricole Italia** rose by +23.9% to €2,304 million. **Operating expenses excluding SRF** were under control at €1,163 million, stable compared with the first nine months of 2022, and up +4.2% once adjusted for the Creval integration costs of -€30 million recorded in 2022. **Gross operating income** stood at €1,101 million, an increase of +63.3% compared with the first nine months of 2022 (+56.3% after adjustment for the Creval integration costs in 2022). **Cost of risk** rose by +29.2% to -€234 million, mainly due to the increase in provisions for performing loans (+€46 million). As a result, **net income Group share** of CA Italy totalled €476 million, an increase of +68.4% compared with the first nine months of 2022.

CA Italy's underlying RoNE (return on normalised equity) was 21.6% at 30 September 2023.

International Retail Banking results – excluding Italy⁸³

In the **third quarter of 2023**, **revenues** for **International Retail Banking excluding Italy** totalled €241 million, up +29.3% (+53.3% at constant exchange rates) compared to the third quarter of 2022. The growth in revenues, particularly in Poland and Egypt (+33.9% compared with the third quarter 2022, +64.4% at constant exchange rates), was driven up by the net interest margin rising by 81% on this geographical scope (+45% at constant exchange rate). **Operating expenses** remained under control at €110 million, stable compared with the third quarter 2022 (up +8.6% at constant exchange rates). **Gross operating income** amounted to €131 million, an increase of +70.9% (x1.3 at constant exchange rates) compared with the third quarter 2022. **Cost of risk** stood at -€36 million, down -37.0%, the amount includes in the third quarter 2023 the provisioning of CHF loans in Poland. Furthermore, at end September 2023, the coverage ratio for loan outstandings remained very high in Poland and Egypt, at 129% and 160% respectively; in Ukraine, the local coverage ratio remains prudent. All in all, **International Retail Banking excluding Italy** contributed €59 million to net income Group share, x6.2 compared with the third quarter 2022.

In the **first nine months of 2023**, **revenues** for **International Retail Banking excluding Italy** totalled €671 million, up +23.4% (+48.0% at constant exchange rates) compared with the first nine months of 2022, driven by the increase in net interest margin. **Operating expenses excluding SRF** were stable at -€328 million, benefiting from a favourable foreign exchange impact (+0.2% compared with the first nine months of 2022, up +10.7% at constant exchange rates). **Gross operating income** amounted to €343 million, an increase of +58.4% (x1.2 at constant exchange rates) compared with the first nine months of 2022. **Cost of risk** stood at -€128 million, a decrease of -61.2% compared with the first nine months of 2022, which had been impacted by the provisioning of -€195 million for Ukraine, adjusted to underlying income for the first quarter of 2022. **Income from discontinued operations** fell by €21 million in the first nine months of 2022 to €7 million in the nine months of

82 Cost of risk on sutstandings at

⁸¹ Over a rolling four quarter period.

⁸² Cost of risk on outstandings stands at 56 basis points when referring to annualized quarterly basis

⁸³The Crédit du Maroc entity has been classified under IFRS 5 since the first quarter of 2022 and the disposal of the controlling interest (63.7%) took place in the fourth quarter of 2022. The remaining 15% is to be sold within 18 months..



2023, due to the transfer of control of Crédit du Maroc in the fourth quarter 2022. Finally, the contribution of International Retail Banking excluding Italy to **net income Group share** was €124 million (versus -€159 million in first nine months 2022, impacted by the provisioning for Ukraine).

The underlying RoNE (return on normalised equity) of International Retail Banking excluding Italy stood at 24.5% at 30 September 2023.

Corporate Centre results

The "internal margins" effect at the time of the consolidation of the insurance activities at the Crédit Agricole level was accounted through the Corporate Centre, contributing to a further reduction in the cost/income ratio of Crédit Agricole S.A. The quarterly impact of internal margins was -€211 million for revenues and +€211 million for expenses; the impact for the first nine months of 2023 was -€607 million for revenues and +€607 million for expenses.

The underlying net income Group share of the Corporate Centre was -€55 million in the third quarter 2023, up +€191 million on the third quarter 2022. The contribution of the Corporate Centre division can be analysed by distinguishing between the "structural" contribution (-€24 million) and other items (-€31 million).

The "structural" component contribution rose by +€275 million compared to the third quarter 2022 and can be broken down into three types of activities:

- The activities and functions of the Corporate Centre of the Crédit Agricole S.A. corporate entity. This contribution amounted to -€64 million in the third quarter 2023, up +€251 million, including a favourable impact of +€171 million due to the reversal of the home purchase savings provision.
- The **businesses that are not part of the business lines**, such as CACIF (Private equity), CA Immobilier and BforBank (equity-accounted). Their contribution was +€37 million in the third quarter 2023, up +€30 million, benefiting from the favourable impact of the revaluation of Banco BPM securities (+€34 million with a price of €4.535 at 30 September 2023, +6% compared with 30 June 2023).
- **Group support functions**. Their contribution amounted to +€4 million this quarter (-€5 million compared with the third quarter 2022).

The contribution of "other items" was down by -€85 million from the third quarter 2022, due to negative impacts related to inflation seasonality and OIS/BOR volatility this quarter.

Over the first nine months of 2023, underlying net income Group share of the Corporate Centre division was - €375 million, up €133 million compared to the first nine months of 2022. The structural component contributed - €480 million and other items of the division recorded a positive contribution of +€105 million over the first nine months of 2023.

The "structural" component contribution rose by +€236 million compared with the first nine months of 2022 and can be broken down into three types of activities:

- The activities and functions of the Corporate Centre of the Crédit Agricole S.A. corporate entity. This contribution amounted to -€681 million, an increase of +€91 million compared with the first nine months of 2022, taking into account the reversal of the home purchase savings provision of +€171 million.
- The businesses that are not part of the business lines, such as CACIF (Private equity) and CA Immobilier and BforBank: their contribution of +€188 million was +€149 million higher than in the first nine months of 2022.
- Group support functions: their contribution was +€12 million, down -€4 million compared with the contribution in the first nine months of 2022.

The contribution of "other items" stood at €105 million, down -€104 million compared with the first nine months of 2022.



At 30 September 2023, risk-weighted assets stood at €26.0 billion.

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Crédit Agricole S.A. - Amendement A04 of 2022 URD



Financial strength

Crédit Agricole Group

At 30 September 2023, the **phased-in Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) ratio** of Crédit Agricole Group was 17.5%, a decrease of 10 basis points compared with end June 2023. Consequently, Crédit Agricole Group had a substantial buffer of 8.2 percentage points between the level of its CET1 ratio and the SREP requirement of 9.3%, 84 which is the largest SREP gap among European G-SIBs 85. The fully loaded CET1 ratio is 17.3%.

During the third quarter 2023:

- The anticipation in the third quarter 2023 of the impact of the purchase of Crédit Agricole S.A. shares by SAS Rue La Boétie by 30 June 2024 reduced the CET1 ratio by -17 basis points.
- The CET1 ratio benefited from an impact of +31 basis points related to **retained earnings**, which exceeds the organic growth of the business lines,
- Changes in risk weighted assets related to **business line organic growth** impacted the Group's CET1 ratio by -22 basis points, which corresponds to an increase in the business lines' risk weighted assets (of which +€2.1 billion for the Regional Banks),

The phased-in **Tier 1 ratio** stood at 18.7% while the phased-in **total ratio** was 21.5% at end September 2023.

The **phased-in leverage ratio** stood at 5.6%, well above the regulatory requirement of 3.5%. In addition to the minimum requirement of 3% in effect since 1 January 2023, and only for global systemically important institutions (G-SII), a leverage ratio buffer will be added, defined as half of the G-SII buffer of the entity, which amounts to 0.5% for the Crédit Agricole Group.

Risk weighted assets for the Crédit Agricole Group amounted to €605.5 billion, up by +€9.6 billion compared to 30 June 2023. The organic growth of the business lines (including foreign exchange) contributed +€6.4 billion to this increase, of which +€2.1 billion of risk weighted assets at the Regional Banks. Mergers and acquisitions concern the integration of RBC IS in Europe for €1.8 billion and ALD LeasePlan for €1.6 billion, both partially offset by the inclusion of CA Auto Bank's synthetic securitisation for -€3.2 billion. Finally, methodology and regulatory effects, excluding the impact of the change in the regulatory treatment of insurance goodwill, had a positive effect of -€0.9 billion this quarter.

Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA and L-MDA) trigger thresholds

The transposition of Basel regulations into European law (CRD) introduced a restriction mechanism for distribution that applies to dividends, AT1 instruments and variable compensation. The Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA, the maximum sum a bank is allowed to allocate to distributions) principle aims to place limitations on distributions in the event the latter were to result in non-compliance with combined capital buffer requirements.

The distance to the MDA trigger is the lowest of the respective distances to the SREP requirements in CET1 capital, Tier 1 capital and total capital.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group posted a buffer of 768 basis points above the MDA trigger, i.e. €47 billion in CET1 capital.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. posted a safety buffer of 354 basis points above the MDA trigger, i.e. €14 billion in CET1 capital.

⁸⁴ At 30 September 2023, increase in the countercyclical buffer (to 43bps at 30/06/2023 from 40bps at 30/06/2023), raising the SREP requirement to 9.3%.

⁸⁵ Based on public data of the 12 European G-SIBs as at 30/09/2023 for CAG, Barclays, BNPP, Deutsche Bank, HSBC, ING, Santander, Standard Chartered, Société Générale, Unicredit, UBS and as at 30/06/2023, for BPCE. CASA data (30/06/2023). Distance to SREP or requirement in CET1 equivalent.



Failure to comply with the leverage ratio buffer requirement would result in a restriction of distributions and the calculation of a maximum distributable amount (L-MDA).

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group posted a buffer of 213 basis points above the L-MDA trigger, i.e. €43 billion in Tier 1 capital.

TLAC

The TLAC ratio requirement was transposed into European Union law *via* CRR2 and has been applicable since 27 June 2019. Crédit Agricole Group must comply with the following TLAC ratio requirements at all times:

- a TLAC ratio above 18% of risk weighted assets (RWA), plus in accordance with EU directive CRD 5 a combined capital buffer requirement (including, for the Crédit Agricole Group, a 2.5% capital conservation buffer, a 1% G-SIB buffer and the counter-cyclical buffer set at 0.43% for the CA Group at 30/09/23). Considering the combined capital buffer requirement, the Crédit Agricole Group must adhere to a TLAC ratio of above 21.9%;
- a TLAC ratio of above 6.75% of the Leverage Ratio Exposure (LRE).

The Crédit Agricole Group's 2025 target is to maintain a TLAC ratio greater than or equal to 26% of RWA excluding eligible senior preferred debt.

At 30 September 2023, **Crédit Agricole Group's TLAC ratio** stood at **27.1% of RWA and 8.2% of leverage ratio exposure, excluding eligible senior preferred debt,⁸⁶** which is well above the requirements. The TLAC ratio expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets was stable over the quarter, reflecting the increase in RWAs. This was offset by the increase in equity and eligible items over the period. Expressed as a percentage of leverage exposure (LRE), the TLAC ratio was up 10 basis points compared with June 2023.

The Group thus has a TLAC ratio excluding eligible senior preferred debt that is 520 bps, i.e. €31 billion, higher than the current requirement of 21.9% of RWA.

As of 3 October 2023, €5.2 billion equivalent was issued in the market (senior non-preferred and Tier 2 debt) on top of the €1.25 billion of AT1. At end September, the amount of Crédit Agricole Group senior non-preferred securities taken into account in the calculation of the TLAC ratio was €27.6 billion.

MREL

The required minimum levels are set by decisions of resolution authorities and then communicated to each institution, then revised periodically. Since 1 January 2022, Crédit Agricole Group has been requested to meet a minimum total MREL requirement of:

- 21.04% of RWA, plus in accordance with EU directive CRD 5 a combined capital buffer requirement (including, for the Crédit Agricole Group, a 2.5% capital conservation buffer, a 1% G-SIB buffer and the counter-cyclical buffer set at 0.43% for the CA Group at 30/09/23). Considering the combined capital buffer requirement, the Crédit Agricole Group must adhere to a total MREL ratio of above 25.0%;
- 6.02% of the LRE.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group had a MREL ratio of 32.2% of RWA and 9.7% of leverage exposure, well above the total MREL requirement.

An additional subordination requirement to TLAC ("subordinated MREL") is also determined by the resolution authorities and expressed as a percentage of RWA and LRE, in which senior debt instruments are excluded, similar to TLAC, which ratio is equivalent to the subordinated MREL for the Crédit Agricole Group. Since 1

⁸⁶ As part of its annual resolvability assessment, Crédit Agricole Group has chosen to waive the possibility offered by Article 72ter(3) of the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) to use senior preferred debt for compliance with its TLAC requirements in 2023.



January 2022, this subordinated MREL requirement for the Crédit Agricole Group did not exceed the TLAC requirement.

The distance to the maximum distributable amount trigger related to MREL requirements (M-MDA) is the lowest of the respective distances to the MREL, subordinated MREL and TLAC requirements expressed in RWA.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group had a buffer of 520 basis points above the M-MDA trigger, taking into account the TLAC requirement applicable at 30 September 2023, i.e. €31 billion of CET1 capital.



Crédit Agricole S.A.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A.'s solvency ratio was higher than the Medium-Term Plan target, with a phased-in **Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) ratio of 11.8%**, up 21 basis points from 30 June 2023. Crédit Agricole S.A. therefore had a substantial buffer of 3.6 percentage points between the level of its CET1 ratio and the 8.2% SREP requirement⁸⁷. The buffer is higher than the 3.4 percentage points at end June 2023, despite the slight increase in the countercyclical buffer during the quarter. The fully loaded CET1 ratio reached 11.7% in third quarter 2023:

- The CET1 ratio benefited this quarter from a positive impact of +20 basis points linked to **retained earnings**. This impact corresponds to net income Group share net of AT1 coupons and the distribution of 50% of income, i.e. a provision for dividends of €0.26 per share for the third quarter of 2023, and a provision for dividends of €0.76 per share for first nine months of 2023,
- The change in risk weighted assets due to **organic growth in the business lines** impacted the CET1 ratio by -15 basis points. This included an increase of +€4.9 billion in the risk weighted assets of the business lines, concentrated in the Large Customers division for +€2.1 billion (partly linked to an unfavourable EUR/USD foreign exchange impact), in the retail Banks division for +€1.5 billion (namely in France and Italy) and in insurance for €1.4 billion with the increase in the equity-accounted value⁸⁸ due to third-quarter retained earnings.
- Methodology and regulatory effects, which boosted the CET1 ratio by 16 basis points, mainly concern the
 change in the regulatory treatment of insurance goodwill under EBA FAQ, which allows the direct deduction
 of goodwill associated with indirect holdings. This change in method has an impact of +15 basis points.
- Finally, mergers and acquisitions reduced the CET1 ratio by -4 basis points, with the acquisition of RBC IS for -7 basis points and LeasePlan for -6 basis points. This was partially offset by the inclusion this quarter of CA Auto Bank's synthetic securitisation for +11 basis points.
- **OCI and other items** had an impact of +4 basis points on the CET1 ratio.

The phased-in **leverage ratio** was 4.0% at end September 2023, stable compared to end June 2023, above the 3% requirement.

The phased-in **Tier 1 ratio** stood at 13.7% and the phased-in total ratio at 17.9% this quarter.

Risk weighted assets for the Crédit Agricole S.A. amounted to €383.9 billion at end of September 2023, up by +€7.0 billion compared to 30 June 2023. The contribution of the business lines (including foreign exchange impact) amounted to +€4.0 billion. This included an increase in risk weighted assets in the Large Customers division of +€2.1 billion, mainly due to an unfavourable EUR/USD foreign exchange impact, and in the Asset Gathering division with retained earnings from insurance in the third quarter (+€0.4 billion incl. OCI). The mergers and acquisitions described above contributed +€0.2 billion to the growth of RWAs, the impact of the acquisition of RBC IS Europe and ALD/LeasePlan being offset by the CA Auto Bank securitisation.

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⁸⁷ At 30 September 2023, increase in the countercyclical buffer (buffer of 39 bps at 30/09/2023 vs 34 bps at 30/06/2023), raising the SREP requirement to 8.2%

⁸⁸ Change in equity-accounted value excluding OCI



Liquidity and Funding

Liquidity is measured at Crédit Agricole Group level.

In order to provide simple, relevant and auditable information on the Group's liquidity position, the banking cash balance sheet's stable resources surplus is calculated quarterly.

The banking cash balance sheet is derived from Crédit Agricole Group's IFRS financial statements. It is based on the definition of a mapping table between the Group's IFRS financial statements and the sections of the cash balance sheet and whose definition is commonly accepted in the marketplace. It relates to the banking scope, with insurance activities being managed in accordance with their own specific regulatory constraints.

Further to the breakdown of the IFRS financial statements in the sections of the cash balance sheet, netting calculations are carried out. They relate to certain assets and liabilities that have a symmetrical impact in terms of liquidity risk. Deferred taxes, fair value impacts, collective impairments, short-selling transactions and other assets and liabilities were netted for a total of €36 billion at end September 2023. Similarly, €140 billion in repos/reverse repos were eliminated insofar as these outstandings reflect the activity of the securities desk carrying out securities borrowing and lending operations that offset each other. Other nettings calculated in order to build the cash balance sheet – for an amount totalling €202 billion at end September 2023 – relate to derivatives, margin calls, adjustment/settlement/liaison accounts and to non-liquid securities held by Corporate and Investment banking (CIB) and are included in the "Customer-related trading assets" section.

Note that deposits centralised with Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations are not netted in order to build the cash balance sheet; the amount of centralised deposits (€93 billion at end September 2023) is booked to assets under "Customer-related trading assets" and to liabilities under "Customer-related funds".

In a final stage, other restatements reassign outstandings that accounting standards allocate to one section, when they are economically related to another. As such, Senior issuances placed through the banking networks as well as financing by the European Investment Bank, the *Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations* and other refinancing transactions of the same type backed by customer loans, which accounting standards would classify as "Medium long-term market funds", are reclassified as "Customer-related funds".

Note that for Central Bank refinancing transactions, outstandings related to the T-LTRO (Targeted Longer-Term Refinancing Operations) are included in "Long-term market funds". In fact, T-LTRO 3 transactions are similar to long-term secured refinancing transactions, identical from a liquidity risk standpoint to a secured issue.

Medium to long-term repurchase agreements are also included in "Long-term market funds".

Finally, the CIB's counterparties that are banks with which we have a commercial relationship are considered as customers in the construction of the cash balance sheet.

Standing at €1,658 billion at 30 September 2023, the Group's banking cash balance sheet shows a **surplus of stable funding resources over stable application of funds of €178 billion**, up €6 billion compared with end June 2023 after repayment of TLTROs in September (€8 billion).

Total TLTRO 3 outstandings for Crédit Agricole Group amounted to €37.6 billion⁸⁹ at 30 September 2023, down €8 billion⁹⁰, which were repaid during the quarter. It should be noted, with regard to the position in stable resources, that internal management excludes the temporary surplus of stable resources provided by the increase in T-LTRO 3 outstandings in order to secure the Medium-Term Plan's target of €110 billion to €130 billion, regardless of the repayment strategy.

Furthermore, given the excess liquidity, the Group remained in a short-term lending position at 30 September 2023 (central bank deposits exceeding the amount of short-term net debt).

⁸⁹ Including CA Auto Bank

⁹⁰ Including CA Auto Bank

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Medium-to-long-term market resources were €262 billion at 30 September 2023, up +€2 billion compared to end-June 2023. The increase in stable inflows and the execution of the refinancing plan offset the repayment of T-LTRO 3 in September 2023.

They included senior secured debt of €106 billion, senior preferred debt of €104 billion, senior non-preferred debt of €30 billion and Tier 2 securities amounting to €22 billion.

The Group's liquidity reserves, at market value and after haircuts, amounted to €419 billion at 30 September 2023, up €15 billion compared with 30 June 2023 pro forma.

They covered short-term net debt more than two times over (excluding the replacements with Central Banks).

This increase in liquidity reserves is mainly explained by the increase in customer inflows and the implementation of the Medium-Long Term Financing Plan.

Crédit Agricole Group also continued its efforts to maintain immediately available reserves (after recourse to ECB financing). Central bank eligible non-HQLA assets after haircuts amounted to €126 billion.

Credit institutions are subject to a threshold for the LCR ratio, set at 100% on 1 January 2018.

At 30 September 2023, average year-on-year LCR ratios were 150.8% for Crédit Agricole Group and 145.2% for Crédit Agricole S.A., respectively. The end of month LCR ratios were 143.3% for Crédit Agricole Group (representing a surplus of €86.9 billion) and 144% for Crédit Agricole S.A. (representing a surplus of €78.5 billion). They were higher than the Medium-Term Plan target (around 110%).

In addition, the NSFR of Crédit Agricole Group and Crédit Agricole S.A. exceeded 100%, in accordance with the regulatory requirement applicable since 28 June 2021 and above the Medium-Term Plan target (>100%).

The Group continues to follow a prudent policy as regards **medium-to-long-term refinancing**, with a very diversified access to markets in terms of investor base and products.

At 30 September 2023, the Group's main issuers raised the equivalent of €56.6 billion^{91,92} in medium-to-long-term debt on the markets, 44% of which was issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. In particular, the following amounts are noted for the Group:

- o Crédit Agricole CIB issued €14 billion in structured format;
- Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance issued €5.8 billion in the form of ABS securitisations and €1.9
 billion equivalent in MTN issues through Crédit Agricole Auto Bank (CAAB);
- Crédit Agricole Assurances issued a 10-year Tier 2 for €500 million and made an offer to buy back two perpetual subordinated issues (FR0012444750 & FR0012222297) for €500 million in October.

The Group's medium-to-long-term financing can be broken down into the following categories:

- €15.6 billion in secured financing;
- o €19.4 billion in plain-vanilla unsecured financing;
- o €14.5 billion in structured financing;
- €7.1 billion in long-term institutional deposits and CDs.

In addition, €16.9 billion was raised through off-market issuances, split as follows:

- o €3.3 billion from supranational organisations or financial institutions;
- €1.4 billion from national refinancing vehicles (including the credit institution CRH).

⁹¹ Gross amount before buy-backs and amortisations

⁹² Excl. AT1 issuances



At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. raised the equivalent of €24.8 billion^{93,94} through the open market:

The bank raised the equivalent of €24.8 billion, of which €3.5 billion in senior non-preferred debt, €1.7 billion in Tier 2 debt, €12.1 billion in senior preferred debt and €7.5 billion in senior secured debt. The financing comprised a variety of formats and currencies:

- o €7.3 billion⁹⁵;
- 5.85 billion US dollars (€5.5 billion equivalent);
- 1.3 billion pounds sterling (€1.4 billion equivalent);
- o 177 billion Japanese yen⁹⁶ (€1.2 billion equivalent);
- 0.6 billion Swiss francs (€0.7 billion equivalent);
- 0.9 billion Australian dollars (€0.6 billion equivalent);
- 0.9 billion Singapore dollars (€0.6 billion equivalent);
- 1.0 billion Hong-Kong dollars (€0.1 billion equivalent);
- 1.0 billion Chinese Yuan (€0.1 billion equivalent).

Since the beginning of the year, Crédit Agricole S.A. MLT issued 58% of its refinancing in currencies other than EUR^{97,98}.

Note that on 3 January 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. issued a PerpNC6 AT1 bond for €1.25 billion at an initial rate of 7.25%.

At end-September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. issued €24.8 billion and completed 99% of its 2023 MLT market funding plan of €25 billion.

⁹³ Gross amount before buy-backs and amortisations

⁹⁴ Excl. AT1 issuances

⁹⁵ Excl. senior secured debt

⁹⁶ Excl. senior secured debt

⁹⁷ Excl. senior secured debt

⁹⁸ Excl. AT1 issuances



Appendix 1 – Specific items, Crédit Agricole Group and Crédit Agricole S.A.

Crédit Agricole Group : Specific items, Q3-23, Q3-22, 9M-23 et 9M-22

	Q3	3-23	Q3	-22	9M	1-23	9/	<i>I</i> I-22
€m	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impac t*	Impact on Net income
DVA (LC)	2	2	14	10	(21)	(15)	5	4
Loan portfolio hedges (LC)	(2)	(1)	(14)	(11)	(26)	(19)	59	44
Home Purchase Savings Plans (LCL)	52	38	-	-	52	38	34	26
Home Purchase Savings Plans (CC)	230	171	-	-	230	171	53	39
Home Purchase Savings Plans (RB)	118	88	_	_	118	88	412	306
Reclassification of held-for-sale operations - NBI (IRB)	_	-	_	_	-	-	0	0
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	1	0	-	_	300	214	_	-
Exceptional provisionning on moratoria Poland (IRB)	-	-	(21)	(17)	-	-	(21)	(17)
Check Image Exchange penalty (CC)	-	-	-	-	42	42	-	-
Check Image Exchange penalty (LCL)	-	-	-	-	21	21	-	-
Check Image Exchange penalty (RB)	-	-	-	-	42	42	-	-
Total impact on revenues	402	298	(22)	(17)	758	581	543	401
Creval integration costs (IRB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30)	(18)
Lyxor integration costs (AG)	-	-	(9)	(4)	-	-	(59)	(31)
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	-	-	-	-	(18)	(13)	-	-
Total impact on operating expenses	-	-	(9)	(4)	(18)	(13)	(90)	(49)
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	-	-	-	-	(85)	(61)	-	-
Provision for own equity risk Ukraine (IRB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(195)	(195)
Total impact on cost of credit risk	-	-	-	-	(85)	(61)	(195)	(195)
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	(26)	(26)	-	-	(39)	(39)	-	-
Total impact equity-accounted entities	(26)	(26)	-	-	(39)	(39)	-	-
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	61	45	-	-	89	57	-	-
Total impact on Net income on other assets	61	45	-	-	89	57	-	-
Capital gain La Médicale (GEA)	-	-	101	101	-	-	101	101
Reclassification of held-for-sale operations (IRB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7)	(10)
Total impact on Net income from discounted or held- for-sale operations	-	-	101	101	-	-	94	91
Total impact of specific items	436	317	71	79	705	525	352	248
Asset gathering	-	-	92	97	-	-	42	70
French Retail banking	170	126		-	233	189	446	331
International Retail banking			(21)	(17)			(253)	(240)
Specialised financial services	35	19	`	`-	247	159	-	
Large customers	1	0	(1)	(0)	(47)	(35)	64	48
Corporate centre	230	171	_ (.,	-	272	213	53	39

^{*} Impact before tax and before minority interests



Crédit Agricole S.A.: Specific items Q3-23, Q3-22, 9M-23 et 9M-22

	Q3	-23	Q3	3-22	9M	-23	9М	-22
€m	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impact*	Impact on Net income	Gross impact*	Impact on Net incom e
DVA (LC)	2	2	14	10	(21)	(15)	5	4
Loan portfolio hedges (LC)	(2)	(1)	(14)	(10)	(26)	(19)	59	43
Home Purchase Savings Plans (FRB)	52	37	-	-	52	37	34	24
Home Purchase Savings Plans (CC)	230	171	_	_	230	171	53	39
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	1	0	_	_	300	214	-	-
Check Image Exchange penalty (CC)	-	-	_	_	42	42	_	_
Check Image Exchange penalty (LCL)	_	_	_	_	21	20	_	_
Exceptional provisionning on moratoria Poland							<i>,</i>	
(IRB)	-	-	(21)	(17)	-	-	(21)	(17)
Total impact on revenues	284	209	(22)	(17)	598	450	131	93
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	-	-	-	-	(18)	(13)	-	-
Creval integration costs (IRB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30)	(16)
Lyxor integration costs (AG)	-	-	(9)	(4)	-	-	(59)	(30)
Total impact on operating expenses	-	-	(9)	(4)	(18)	(13)	(90)	(46)
Provision for own equity risk Ukraine (IRB)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(195)	(195)
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	-	-	-	-	(85)	(61)	-	-
Total impact on cost of credit risk	-	-	-	-	(85)	(61)	(195)	(195)
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	(26)	(26)	-	-	(39)	(39)	-	-
Total impact equity-accounted entities	(26)	(26)	-	-	(39)	(39)	-	-
Mobility activities reorganisation (SFS)	61	45	-	-	89	57	-	-
Total impact Net income on other assets	61	45	-	-	89	57	-	-
Reclassification of held-for-sale operations	-	-	_	-	-	-	(7)	(10)
(IRB) Capital gain La Médicale (GEA)	_	_	101	101	_	_	101	101
Total impact on Net income from discounted or held-for-sale operations	-	-	101	101	-	-	94	91
Total impact of specific items	318	227	71	79	545	394	(60)	(57)
Asset gathering	-	-	92	97	-	-	42	71
French Retail banking	52	37	-	-	73	57	34	24
International Retail banking	-	-	(21)	(17)	-	-	(253)	(238)
Specialised financial services	35	19		- (17)	247	159	-	-
Large customers	1	0	(1)	(0)	(47)	(34)	64	47
Corporate centre	230	171	-	-	272	213	53	39

^{*} Impact before tax and before non-controlling interests



Appendix 2 – Crédit Agricole Group: income statement by business line

Crédit Agricole Group – Contribution by business line - Q3-23 and Q3-22

				Q3-2	3 (stated)		
In €m	RB	LCL	IRB	AG	SFS	LC	СС	Total
Barrana	2 245	000	4.040	4.057	000	4 000	(FC7)	0.040
Revenues	3,345	996	1,046	1,657	883	1,888	(567)	9,249
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(2,328)	(589)	(522)	(718)	(424)	(1,139)	454	(5,265)
SRF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross operating income	1,018	407	524	939	460	749	(113)	3,984
Cost of risk	(254)	(70)	(126)	(0)	(224)	(13)	(6)	(693)
Cost of legal risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-accounted entities	1	-	1	24	5	6	0	37
Net income on other assets	0	18	1	(5)	57	(2)	(0)	69
Income before tax	765	355	400	958	298	740	(119)	3,397
Tax	(178)	(79)	(118)	(221)	(77)	(203)	65	(810)
Net income from discounted or held-for-sale operations	(0)	-	2	-	(0)	-	-	2
Net income	587	277	284	737	220	537	(53)	2,588
Non-controlling interests	(0)	(0)	(42)	(110)	(17)	(39)	4	(204)
Net income Group Share	587	277	242	628	204	497	(49)	2,384

	Q3-22 (stated)							
In €m	RB	LCL	IRB	AG	SFS	LC	СС	Total
Revenues	3,335	940	1,512	823	699	1,607	(694)	8,222
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(2,226)	(572)	(713)	(503)	(358)	(978)	406	(4,943)
SRF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross operating income	1,109	368	799	320	341	630	(288)	3,280
Cost of risk	(273)	(54)	(0)	(119)	(151)	(34)	(5)	(636)
Cost of legal risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-accounted entities	0	-	24	0	82	5	0	111
Net income on other assets	1	0	(2)	0	6	1	0	6
Income before tax	837	314	821	202	278	602	(293)	2,762
Tax	(209)	(75)	(213)	(61)	(47)	(156)	25	(736)
Net income from discounted or held-for-sale operations	-	-	114	9	1	(1)	(0)	123
Net income	628	240	721	151	232	445	(268)	2,149
Non-controlling interests	(0)	2	(104)	(27)	(27)	(27)	6	(178)
Net income Group Share	628	242	617	124	205	418	(262)	1,971



Crédit Agricole Group – Contribution by business line – 9M-23 and 9M-22

				9M-2	3 (stated))		
In €m	RB	LCL	IRB	AG	SFS	LC	СС	Total
Revenues	10,032	2,891	3,040	5,144	2,717	5,844	(1,946)	27,722
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(7,217)	(1,742)	(1,542)	(2,148)	(1,224)	(3,298)	1,389	(15,782)
SRF	(111)	(44)	(40)	(6)	(29)	(312)	(77)	(620)
Gross operating income	2,704	1,105	1,458	2,989	1,465	2,234	(634)	11,321
Cost of risk	(831)	(205)	(366)	(1)	(686)	(81)	(8)	(2,179)
Equity-accounted entities	9	-	1	73	90	17	-	190
Net income on other assets	6	21	1	(5)	81	3	(1)	107
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income before tax	1,887	921	1,095	3,057	950	2,173	(643)	9,438
Tax	(467)	(217)	(321)	(696)	(254)	(561)	222	(2,293)
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	(0)	-	7	1	(0)	-	-	7
Net income	1,421	704	781	2,361	696	1,612	(421)	7,153
Non-controlling interests	(1)	(0)	(121)	(343)	(61)	(93)	(0)	(619)
Net income Group Share	1,420	704	660	2,018	635	1,519	(421)	6,534

	9M-22 (stated)							
In €m	RB	LCL	IRB	AG	SFS	LC	CC	Total
Revenues	10,760	2,936	4,269	2,457	2,072	5,300	(1,841)	25,953
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(6,911)	(1,740)	(2,138)	(1,521)	(1,084)	(2,905)	1,278	(15,021)
SRF	(156)	(69)	(7)	(38)	(34)	(442)	(56)	(803)
Gross operating income	3,693	1,128	2,123	898	954	1,953	(620)	10,129
Cost of risk	(830)	(158)	(6)	(511)	(388)	(236)	(11)	(2,139)
Equity-accounted entities	5	-	64	2	240	11	0	323
Net income on other assets	25	5	1	6	4	0	(0)	41
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income before tax	2,893	974	2,184	395	810	1,729	(631)	8,354
Tax	(725)	(250)	(544)	(173)	(161)	(435)	78	(2,211)
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	-	-	124	21	4	(1)	-	148
Net income	2,168	724	1,764	243	652	1,292	(553)	6,291
Non-controlling interests	(1)	(0)	(310)	(85)	(83)	(63)	2	(539)
Net income Group Share	2,168	724	1,454	159	569	1,229	(551)	5,752



Appendix 3 – Crédit Agricole S.A.: results by business line

Crédit Agricole S.A. – Results by business line – Q3-23 and Q3-22

			(Q3-23 (stat	ed)		
In €m	AG	LC	SFS	FRB (LCL)	IRB	СС	Total
Revenues	1,656	1,888	883	996	1,024	(103)	6,343
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(718)	(1,139)	(424)	(589)	(504)	(2)	(3,376)
SRF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross operating income	937	748	460	407	520	(105)	2,967
Cost of risk	(0)	(13)	(224)	(70)	(121)	(2)	(429)
Equity-accounted entities	24	6	5	-	1	(12)	23
Net income on other assets	(5)	(2)	57	18	1	(0)	69
Income before tax	956	739	298	355	401	(119)	2,630
Tax	(221)	(203)	(77)	(79)	(118)	65	(633)
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	-	-	(0)	-	2	-	2
Net income	736	536	220	277	285	(55)	1,999
Non-controlling interests	(114)	(48)	(17)	(12)	(60)	0	(251)
Net income Group Share	621	488	204	264	225	(55)	1,748

	Q3-22 (stated)								
In €m	AG	LC	SFS	FRB (LCL)	IRB	СС	Total		
Revenues	1,502	1,607	699	940	804	(232)	5,321		
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(713)	(978)	(358)	(572)	(486)	(21)	(3,127)		
SRF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Gross operating income	789	630	341	368	319	(252)	2,195		
Cost of risk	(0)	(34)	(151)	(54)	(120)	(1)	(360)		
Equity-accounted entities	24	5	82	-	0	(9)	102		
Net income on other assets	(2)	1	6	0	0	0	5		
Income before tax	811	602	278	314	199	(262)	1,942		
Tax	(211)	(156)	(47)	(75)	(60)	17	(533)		
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	114	(1)	1	-	9	(0)	123		
Net income	714	445	232	240	148	(246)	1,533		
Non controlling interests	(106)	(33)	(27)	(13)	(38)	1	(217)		
Net income Group Share	607	412	205	227	110	(245)	1,316		



Crédit Agricole S.A. – Results by business line 9M-23 and 9M-22

	9M-23 (stated)							
In €m	AG	LC	SFS	FRB (LCL)	IRB	СС	Total	
Revenues	5,133	5,844	2,717	2,891	2,975	(421)	19,140	
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(2,148)	(3,298)	(1,224)	(1,742)	(1,491)	(20)	(9,922)	
SRF	(6)	(312)	(29)	(44)	(40)	(77)	(509)	
Gross operating income	2,979	2,234	1,465	1,105	1,444	(519)	8,709	
Cost of risk	(1)	(81)	(686)	(205)	(362)	(2)	(1,338)	
Equity-accounted entities	73	17	90	-	2	(45)	136	
Net income on other assets	(5)	3	81	21	1	(0)	102	
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Income before tax	3,047	2,173	950	921	1,085	(566)	7,609	
Tax	(699)	(561)	(254)	(217)	(320)	218	(1,832)	
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	1	-	(0)	-	7	-	7	
Net income	2,349	1,612	696	704	772	(348)	5,785	
Non controlling interests	(353)	(125)	(61)	(31)	(172)	(27)	(771)	
Net income Group Share	1,996	1,486	635	673	600	(375)	5,014	

				9M-22 (sta	ted)		
In €m	AG	LC	SFS	FRB (LCL)	IRB	СС	Total
Revenues	4,245	5,301	2,072	2,936	2,403	(432)	16,525
Operating expenses excl. SRF	(2,138)	(2,905)	(1,084)	(1,740)	(1,474)	(43)	(9,383)
SRF	(7)	(442)	(34)	(69)	(38)	(56)	(647)
Gross operating income	2,100	1,954	954	1,128	891	(531)	6,495
Cost of risk	(6)	(236)	(388)	(158)	(510)	(5)	(1,303)
Equity-accounted entities	64	11	240	-	2	(27)	291
Net income on other assets	1	0	4	14	6	0	26
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income before tax	2,160	1,730	810	983	389	(563)	5,509
Tax	(537)	(436)	(161)	(250)	(172)	73	(1,483)
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	124	(1)	4	-	21	-	147
Net income	1,747	1,293	652	733	238	(490)	4,174
Non controlling interests	(320)	(82)	(83)	(33)	(115)	(18)	(651)
Net income Group Share	1,427	1,211	569	700	123	(508)	3,523



Appendix 4 - Data per share

Crédit Agricole S.A. – Earnings p/share, net book value p/share and RoTE

Crédit Agricole S.A. – data per share

(€m)		Q3-2023 IFRS17	Q3-2022 IFRS4	9M-23 IFRS17	9M-22 IFRS4
Net income Group share - stated		1,748	1,352	5,014	3,880
- Interests on AT1, including issuance costs, before tax		(136)	(119)	(371)	(327)
NIGS attributable to ordinary shares - stated	[A]	1,612	1,233	4,643	3,553
Average number shares in issue, excluding treasury shares (m)	[B]	3,043	3,029	3,031	2,957
Net earnings per share - stated	[A]/[B]	0.53 €	0.41 €	1.53 €	1.20 €
Underlying net income Group share (NIGS)		1,520	1,273	4,620	3,937
Underlying NIGS attributable to ordinary shares	[C]	1,384	1,154	4,249	3,610
Net earnings per share - underlying	[C]/[B]	0.46 €	0.38 €	1.40 €	1.22 €

(€m)	
Shareholder's equity Group share	
- AT1 issuances	
- Unrealised gains and losses on OCI - Group share	
Net book value (NBV), not revaluated, attributable to ordin. sh.	[D]
- Goodwill & intangibles** - Group share	
Tangible NBV (TNBV), not revaluated attrib. to ordinary sh.	[E]
Total shares in issue, excluding treasury shares (period end, m)	[F]
NBV per share, after deduction of dividend to pay (€)	[D]/[F]
TNBV per share, after deduction of dividend to pay (€)	[G]=[E]/[F]

IFRS17	IFRS4
69,416	64,295
(7,235)	(5,988)
1,644	3,338
63,825	61,644
(17,255)	(18,386)
46,570	43,258
3,051.7	3,039.5
20.9€	20.3€

^{**} including goodwill in the equity-accounted entities

(€m)	
Net income Group share - stated Impairment of intangible assets IFRIC	[K] [L] [M]
Stated NIGS annualised	[N] = ([K]-[L]-[M])*4/3+[M]
Interests on AT1, including issuance costs, before tax, annualised	[0]
Stated result adjusted Tangible NBV (TNBV), not revaluated attrib. to ord. sh avg (3)	[P] = [N]+[O] [J]
Stated ROTE adjusted (%)	= [P] / [J]
Underlying Net income Group share	[Q]
Underlying NIGS annualised	[R] = ([Q]- [M])*4/3+[M]
Underlying NIGS adjusted	[S] = [R] + [O]
Underlying ROTE adjusted(%)	= [S] / [J]

9M-23 IFRS17 5,014 0 -542	9M-22 IFRS4 3,880 0 -682
6,866	5,401
-495	-436
6,371	4,965
43,200	40,195
14.7%	12.4%
4,620	3,937
6,341	5,477
5,846	5,041
13.5%	12.5%

^{*} dividend proposed to the Board meeting to be paid

^{******} including assumption of dividend for the current exercise

⁽¹⁾ Average of the NTBV not revalued attributable to ordinary shares calculated between 31/12/2022 and 30/09/2023

⁽²⁾ ROTE calculated on the basis of an annualised net income Group share and linearised IFRIC costs over the year



Alternative Performance Indicators99

NBV Net Book Value not re-evaluated

The Net Book Value not re-evaluated corresponds to the shareholders' equity Group share from which the amount of the AT1 issues, the unrealised gains and/or losses on OCI Group share and the pay-out assumption on annual results have been deducted.

NBV per share Net Book Value per share - NTBV per share Net Tangible Book Value per share

One of the methods for calculating the value of a share. This represents the Net Book Value divided by the number of shares in issue at end of period, excluding treasury shares.

Net Tangible Book Value per share represents the Net Book Value after deduction of intangible assets and goodwill, divided by the number of shares in issue at end of period, excluding treasury shares.

EPS Earnings per Share

This is the net income Group share, from which the AT1 coupon has been deducted, divided by the average number of shares in issue excluding treasury shares. It indicates the portion of profit attributable to each share (not the portion of earnings paid out to each shareholder, which is the dividend). It may decrease, assuming the net income Group share remains unchanged, if the number of shares increases.

Cost/income ratio

The cost/income ratio is calculated by dividing operating expenses by revenues, indicating the proportion of revenues needed to cover operating expenses.

Cost of risk/outstandings

Calculated by dividing the cost of credit risk (over four quarters on a rolling basis) by outstandings (over an average of the past four quarters, beginning of the period). It can also be calculated by dividing the annualised cost of credit risk for the quarter by outstandings at the beginning of the quarter. Similarly, the cost of risk for the period can be annualised and divided by the average outstandings at the beginning of the period.

Since the first quarter of 2019, the outstandings taken into account are the customer outstandings, before allocations to provisions.

The calculation method for the indicator is specified each time the indicator is used.

Doubtful loan

Defaulting loan. The debtor is considered to be in default when at least one of the following two conditions has been met:

- a payment generally more than 90 days past due, unless specific circumstances point to the fact that the delay is due to reasons independent of the debtor's financial situation.
- the entity believes that the debtor is unlikely to settle its credit obligations unless it avails itself of certain measures such as enforcement of collateral security right.

Impaired loan

Loan which has been provisioned due to a risk of non-repayment.

MREL

The MREL (Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities) ratio is defined in the European "Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive" (BRRD). This Directive establishes a framework

⁹⁹ APMs are financial indicators not presented in the financial statements or defined in accounting standards but used in the context of financial communications, such as underlying net income Group share or RoTE. They are used to facilitate the understanding of the company's actual performance. Each APM indicator is matched in its definition to accounting data.

PRESS RELEASE – third quarter and first nine months 2023

for the resolution of banks throughout the European Union, with the aim to provide resolution authorities with shared instruments and powers to pre-emptively tackle banking crises, preserve financial stability and reduce taxpayers' exposure to losses. Directive (EU) 2019/879 of 20 May 2019 known as "BRRD2" amended the BRRD and was transposed into French law by Order 2020-1636 of 21 December 2020.

The MREL ratio corresponds to an own funds and eligible liabilities buffer required to absorb losses in the event of resolution. Under BRRD2, the MREL ratio is calculated as the amount of eligible capital and liabilities expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets (RWA), as well as a leverage ratio exposure (LRE). Are eligible for the numerator of the total MREL ratio the Group's regulatory capital, as well as eligible liabilities issued by the central body and the Crédit Agricole network affiliated entities, i.e. subordinated notes, senior non-preferred debt instruments and certain senior preferred debt instruments with residual maturities of more than one year.

Impaired (or doubtful) loan coverage ratio

This ratio divides the outstanding provisions by the impaired gross customer loans.

Impaired (or doubtful) loan ratio

This ratio divides the impaired gross customer loans on an individual basis, before provisions, by the total gross customer loans.

TLAC

The Financial Stability Board (FSB) has defined the calculation of a ratio aimed at estimating the adequacy of the bail-in and recapitalisation capacity of Global Systemically Important Banks (G-SIBs). This Total Loss Absorbing Capacity (TLAC) ratio provides resolution authorities with the means to assess whether G-SIBs have sufficient bail-in and recapitalisation capacity before and during resolution. It applies to Global Systemically Important Banks, and therefore to Crédit Agricole Group.

The Group's regulatory capital as well as subordinated notes and eligible senior non-preferred debt with residual maturities of more than one year issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are eligible for the numerator of the TLAC ratio.

Net income Group share

Net income/(loss) for the financial year (after corporate income tax). Equal to net income Group share, less the share attributable to non-controlling interests in fully consolidated subsidiaries.

Underlying Net income Group share

The underlying net income Group share represents the stated net income Group share from which specific items have been deducted (i.e., non-recurring or exceptional items) to facilitate the understanding of the company's actual earnings.

Net income Group share attributable to ordinary shares

The net income Group share attributable to ordinary shares represents the net income Group share from which the AT1 coupon has been deducted, including issuance costs before tax.

RoTE Return on Tangible Equity

The RoTE (Return on Tangible Equity) measures the return on tangible capital by dividing the Net income Group share annualised by the group's NBV net of intangibles and goodwill. The annualised Net income Group share corresponds to the annualisation of the Net income Group share (Q1x4; H1x2; 9Mx4/3) excluding impairments of intangible assets and restating each period of the IFRIC impacts in order to linearise them over the year.



Disclaimer

The financial information on Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group for the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 comprises this presentation and the attached appendices and press release which are available on the website: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/finance/financial-publications

This press release may include prospective information on the Group, supplied as information on trends. This data does not represent forecasts within the meaning of EU Delegated Act 2019/980 of 14 March 2019 (Chapter 1, Article 1, d).

This information was developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions for a given competitive and regulatory environment. Therefore, these assumptions are by nature subject to random factors that could cause actual results to differ from projections. Likewise, the financial statements are based on estimates, particularly in calculating market value and asset impairment.

Readers must take all these risk factors and uncertainties into consideration before making their own judgement.

Applicable standards and comparability

The figures presented for the six-month period ending 30 September 2023 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date, and with the applicable prudential regulations. This financial information does not constitute a set of financial statements for an interim period as defined by IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and has not been audited.

Unless stated otherwise, all figures presented in this presentation for the year 2022 are in proforma IFRS 17

Note: The scopes of consolidation of the Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Groups have not changed materially since the Crédit Agricole S.A. 2022 Universal Registration Document and its A.01 update (including all regulatory information about the Crédit Agricole Group) were filed with the AMF (the French Financial Markets Authority).

The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding.

At 30 June 2023, Crédit Agricole Auto Bank is the name of the new entity formed from the takeover of 100% of FCA Bank by Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance. Crédit Agricole Auto Bank is fully consolidated in the Crédit Agricole S.A. consolidated financial statements.

At 30 June 2023, Leasys is the new joint subsidiary between CACF and Stellantis. This entity is consolidated using the equity accounted method in the Crédit Agricole S.A. consolidated financial statements

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance finalised the acquisition of ALD and LeasePlan activities in six European countries. The acquisition is being carried out by Drivalia, a subsidiary of Crédit Agricole Auto Bank, and Leasys.

At 30 September 2023, the acquisition of RBC Investor Services in Europe, excluding Jersey and UK entities, was complete. The entity has been renamed CACEIS Investor Services Bank ("ISB"). ISB is included in the scope of consolidation of Crédit Agricole S.A. as a subsidiary of CACEIS.



Financial Agenda

8 February 2024 Publication of the 2023 fourth quarter and full year results

3 May 2024 Publication of the 2024 first quarter results

22 May 2024 **General Meeting**

1 August 2024 Publication of the 2024 second quarter and the first half year results 6 November 2024 Publication of the 2024 third quarter and first nine months results

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Crédit_Agricole in Crédit Agricole Group



créditagricole_sa



WORKING EVERY DAY IN THE INTEREST OF OUR CUSTOMERS AND SOCIETY

RESULTS

THIRD QUARTER AND FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 2023



Disclaimer

The financial information on Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group for the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 comprises this presentation and the attached appendices and press release, which are available on the website: https://www.credit-agricole.com/inance/publications-financieres.

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CRÉDIT AGRICOLE SA

THIRD QUARTER AND THE FIRST NINE MONTHS 2023 RESULT

NOTE

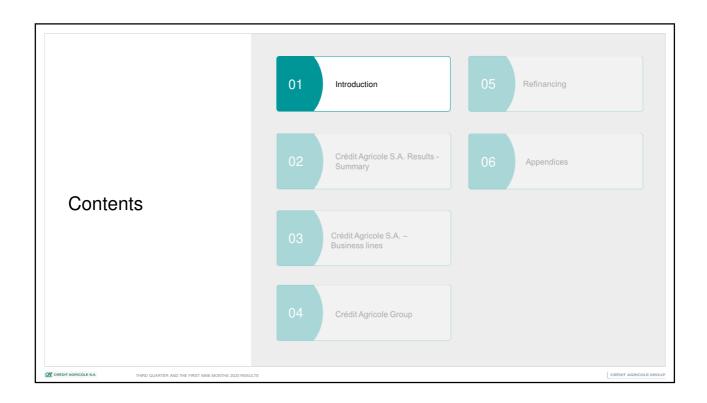
The Crédit Agricole Group scope of consolidation

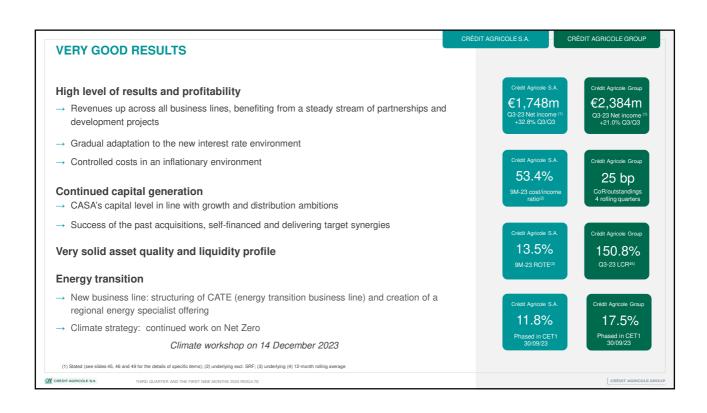
stress test exercises

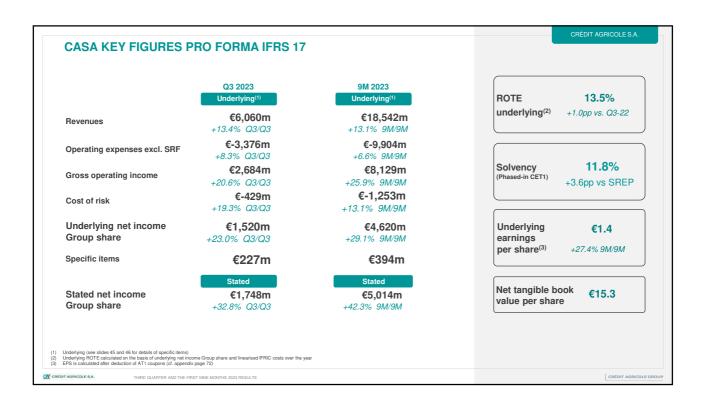
comprises:
the Regional Banks, the Local
Banks, Crédit Agricole S.A. and
their subsidiaries. This is the
scope of consolidation that has
been selected by the competent
authorities to assess the
Group's position in the recent

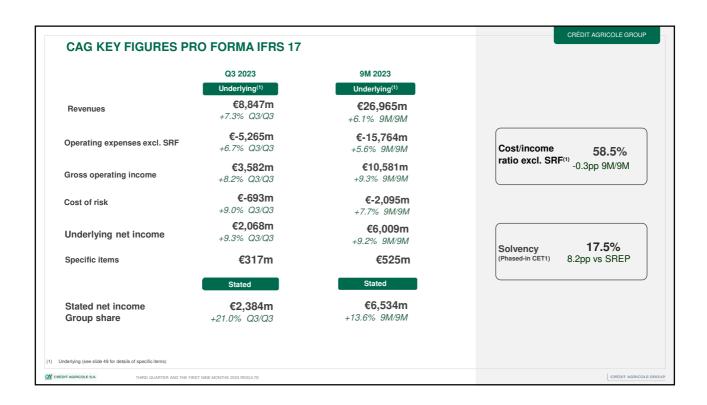
Crédit Agricole S.A. is the listed entity, which notably owns the subsidiaries of its business lines (Asset gathering, Large customers, Specialised financial services, French retail banking and International retail banking)

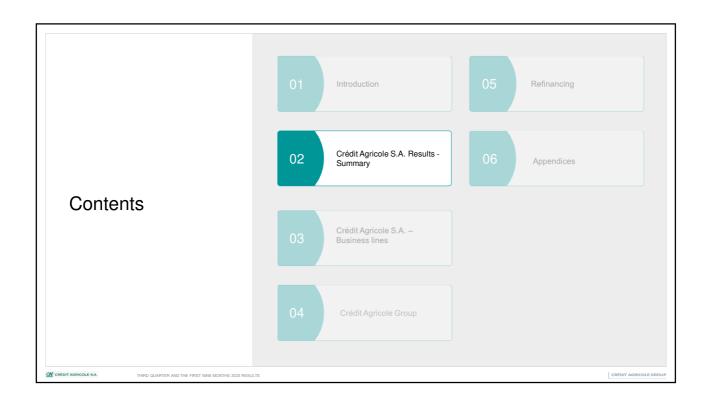
CRÉDIT AGRICOLE GROL

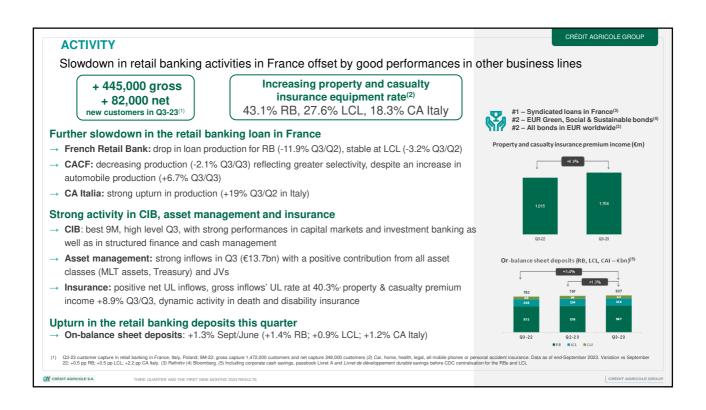


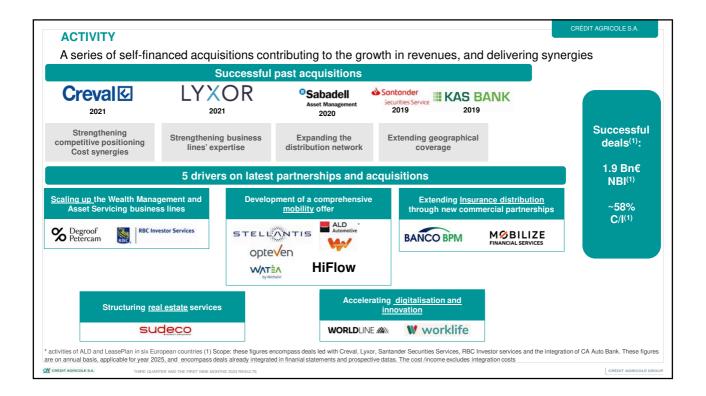


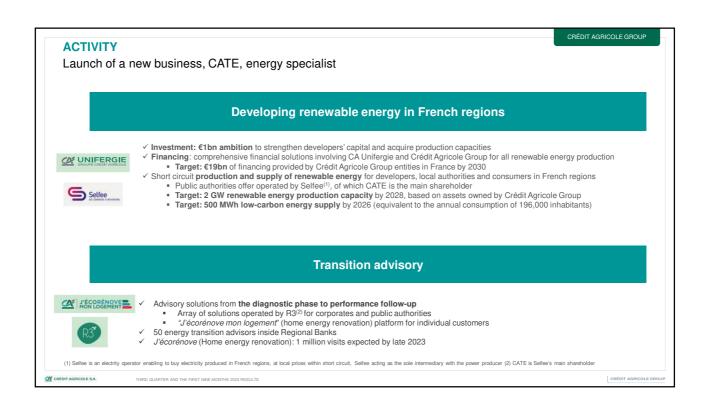


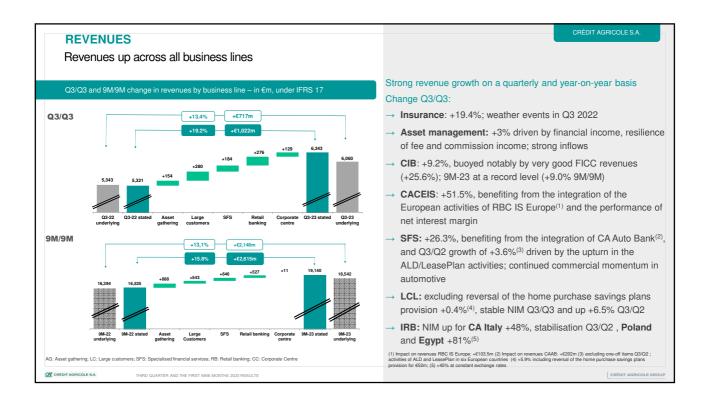


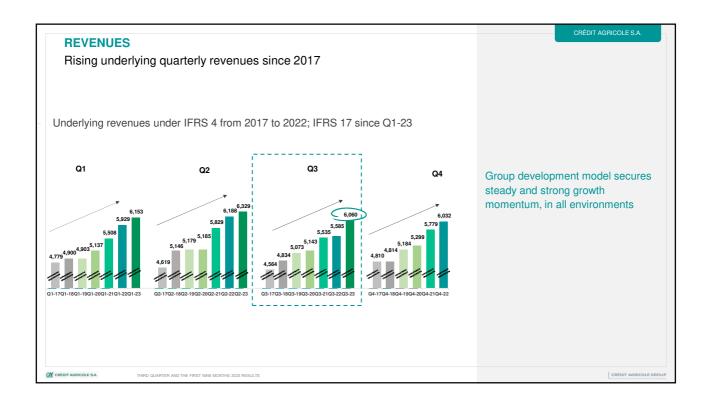


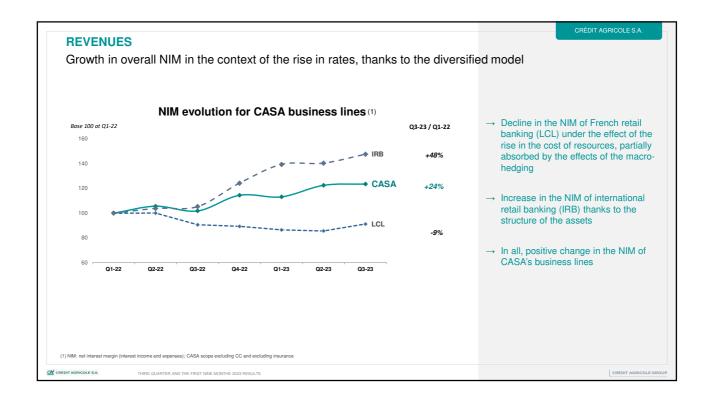


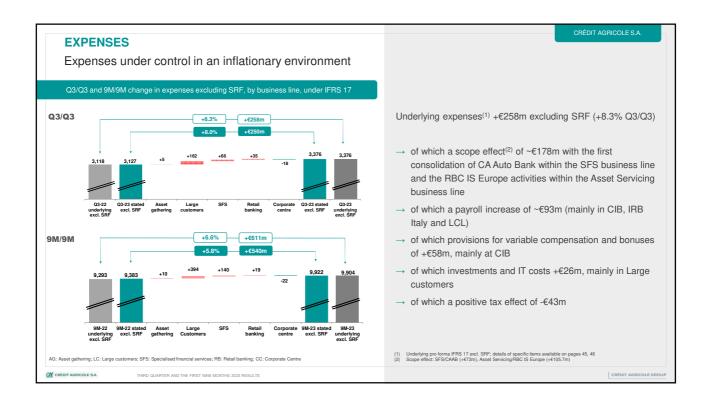


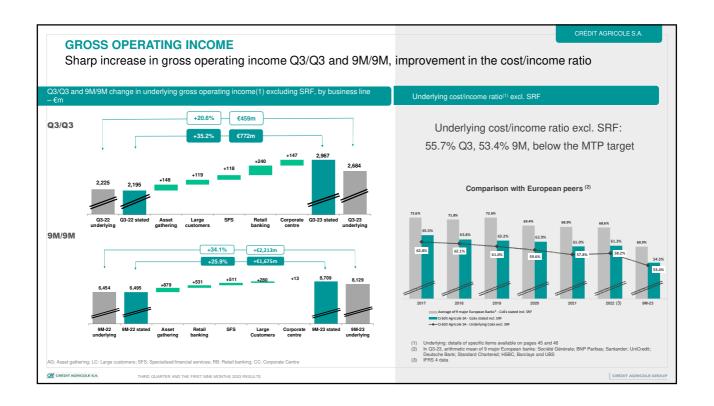


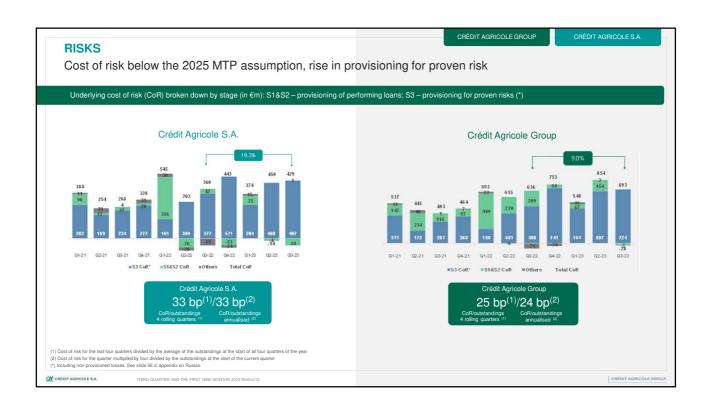


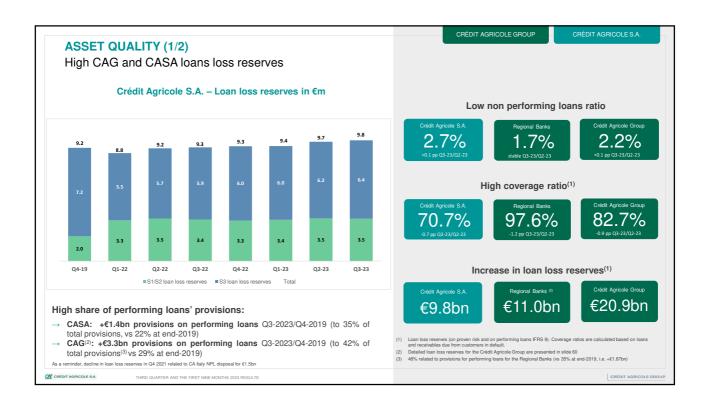


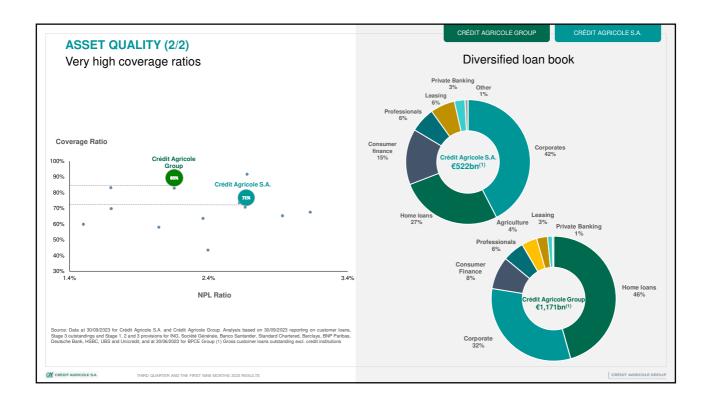


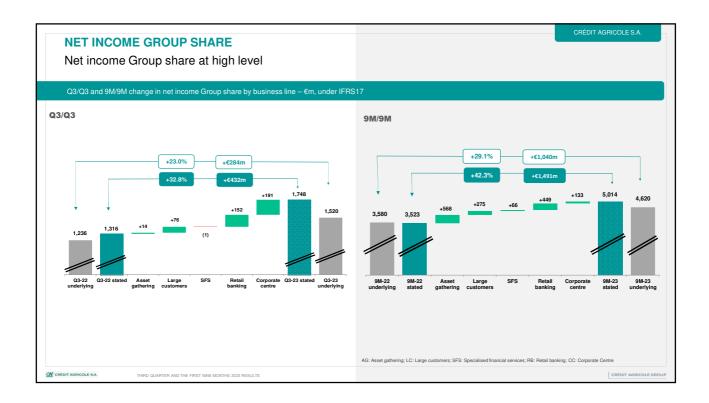


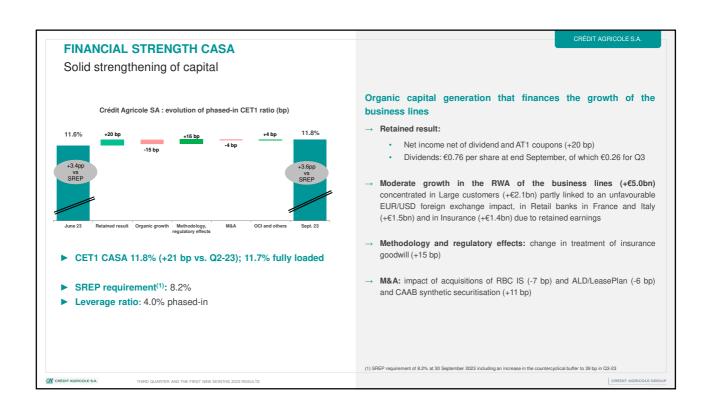


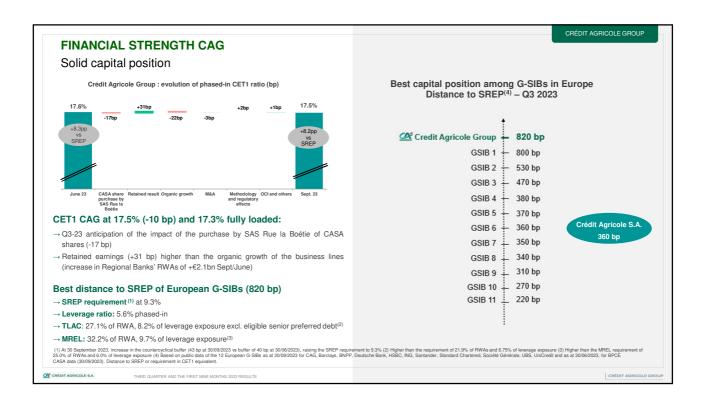


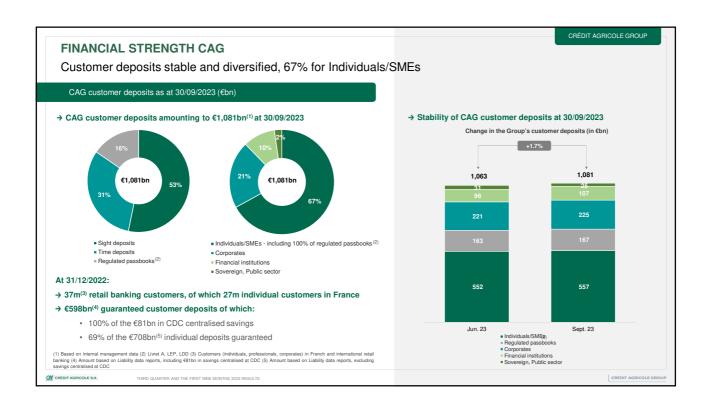


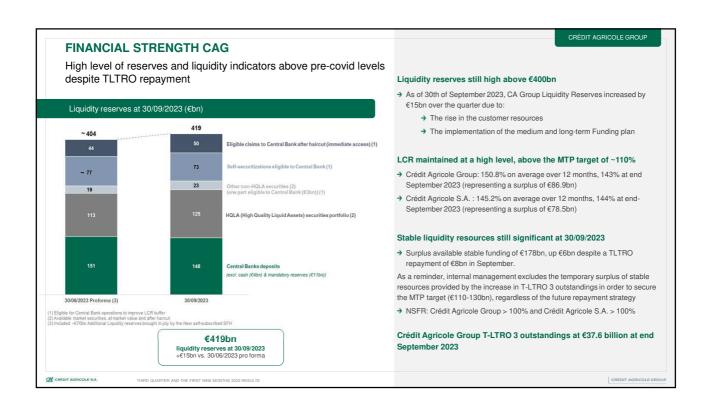


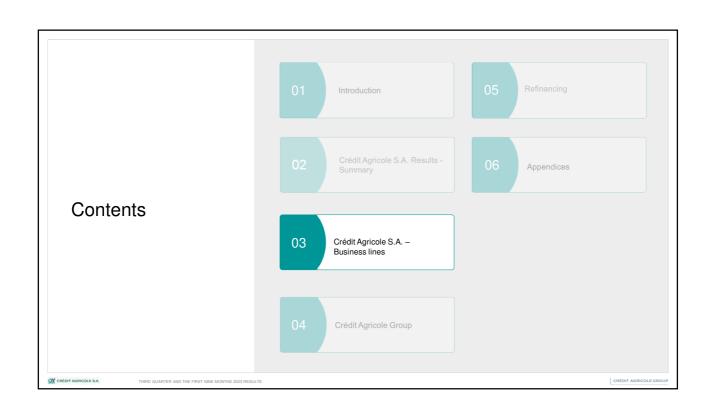








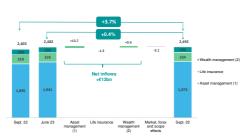




ASSET GATHERING AND INSURANCE

Positive inflows, increase in net income

Assets under management (in €bn)



Net positive inflows for the business line

- Asset management: +4.1% increase in assets under management Sept/Sept; Positive net inflows in Q3 buoyed by growth initiatives, including +€11.0bn in passive management and
- → Insurance: Growth in personal and property insurance premium income (+11.0% Q3/Q3) offsetting the decline in savings/retirement premium income (-8.0% Q3/Q3)
- Wealth management(2): Stable Q3/Q2 outstandings (o/w positive net inflows this quarter)

Scope including distribution assets and assets under advisory
 Scope: Indosuez Wealth Management and LCL Private Banking
 Scope: Indosuez Wealth Management

THIRD QUARTER AND THE FIRST NINE MONTHS 2023 RESULTS

Contribution to earnings (in €m)	Q3-23 stated	Δ Q3/Q3 stated	9M-23 stated	∆ 9M/9M stated
Insurance (*)	411	+0.6%	1,318	+57.7%
Asset management	178	+5.2%	566	+10.3%
Wealth management	32	+10.3%	112	+43.0%
Net income Group Share	621	+2.3%	1,996	+39.8%

(*) 2022 and 2023 P&L data for the Insurance business lines are presented under IFRS 17

Strong results across all businesses

- → Asset management: High level of net income, up Q3/Q3 and 9M/9M; Demonstrated Operational efficiency, improvement in the cost/income ratio Q3/Q3 and 9M/9M
- → Insurance: Net income +34% Q3/Q3 excluding the gain on disposal of La
- Wealth management(3): Gross operating income of €49m (+38.9% Q3/Q3); revenues +12.1% Q3/Q3 benefiting from the rise in interest rates; net income up +10.3% Q3/Q3

INSURANCE

Growth in the personal and P&C insurance activity offsetting the decline in Savings/retirement premium income





Savings/retirement: gross outflows -8.0% Q3/Q3

- → Net inflows: negative net flows due to lower production and international redemptions (Italy and Luxembourg); high UL rate in gross inflows: 40.3% i.e. +2.5 pts vs Q3-22
- → Outstandings⁽²⁾: €324.3bn, +2.0% year on year; UL rate 27.6%, +2.8 pp Sept/Sept, due to higher UL inflows and favourable financial markets

Property & Casualty⁽³⁾: premium income +8.9% Q3/Q3

- → 15.8 million contracts at end September 2023, +3.6% year on year
- ightarrow Combined ratio (4) 95.2% in Q3-23 (-5.0pp YoY related to the climate impact in Q3-22)

Personal insurance: premium income up +12.8% Q3/Q3

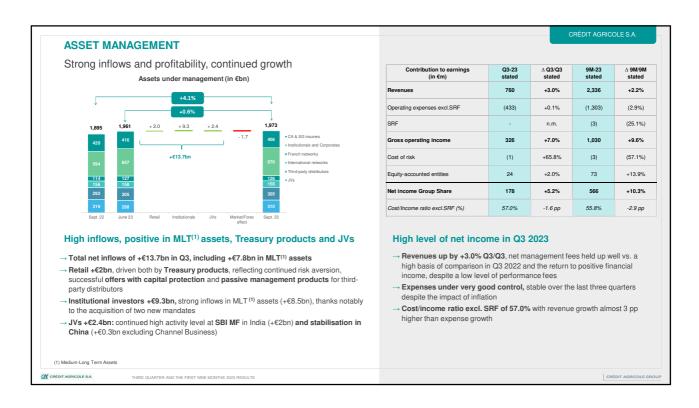
- → Strong growth in death & disability (+22%) and group insurance
- → Creditor insurance business +7.5% Q3/Q3 driven by international single premiums (Italy in particular) and the rise in Regional Banks/LCL backing rates.

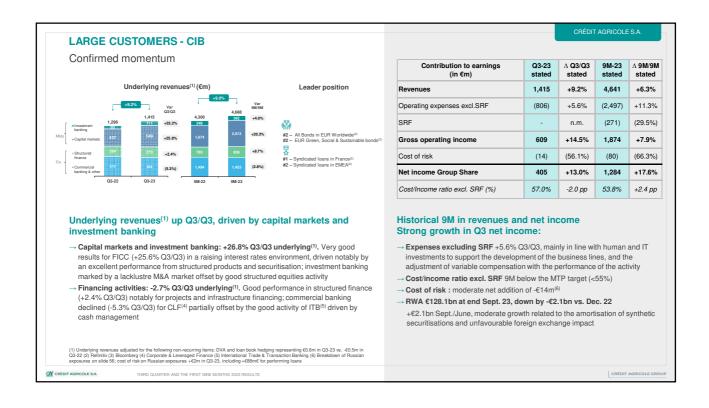
Contribution to earnings (in €m)	Q3-23 stated IFRS 17	Δ Q3/Q3 stated IFRS17	9M-23 stated IFRS 17	Δ 9M/9M stated IFRS 17
Revenues	643	+19.4%	2,022	+56.9%
Gross operating income	562	+25.2%	1,785	+68.5%
Net income from discont'd or held-for- sale ope.	-	(*)	-	(*)
Net income Group Share	411	+0.6%	1,318	+57.7%

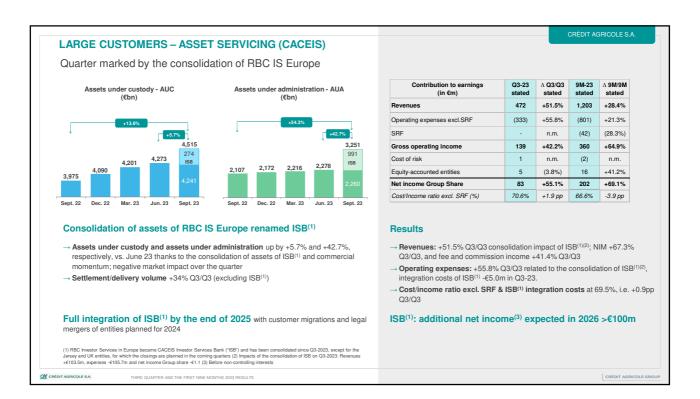
+34% growth in IFRS17 net income Q3/Q3 excluding the gain on disposal of La Médicale in Q3-22(*)

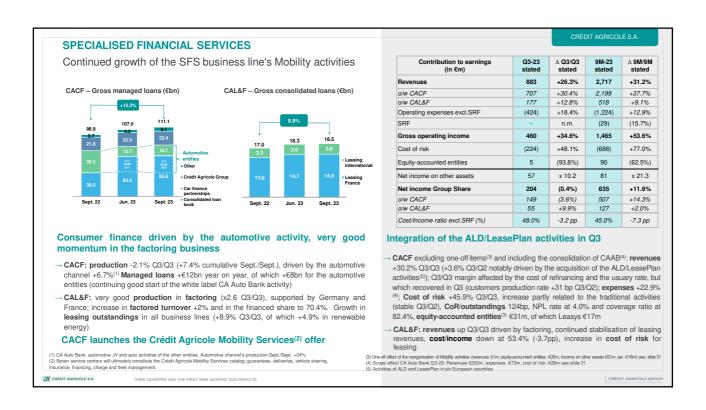
- → Revenues: +19.4% related to the decline of equity markets in Q3-22 and the non-recurring nature of the weather events Q3-23. Revenues of €643m including in particular revenues of ${\in}398\text{m}^{(5)(6)}$ for Savings/Retirement, ${\in}136\text{m}^{(5)}$ for personal insurance and €72m in property and casualty insurance⁽⁷⁾
- → CSM: €23.2bn, +6.5% Sept/Dec; slight decline of CSM over the quarter related to the rise in interest rates and the slowdown in savings/retirement production over the quarter

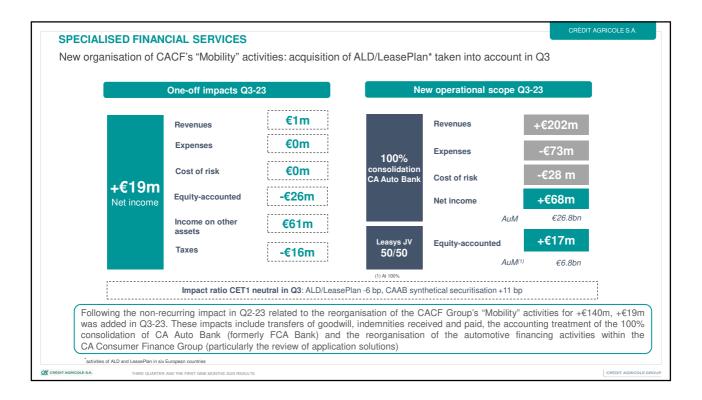
(1) Death & disability, creditor, group insurance (2) Savings, retirement and death & disability (3) Equipment rate: 43.1%, RB; 27.6% LOL; 18.3% CA Italy (including Greves) (4) Property & casualty combined ratio (Pacifica) including discounting and excluding reverse discounting operates + fee and commission expenses)/premium income, net of reinsurance; Combined ratio excluding the effects of discounting and reverse discounting; 98.1%; (5) Amount of allocation of CSM and RA (6) including funeral guarantee (7) Net of the cost of reinsurance, excluding financial income

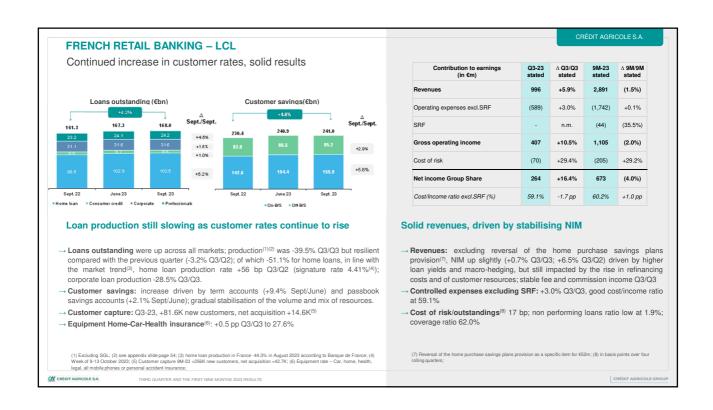


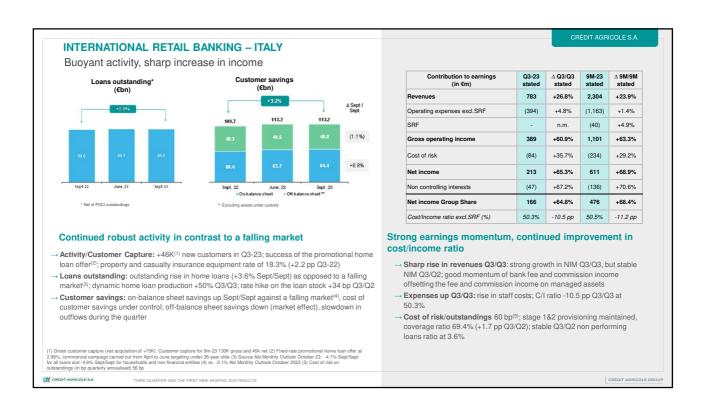


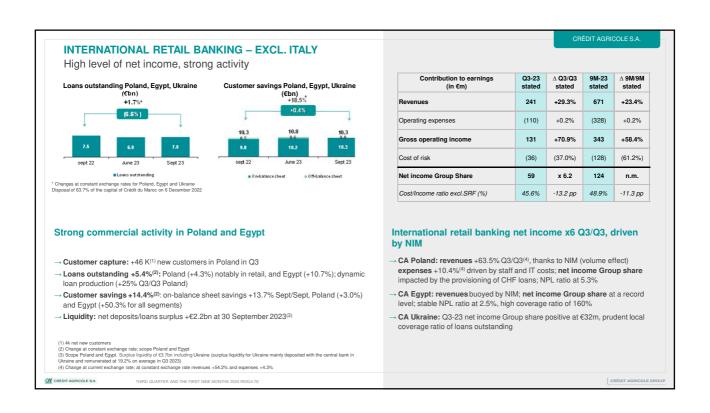


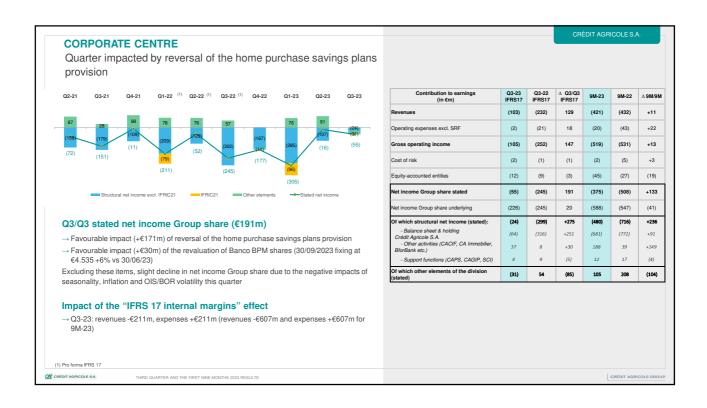


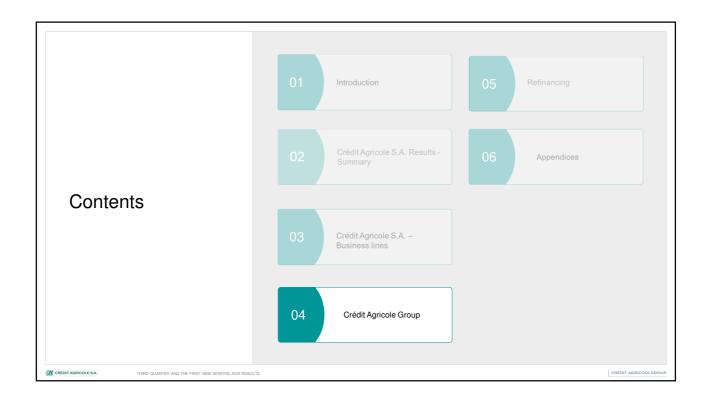


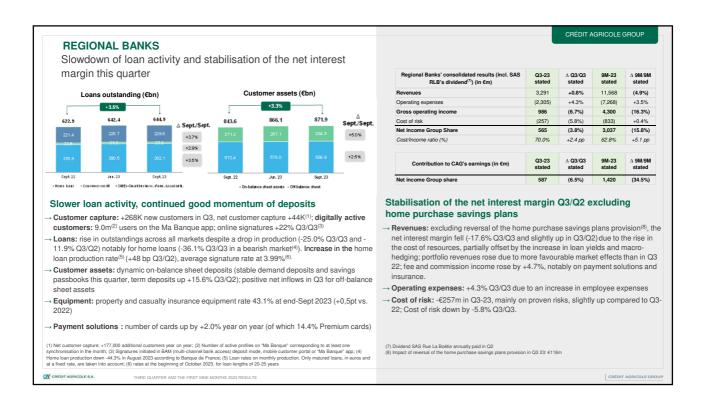


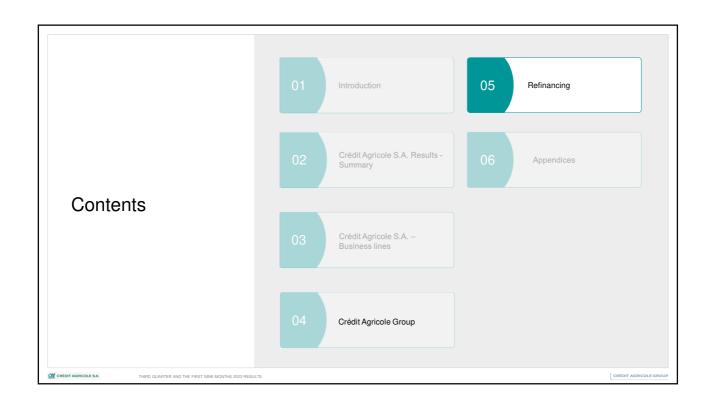


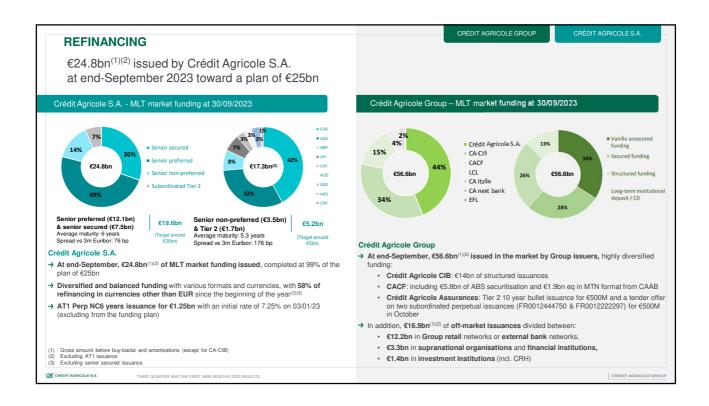


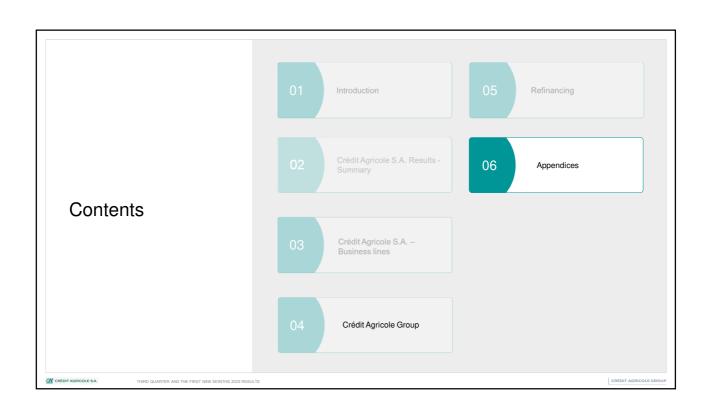


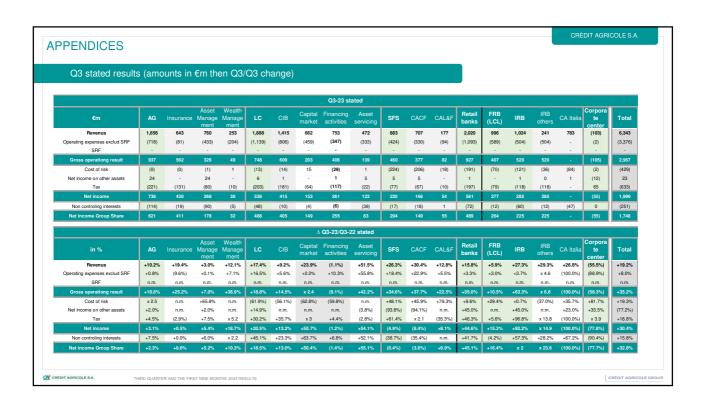


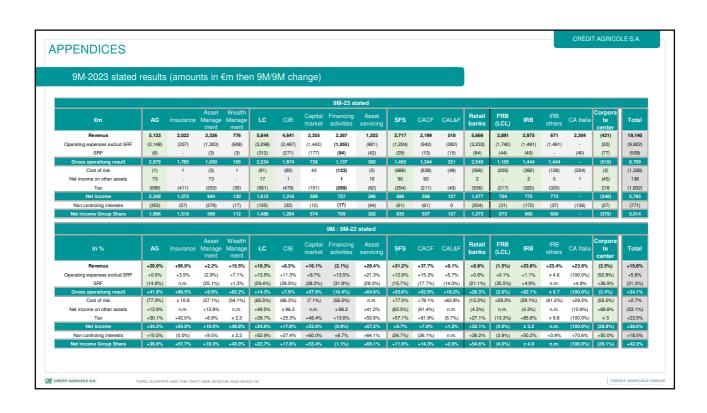


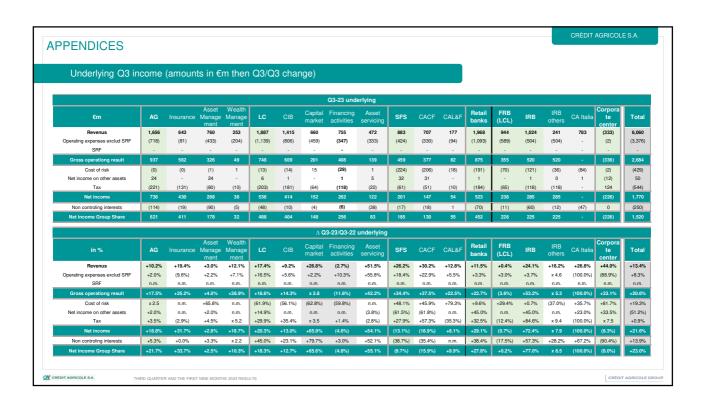


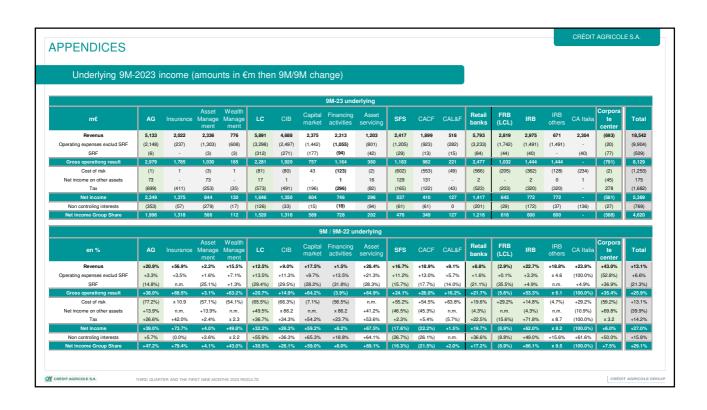




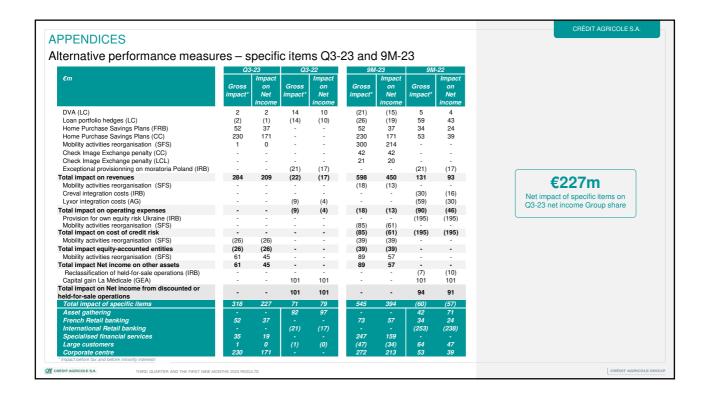


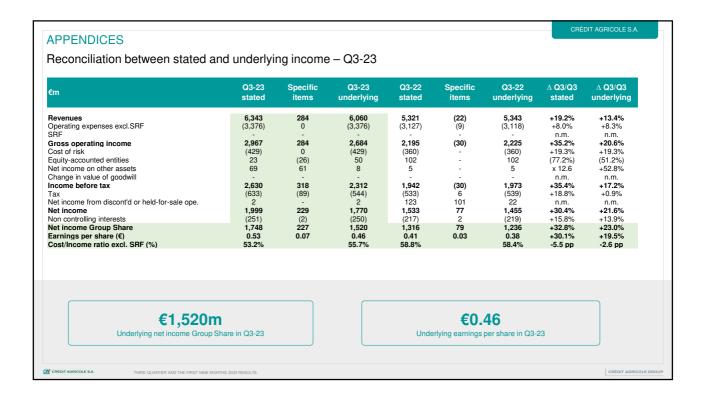


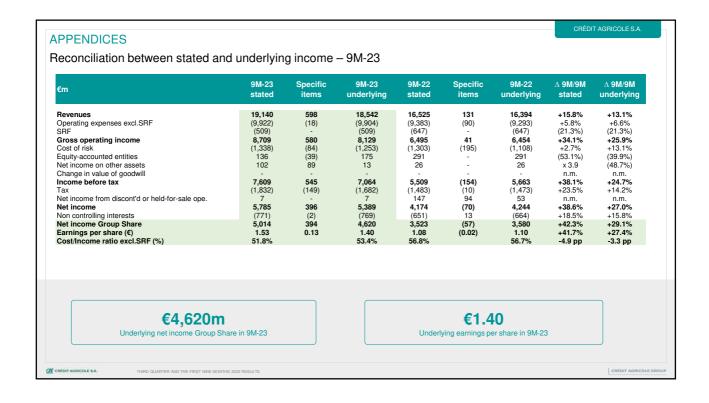


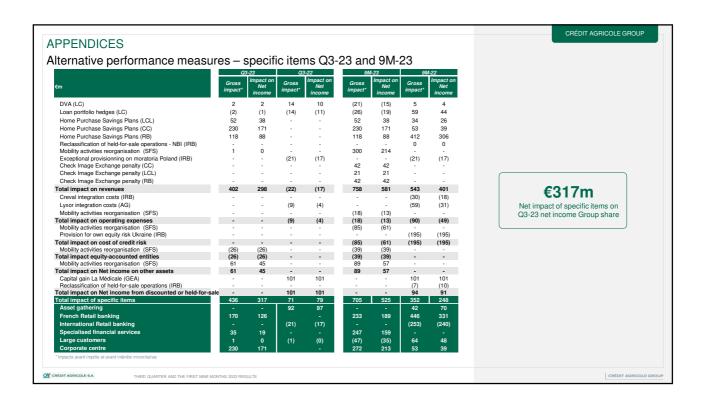


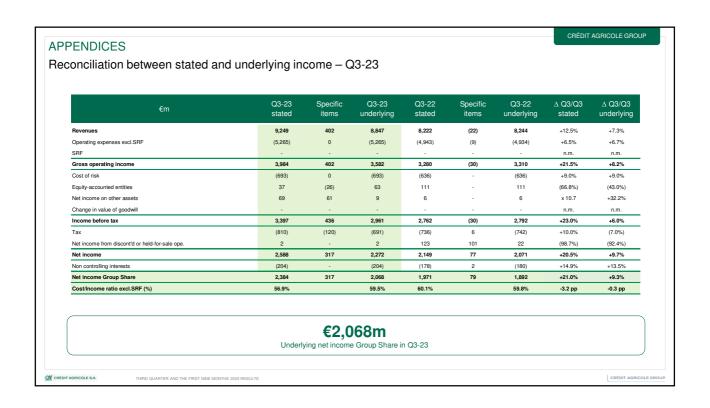
APPENDICES Q3-23 specific items: +€227m in net income Group Q3-22 specific items: +€79 million in net income share Non-recurring items: +€19m on Net income Group share Non-recurring items: +€80m on Net income Group share → CACF: reorganisation of the "mobility" activities(1): -€26m accounted for by the → Gain on disposal of La Médicale (AG): +€101m in net income Group share equity method, +€61m in gains and losses on other assets and +€19m in Net income Group share → Amundi (Lyxor consolidation costs): -€9m in expenses, -€4m in net income Group share → IRB excl. Italy (provisioning on moratoria on home loans in Poland): - €21m in revenues, -€17m in net income Group share Recurring items: +€208m on net income Group share → LCL: reversal of the home purchase savings plans provision: +€37m in net Recurring items: -€0.4m on net income Group share income Group share → CIB: DVA, issuer spread portion of FVA and secured lending: +€14m in → CC: reversal of the home purchase savings plans provision: +€171m in net revenues and +€10m in net income Group share income Group share → CIB: loan book hedge: -€14m in revenues, -€10.4m in net income Group → CIB: DVA, issuer spread portion of FVA and secured lending: +€2m in net income share → CIB: loan book hedge: -€1m in net income Group share (1) Following the non-recurring impact in Q2-23 related to the reorganisation of the CACF Group's "Mobility" activities for +£140m, +£19m was added in Q3-23. These impacts include transfers of goodwill, indemnities received and paid, the accounting treatment of the 100% consolidation of CA Auto Bank (nemary FCA Bank) and the reorganisation of the auton financing activities within the CA Consumer Finance Group (particularly the review of application solutions) See slide 46 for details on specific items for Crédit Agricole S.A. and slide 49 for Crédit Agricole Grou



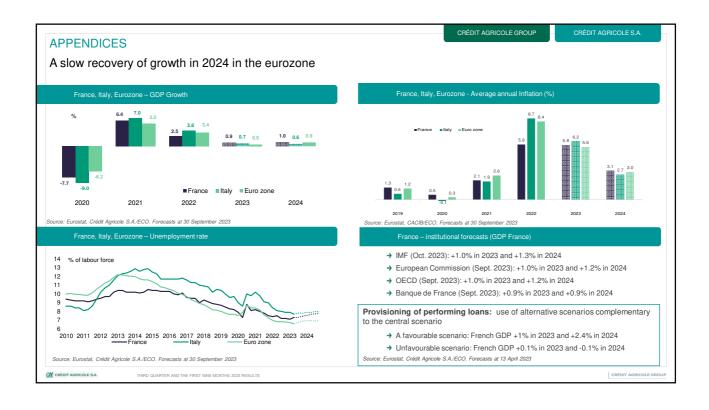


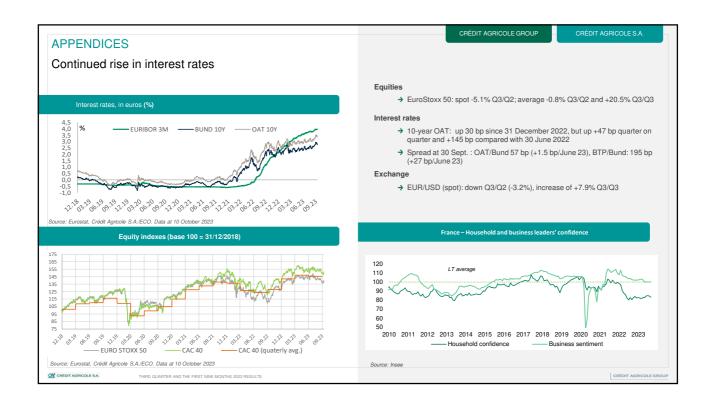


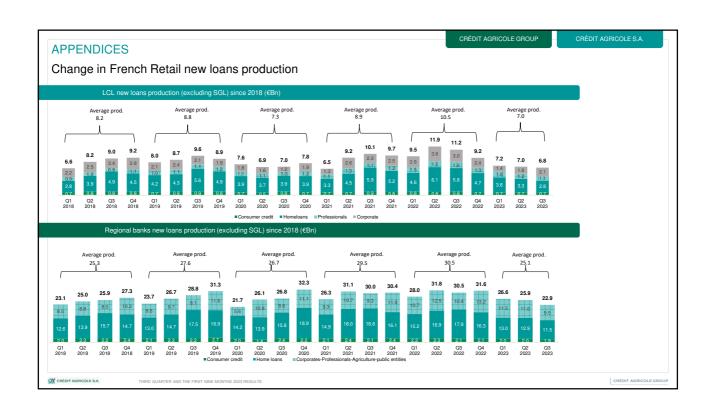


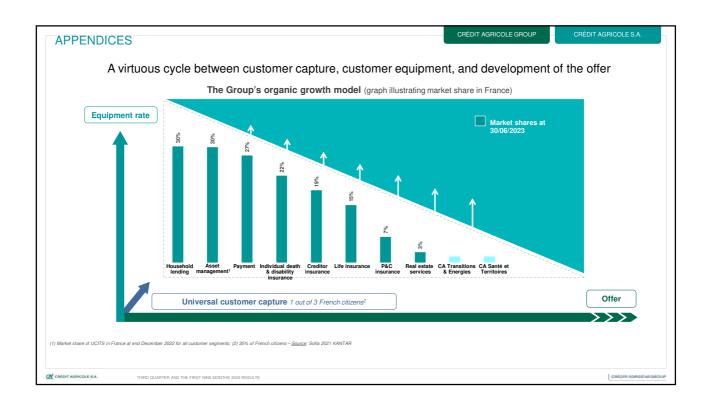


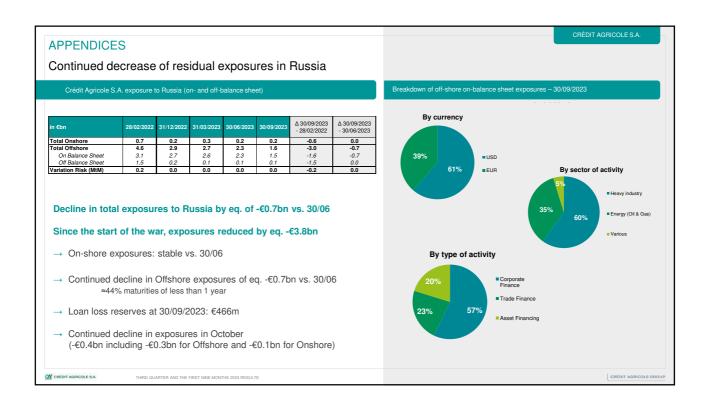
€m	9M-23 stated	Specific items	9M-23 underlying	9M-22 stated	Specific items	9M-22 underlying	∆ 9M/9M stated	∆ 9M/9M underlying
evenues	27,722	758	26,965	25,953	543	25,410	+6.8%	+6.1%
perating expenses excl.SRF	(15,782)	(18)	(15,764)	(15,021)	(90)	(14,931)	+5.1%	+5.6%
RF	(620)	-	(620)	(803)	-	(803)	(22.8%)	(22.8%)
ross operating income	11,321	739	10,581	10,129	453	9,677	+11.8%	+9.3%
ost of risk	(2,179)	(84)	(2,095)	(2,139)	(195)	(1,944)	+1.9%	+7.7%
quity-accounted entities	190	(39)	229	323	-	323	(41.0%)	(29.0%)
et income on other assets	107	89	18	41	-	41	x 2.6	(56.0%)
hange in value of goodwill	-	-			-	-	n.m.	n.m.
come before tax	9,438	705	8,733	8,354	258	8,096	+13.0%	+7.9%
ax	(2,293)	(180)	(2,113)	(2,211)	(117)	(2,094)	+3.7%	+0.9%
et income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	7		7	148	94	53	(95.0%)	(86.2%)
et income	7,153	525	6,628	6,291	235	6,056	+13.7%	+9.4%
on controlling interests	(619)	(0)	(619)	(539)	13	(552)	+14.7%	+12.1%
et income Group Share	6,534	525	6,009	5,752	248	5,504	+13.6%	+9.2%
ost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	56.9%		58.5%	57.9%		58.8%	-0.9 pp	-0.3 pp

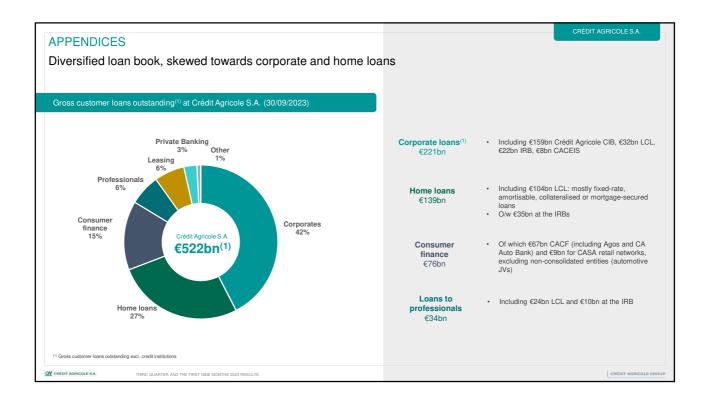


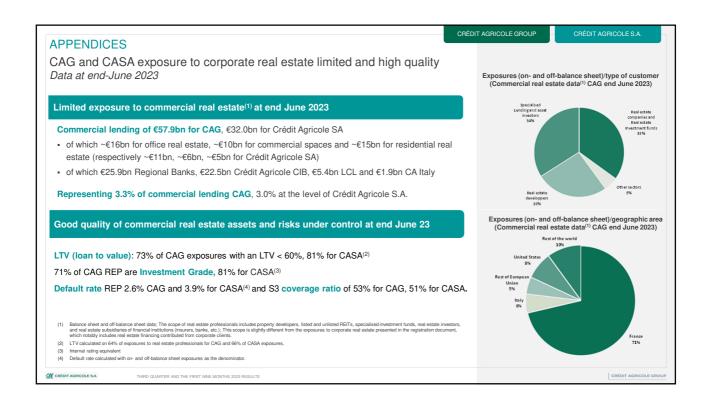


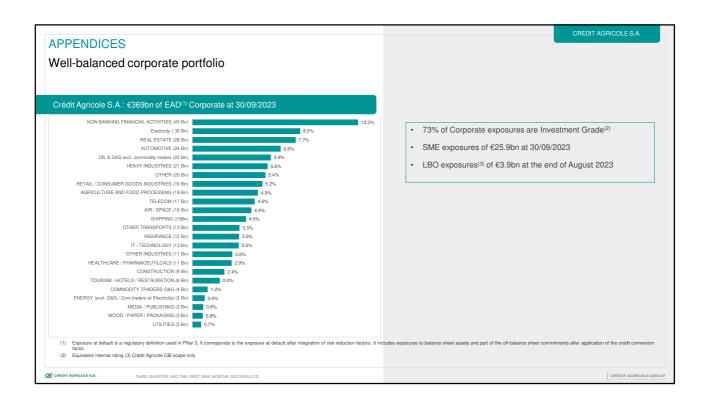


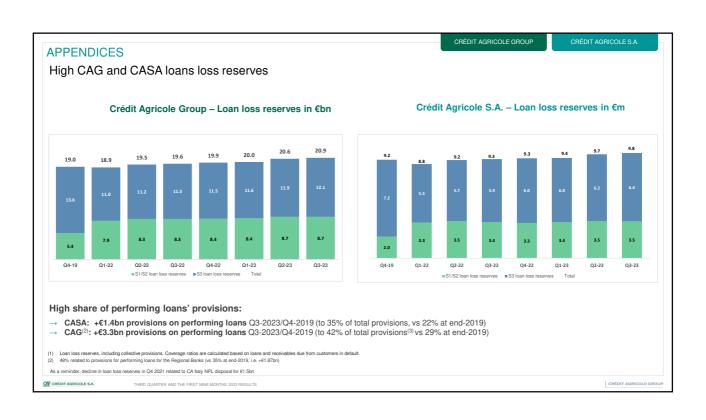


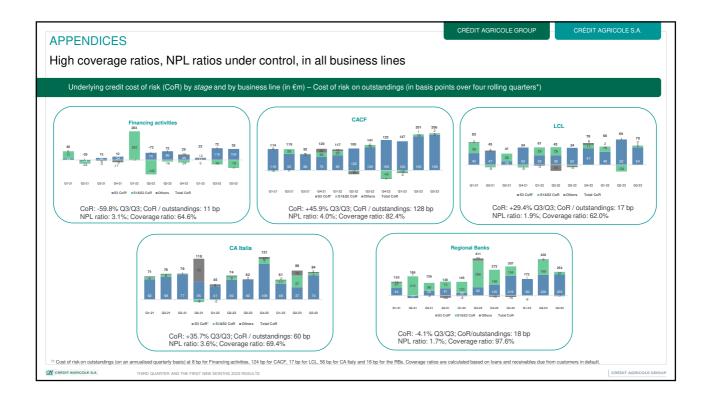


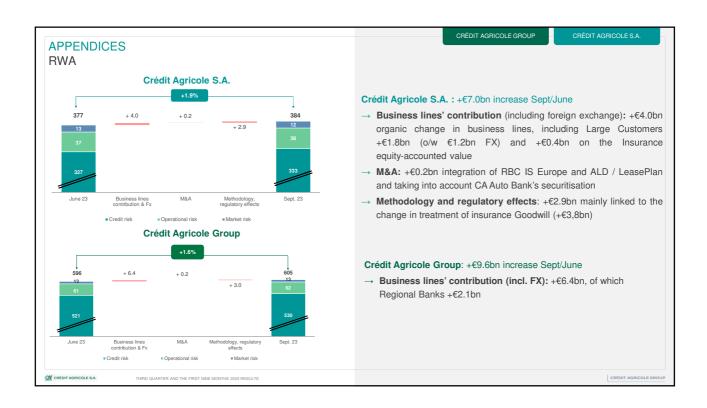


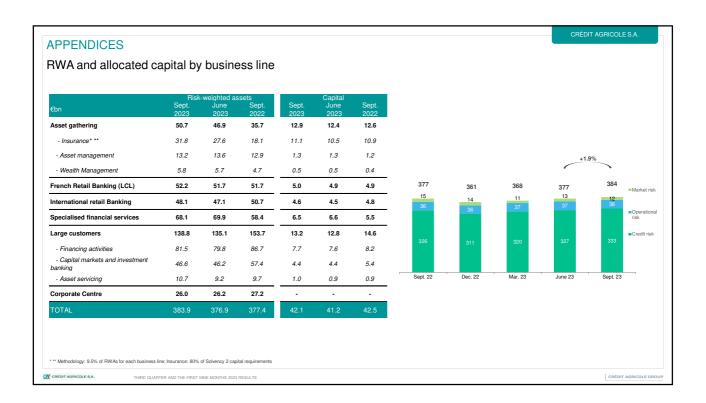


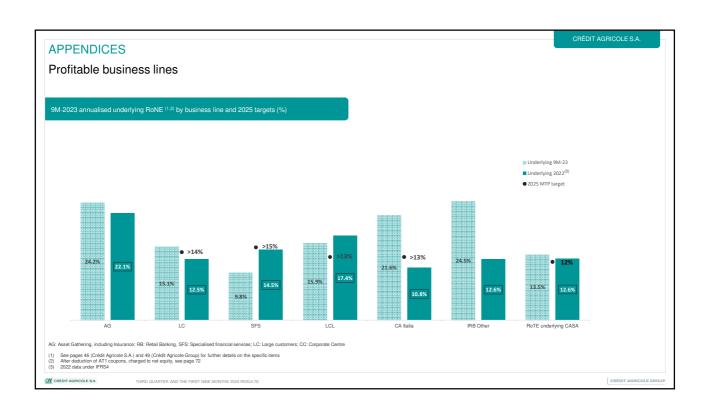


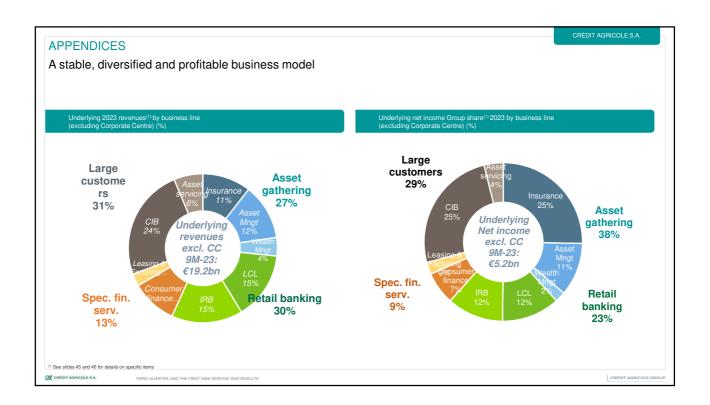


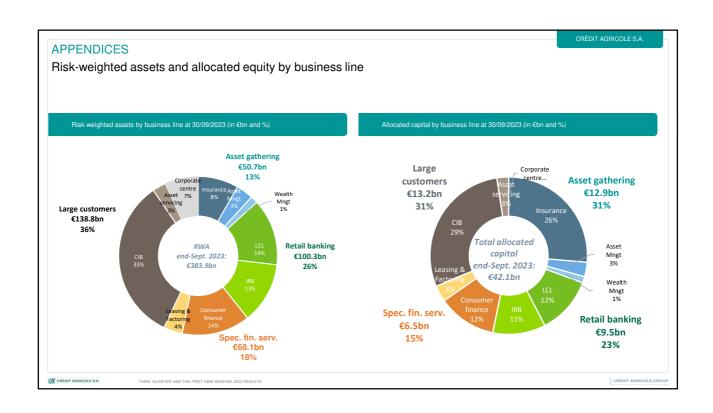


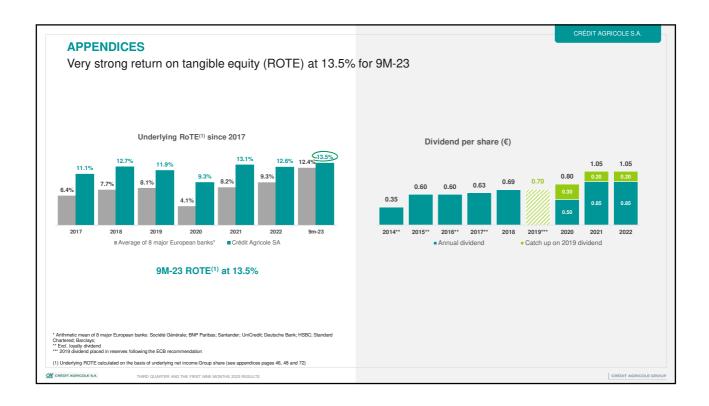


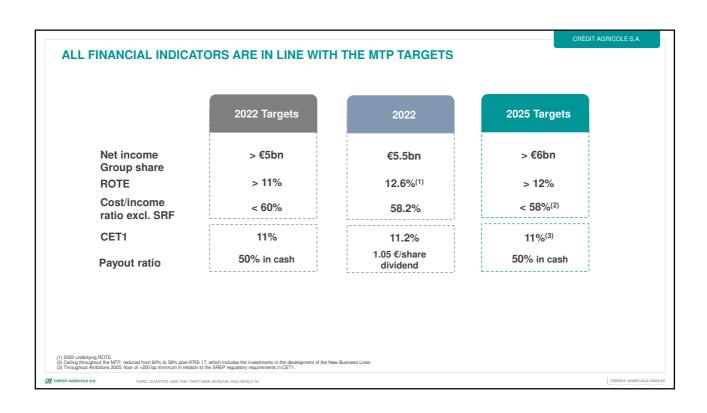


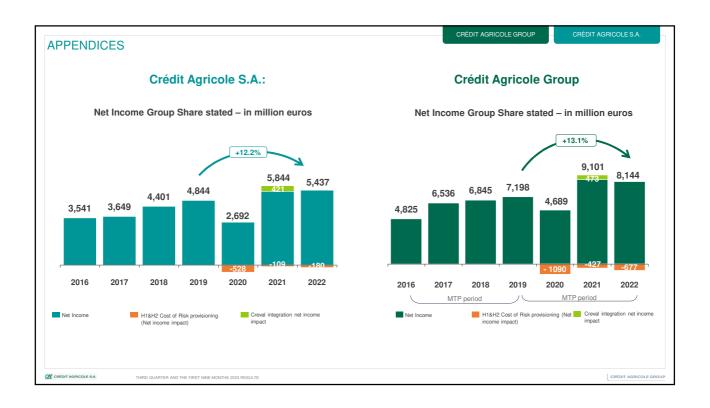


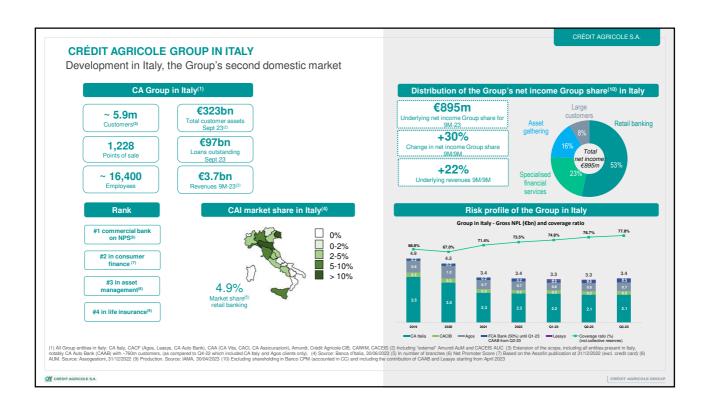




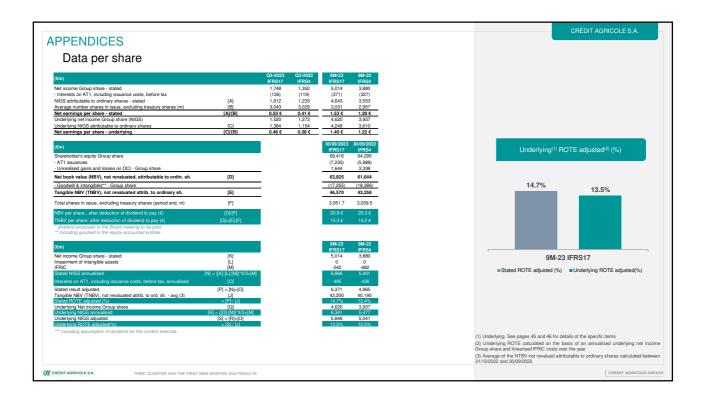


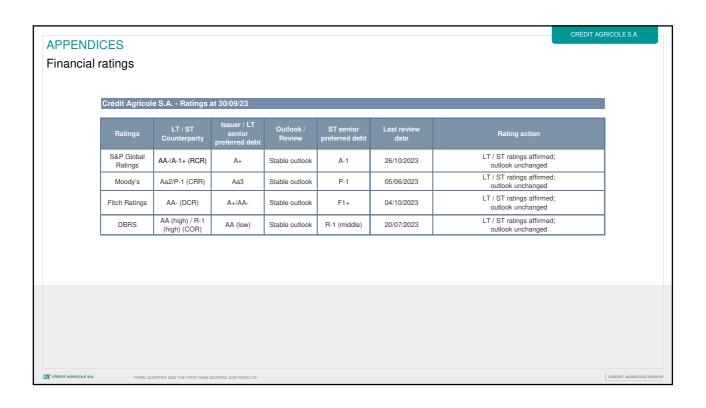


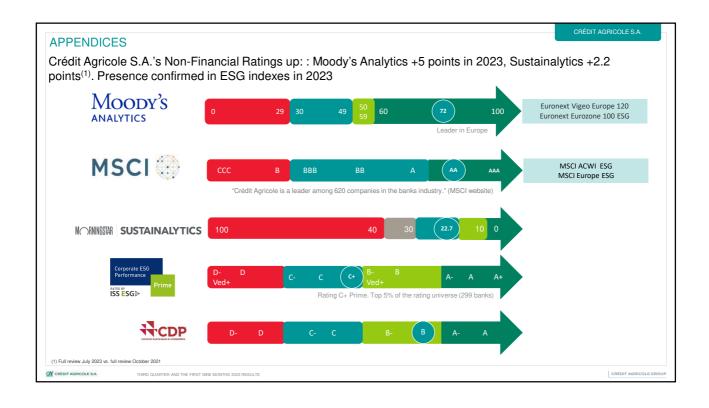


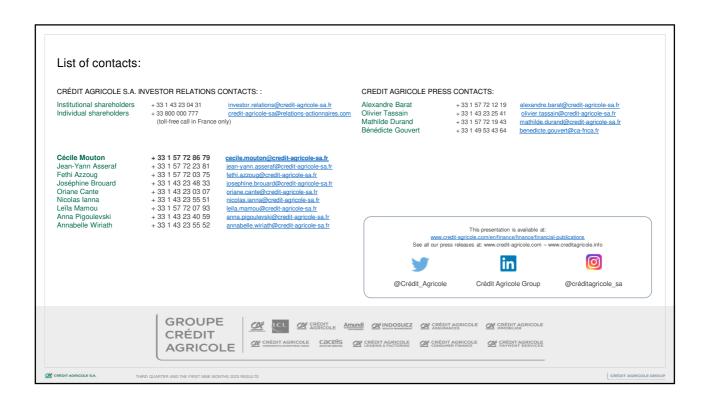


APPENDICES Distribution of share capital and number of shares 31/12/2022 Number of shares 1,822,030,012 Number of share 1,726,880,218 Number of share 1,726,880,218 Breakdown of sha SAS Rue La Boétie 259.7% 56.8% 56.8% Treasury shares (1) 1,081,163 18,994,580 3,086,214 0.0% 0.6% 0.1% 208,251,500 181,574,181 187,591,289 Employees (company investment fund, ESOP) 6.0% Float Total shares in issue (period end) Total shares in issue, excluding treasury shares (period en Total shares in issue, excluding treasury shares (average n 1,021,375,316 33.5% 1,115,111,737 36.7% 1,125,002,995 37.0% 3,052,737,991 3,042,560,716 3,051,656,828 3,030,572,143 (1) Excluded in the calculation of earnings per share (2) Taking account of the first CASA share buykack (+95,148,794 shares) by SAS La Bedele announced on 10 November 2022 (3) Taking account of: (i) the capital discrease through the cancellation of 16,658,366 treasury shares, acquired through a share buyback programme (press release of 13/01/2023) and (ii) the 26,835,541 shares created through the capital increase reserved for employees (press release of 31/08/2023) CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A. THIRD QUARTER AND THE FIRST NINE MONTHS 2023 RESULTS











WORKING EVERY DAY IN THE INTEREST OF OUR CUSTOMERS AND SOCIETY

RESULTS

FOR THE 3RD QUARTER AND FIRST 9 MONTHS 2023 Appendices



Disclaimer

The financial information on Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group for the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 comprises this presentation and the attached appendices and press release, which are available on the website: https://www.credit-agricole.com/finance/publications-financieres.

This presentation may include prospective information on the Group, supplied as information on trends. This data does not represent forecasts within the meaning of EU Delegated Act 2019/980 of 14 March 2019 (Chapter 1, article 1, d).

This information was developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions for a given competitive and regulatory environment. Therefore, these assumptions are by nature subject to random factors that could cause actual results to differ from projections. Likewise, the financial statements are based on estimates, particularly in calculating market value and asset impairment.

Readers must take all these risk factors and uncertainties into consideration before making their own judgement.

The figures presented for the nine-month period ending 30 September 2023 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date, and with the applicable prudential regulations. This financial information does not constitute a set of financial statements for an interim period as defined by IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and has not been audited.

Unless stated otherwise, all figures presented in this presentation for the year 2022 are in proforma IFRS 17 $\,$

Note: The scopes of consolidation of the Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Groups have not changed materially since the Crédit Agricole S.A. 2022 Universal Registration Document and its A.01 update (including all regulatory information about the Crédit Agricole Group) were filed with the AMF (the French Financial Markets Authority).

The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding.

At 30 June 2023, Crédit Agricole Auto Bank is the name of the new entity formed from the takeover of 100% of FCA Bank by Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance. Crédit Agricole Auto Bank is fully consolidated in the Crédit Agricole S.A. consolidated financial statements.

At 30 June 2023, Leasys is the new joint subsidiary between CACF and Stellantis. This entity is consolidated using the equity accounted method in the Crédit Agricole S.A. consolidated financial statements

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance finalised the acquisition of the activities of ALD and Lease Plan in six European countries. The acquisition was made by Drivalia, a subsidiary of Crédit Agricole Auto Bank, and Leasys.

At 30 September 2023, the acquisition of RBC Investor Services in Europe, excluding the Jersey and UK entities, was finalised and the entity was renamed CACEIS Investor Services Bank ("ISB"). ISB is included in the scope of consolidation of Crédit Agricole S.A. as a subsidiary of CACEIS.

CREDIT AGRICOLE S.A.

RESULTS FOR THE 3RD QUARTER AND FIRST 9 MONTHS 2023 APPENDICE

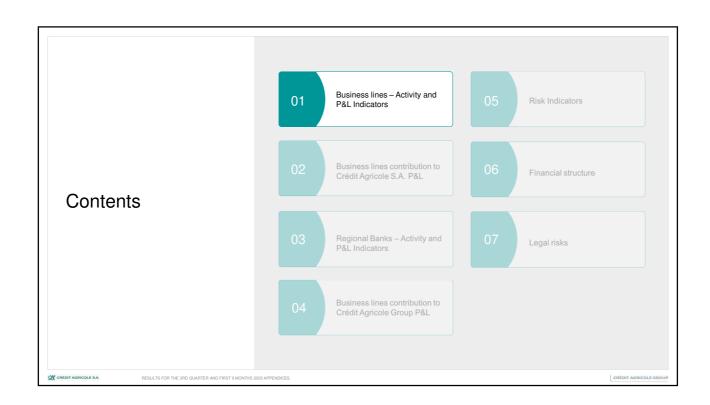
NOTE

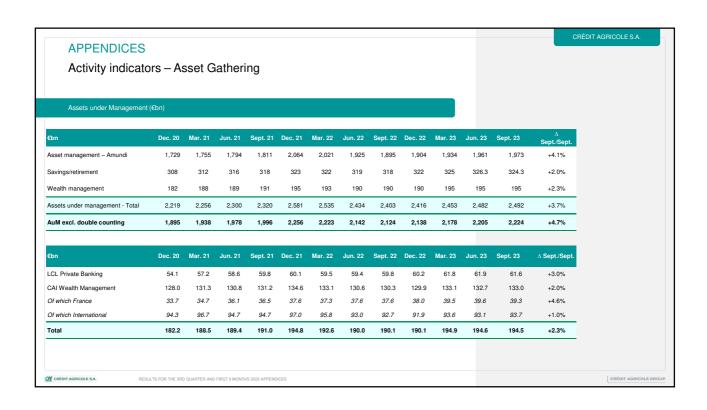
The Crédit Agricole Group scope of consolidation comprises:

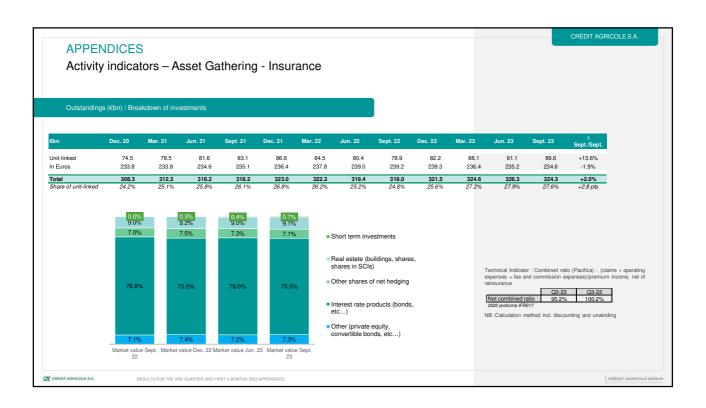
comprises:
the Regional Banks, the Local
Banks, Crédit Agricole S.A. and
their subsidiaries. This is the
scope of consolidation that has
been selected by the competent
authorities to assess the
Group's position in the recent
stress test exercises.

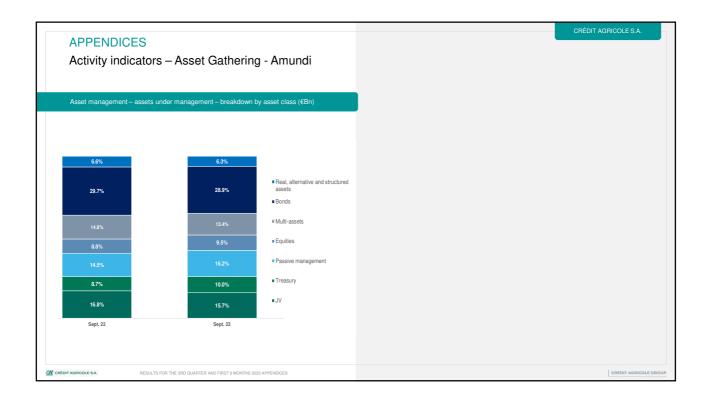
Crédit Agricole S.A. is the listed entity, which notably owns the subsidiaries of its business lines (Asset gathering, Large customers, Specialised financia services, French retail banking and International retail banking)

CRÉDIT AGRICOLE GROU

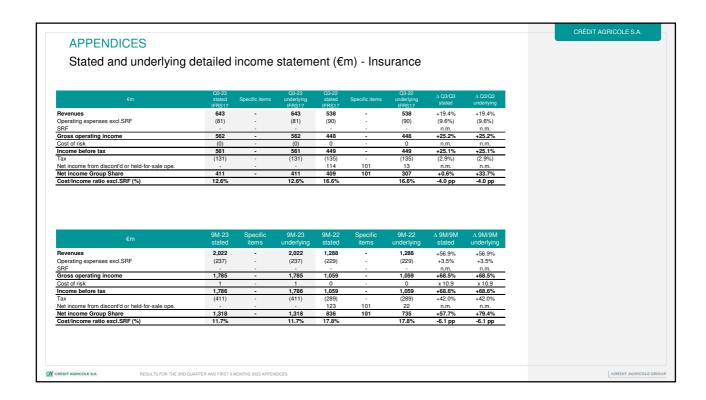




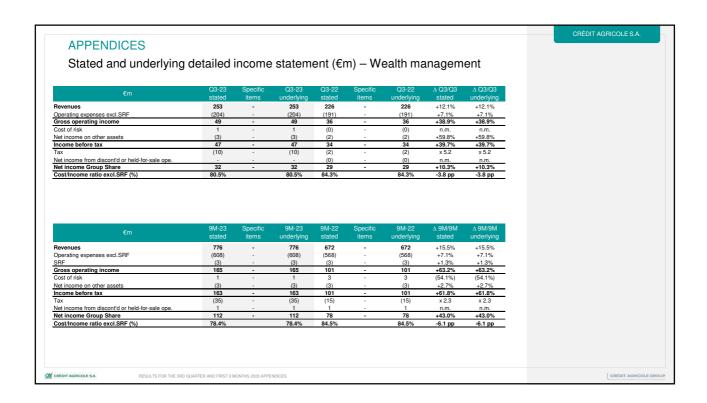


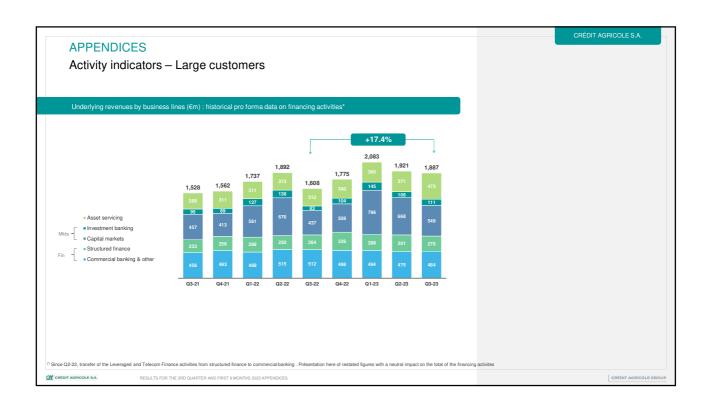


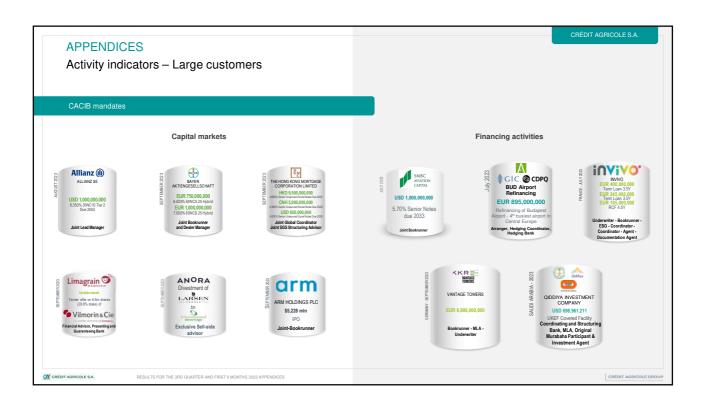
APPENDICES									
Stated and underlyin	ıg detailed	income	statem	ent (€	m) – Ass	et gath	ering		
•	J			`	,	J	J		
	Q3-23		Q3-23	Q3-22		Q3-22			
	stated	Specific items	underlying	stated	Specific items	underlying	Δ Q3/Q3 stated	Δ Q3/Q3 underlying	
	IFRS17		IFRS17	IFRS17		IFRS17			
evenues	1,656	-	1,656	1,502	-	1,502	+10.2%	+10.2%	
perating expenses excl.SRF	(718)	-	(718)	(713)	(9)	(704)	+0.8%	+2.0%	
RF	- 007	-	- 007	789	- (0)	798	n.m.	n.m.	
ross operating income ost of risk	937	-	(0)	(0)	(9)	(0)	+18.8% x 2.5	+17.5% x 2.5	
quity-accounted entities	(0)	-	24	24		24	+2.0%	x 2.5 +2.0%	
let income on other assets	(5)		(5)	(2)		(2)	x 2.9	x 2.9	
ncome before tax	956	-	956	811	(9)	820	+17.9%	+16.7%	
ax	(221)	-	(221)	(211)	2	(213)	+4.5%	+3.5%	
let income	736	-	736	714	95	619	+3.1%	+18.8%	
lon controlling interests	(114)		(114)	(106)	2	(109)	+7.5%	+5.3%	
let income Group Share	621		621	607	97	510	+2.3%	+21.7%	
ost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	43.4%		43.4%	47.5%		46.9%	-4.1 pp	-3.5 pp	
							FF	рр	
								pp	
€m	9M-23	Specific items	9M-23	9M-22	Specific items	9M-22	Δ 9M/9M	Δ 9M/9M	
	stated	Specific items	underlying	stated	Specific items	underlying	Δ 9M/9M stated	Δ 9M/9M underlying	
evenues	stated 5,133	Specific items	underlying 5,133	stated 4,245	-	underlying 4,245	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9%	
evenues perating expenses	5,133 (2,148)	:	5,133 (2,148)	4,245 (2,138)	- (59)	4,245 (2,079)	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3%	
evenues perating expenses RF	5,133 (2,148) (6)	:	5,133 (2,148) (6)	4,245 (2,138) (7)	- (59)	underlying 4,245 (2,079) (7)	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%)	
evenues perating expenses RF iross operating income	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979	- - - -	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100	(59) - (59)	4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0%	
evenues perating expenses RF irons operating income ost of risk	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1)	:	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1)	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6)	(59) - (59)	4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6)	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%)	
evenues perating expenses RF ross operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73	- - - -	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64	(59) - (59) -	underlying 4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13.9%	
evenues perating expenses RF rorss operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities et income on other assets	\$133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5)	- - - - - -	underlying 5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5)	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64 1	(59) - (59) - - -	4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64 1	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m.	A 9M/9M underlying +20,9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m.	
evenues perating expenses RF ross operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities et income on other assets toome before tax	\$133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047	- - - -	underlying 5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64 1 2,160	(59) - (59) - - - (59)	underlying 4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64 1 2,219	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m. +41.0%	A 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m. +37.3%	
evenues perating expenses RF ross operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities et income on other assets come before tax ax	\$133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5)		underlying 5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5)	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64 1	(59) - (59) - - -	4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64 1	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m.	A 9M/9M underlying +20,9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m.	
evenues perating expenses RF irons operating income ost of risk	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047 (699)		underlying 5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047 (699)	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64 1 2,160 (537)	(59) - (59) - - - - (59) 15	underlying 4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64 1 2,219 (552)	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m. +41.0% +30.1%	A 9M/9M underlying +20,9% +3,3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13,9% n.m. +37.3% +26.6%	
evenues perating expenses RF ross operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities et income on other assets come before tax ax et income	5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047 (699) 2,349		underlying 5,133 (2,148) (6) 2,979 (1) 73 (5) 3,047 (699) 2,349	4,245 (2,138) (7) 2,100 (6) 64 1 2,160 (537) 1,747	(59) (59) (59) (59) 15	underlying 4,245 (2,079) (7) 2,159 (6) 64 1 2,219 (552) 1,690	Δ 9M/9M stated +20.9% +0.5% (14.8%) +41.9% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m. +41.0% +34.5%	1.4 9M/9M underlying +20.9% +3.3% (14.8%) +38.0% (77.2%) +13.9% n.m. +25.6% +26.6%	



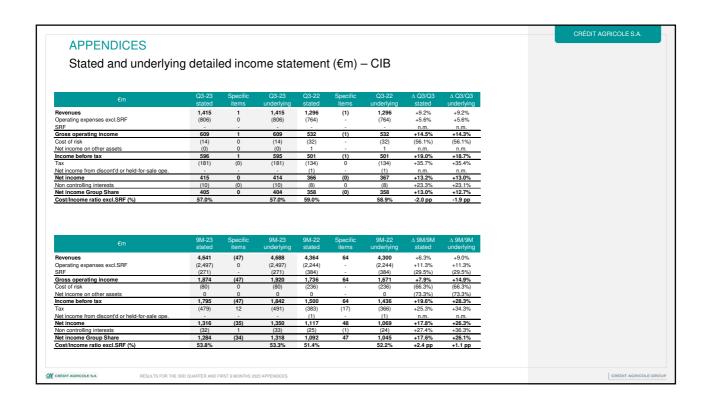
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	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	Δ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
€m	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
Revenues	760	-	760	738	-	738	+3.0%	+3.0%	
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(433)	-	(433)	(433)	(9)	(424)	+0.1%	+2.2%	
Gross operating income	326	-	326	305	(9)	314	+7.0%	+4.0%	
Cost of risk	(1)	-	(1)	(0)	-	(0)	+65.8%	+65.8%	
Equity-accounted entities	24	-	24	24	-	24	+2.0%	+2.0%	
Income before tax	348	-	348	328	(9)	337	+5.9%	+3.2%	
Tax	(80)	-	(80)	(74)	2	(76)	+7.5%	+4.5%	
Net income	268		268	254	(7)	261	+5.4%	+2.8%	
Non controlling interests	(90)		(90)	(85)	2	(87)	+6.0%	+3.3%	
	178	-	178	169	(4)	174	+5.2%	+2.5%	
Net income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	178 57.0%	-	178 57.0%	169 58.6%	(4)	174 57.5%	+5.2% -1.6 pp	+2.5% -0.4 pp	
		-			(4)				
	57.0% 9M-23	Specific	57.0% 9M-23	58.6% 9M-22	Specific	57.5% 9M-22	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M	-0.4 pp Δ 9M/9M	
Cost/Income ratio excLSRF (%)	57.0% 9M-23 stated		57.0% 9M-23 underlying	58.6% 9M-22 stated	Specific items	57.5% 9M-22 underlying	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated	-0.4 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) €m Revenues	57.0% 9M-23 stated 2,336	Specific	9M-23 underlying 2,336	9M-22 stated 2,286	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 2,286	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2%	-0.4 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2%	
Cost/Income ratio excLSRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excLSRF	57.0% 9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303)	Specific	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341)	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282)	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3)	Specific items - -	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5)	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5)	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%)	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income	57.0% 9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940	Specific items - (59)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +9.6%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030	Specific items - -	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8)	Specific items - (59) - (59)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8)	Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +9.6% (57.1%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%)	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8) 64	Specific items - (59) - (59)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8) 64	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +9.6% (57.1%) +13.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8) 64 4	Specific items - (59) - (59)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8) 64	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (57.1%) +9.6% (57.1%) n.m.	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m.	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Net income before tax	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8) 64 4	Specific items - (59) - (59) - (59)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8) 64 4 1,059	Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +9.6% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +9.8%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +3.6%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equivaccounted entities Net income to other assets income before tax Tax	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8) 64 4 1,000 (233)	Specific items - (59) (59) 15	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8) 64 4 1,059 (247)	Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (55.1%) +9.6% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +9.8% +8.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +3.6% +2.4%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SSF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax Tax Net income	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844	Specific flems	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (8) 64 4 1,000 (233) 767	Specific items (59) (59) (59) (59) (45)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 64 4 1,059 (247) 812	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +3.9% (57.1%) +3.8% +8.9% +10.9%	A 9M/9M underlying underlying +2 2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +3.6% +2.4% +4.0%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax Tax Net income Non controlling interests	57.0% 9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844 (279)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844 (279)	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (5) 940 (8) 64 4 1,000 (233) 767 (254)	Specific items - (59) - (59) - (59) 15 (45) 14	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 (8) 64 4 1,059 (247) 812 (269)	Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) +9.6% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +9.8% +10.0%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +2.2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +3.6% +2.4% +4.0% +3.6%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SSF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax Tax Net income	9M-23 stated 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844	Specific flems	9M-23 underlying 2,336 (1,303) (3) 1,030 (3) 73 (2) 1,098 (253) 844	9M-22 stated 2,286 (1,341) (8) 64 4 1,000 (233) 767	Specific items (59) (59) (59) (59) (45)	9M-22 underlying 2,286 (1,282) (5) 999 64 4 1,059 (247) 812	-1.6 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +2.2% (2.9%) (25.1%) +3.9% (57.1%) +3.8% +8.9% +10.9%	A 9M/9M underlying underlying +2 2% +1.6% (25.1%) +3.1% (57.1%) +13.9% n.m. +3.6% +2.4% +4.0%	



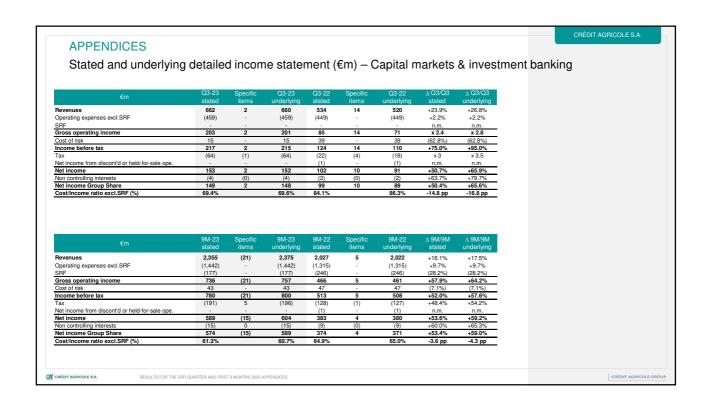




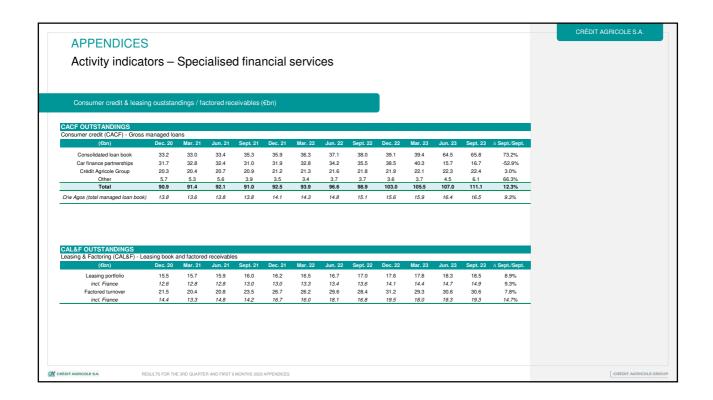
Stated and underlyin	g detail	ed inco	ome stat	emen	ıt (€m) ·	– Large	e custo:	mers	
,	0				, ,	J			
€m	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	Δ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
evenues	1,888	1	1,887	1,607	(1)	1,608	+17.4%	+17.4%	
perating expenses excl.SRF	(1,139)	0	(1,139)	(978)	-	(978)	+16.5%	+16.5%	
RF	-	-	-	-	-	-	n.m.	n.m.	
iross operating income	748	1	748	630	(1)	630	+18.8%	+18.6%	
Cost of risk	(13)	0	(13)	(34)	-	(34)	(61.9%)	(61.9%)	
quity-accounted entities	6	(0)	6	5	-	5	+14.9%	+14.9%	
let income on other assets	(2)	0	(2)	1		1	n.m.	n.m.	
ncome before tax	739	11	739	602	(1)	603	+22.8%	+22.6%	
ax	(203)	(0)	(203)	(156)	0	(156)	+30.2%	+29.9%	
let income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	- :-			(1)		(1)	n.m.	n.m.	
let income	536	0	536	445	(0)	445	+20.5%	+20.3%	
lon controlling interests	(48)	(0)	(48)	(33)	0	(33)	+45.1%	+45.0%	
let income Group Share cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	488 60.4%	0	488 60.4%	412 60.8%	(0)	412 60.8%	+18.5% -0.5 pp	+18.3% -0.4 pp	
	9M-23	Specific	9M-23	9M-22	Specific	9M-22	Δ 9M/9M	Δ 9M/9M	
€m	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
	5.044	(47)		F 004	64		10.00/		
tevenues Operating expenses excl.SRF	5,844	(47)	5,891	5,301	64	5,237	+10.3%	+12.5%	
	(3,298)		(3,298)	(2,905)		(2,905)	+13.5%	+13.5%	
	(312) 2,234	(47)	(312) 2.281	1,954	64	(442) 1.890	(29.4%) +14.3%	(29.4%) +20.7%	
RF			(81)	(236)	- 04	(236)	(65.5%)	(65.5%)	
RF iross operating income			(01)					(65.5%) +49.5%	
RF Bross operating income cost of risk	(81)	0	17	11		11			
RF Bross operating income cost of risk quity-accounted entities	(81) 17	(0)	17	11		11	+49.5%		
RF Iross operating income cost of risk cquity-accounted entities let income on other assets	(81) 17 3	(0)	3	0		0	x 6.7	x 6.7	
RF ross operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities tet income on other assets tcome before tax	(81) 17 3 2,173	(0) 0 (47)	3 2,220	0 1,730	- 64	0 1,666	x 6.7 +25.6%	x 6.7 +33.2%	
RF iross operating income iost of risk quity-accounted entities tel income on other assets tcome before tax ax	(81) 17 3	(0)	3	0 1,730 (436)		0 1,666 (419)	x 6.7 +25.6% +28.7%	x 6.7 +33.2% +36.7%	
RF iros operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities tel income on other assets accome before tax ax et tel income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	(81) 17 3 2,173 (561)	(0) 0 (47) 12	3 2,220 (573)	0 1,730 (436) (1)	- 64 (17) -	0 1,666 (419) (1)	x 6.7 +25.6% +28.7% n.m.	x 6.7 +33.2% +36.7% n.m.	
IRF iross operating income cost of risk quily-accounted entities et income on other assets come before tax at et income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	(81) 17 3 2,173 (561) -	(0) 0 (47) 12 - (35)	3 2,220 (573) - 1,646	0 1,730 (436) (1) 1,293	64 (17) - 48	0 1,666 (419) (1) 1,246	x 6.7 +25.6% +28.7% n.m. +24.6%	x 6.7 +33.2% +36.7% n.m. +32.2%	
IRF iros operating income ost of risk quity-accounted entities let income on other assets ncome before tax ax let income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope. let income lon controlling interests	(81) 17 3 2,173 (561) - 1,612 (125)	(0) 0 (47) 12 - (35)	3 2,220 (573) - 1,646 (126)	0 1,730 (436) (1) 1,293 (82)	- 64 (17) -	0 1,666 (419) (1) 1,246 (81)	x 6.7 +25.6% +28.7% n.m. +24.6% +52.9%	x 6.7 +33.2% +36.7% n.m. +32.2% +55.9%	
PAPE TO SENT T	(81) 17 3 2,173 (561) -	(0) 0 (47) 12 - (35)	3 2,220 (573) - 1,646	0 1,730 (436) (1) 1,293	64 (17) - 48 (1)	0 1,666 (419) (1) 1,246	x 6.7 +25.6% +28.7% n.m. +24.6%	x 6.7 +33.2% +36.7% n.m. +32.2%	



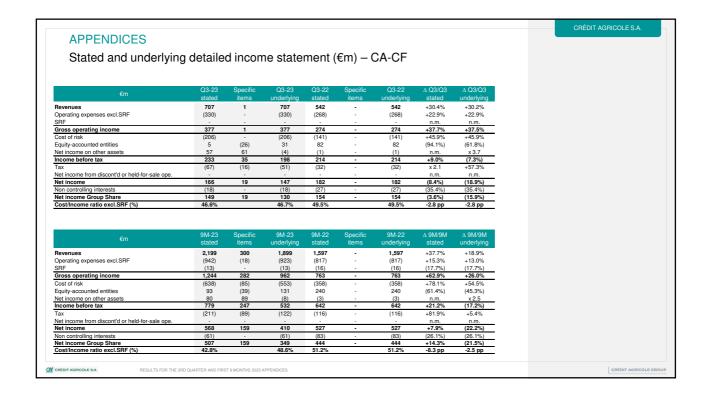
APPENDICES Stated and underlying detailed income statement (€m) – Financing activities (14) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF 753 (347) (2) 0 **755** (347) 761 (315) 776 (315) (1.1%) +10.3% (2.7%) +10.3% SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk n.m. (11.6%) (14) Net income on other assets Income before tax (14) (2.8%) Tax Net income (116) 275 (1.2%) (4.6%) (11) (1) Non controlling interests Net income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF ((10) (1) Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF 2,287 (1,055) (**26**) 2,313 2,337 59 -2,278 (2.1%) +13.5% +1.5% +13.5% SRF Gross operating income (94) 1,137 (94) 1,164 (138) 1,270 (138) 1,210 (31.8%) (10.4%) (31.8%) (26) (123) Income before tax 1,016 (26) 1,042 987 59 928 +2.8% +12.2% Net income 727 (19) 746 733 44 689 (0.9%) +8.2% Non controlling interests Net income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) (19) 43 CRÉDIT AGRICOLE SA RESULTS FOR THE 3RD QUARTER AND FIRST 9 MONTHS 2023 APPENDICES



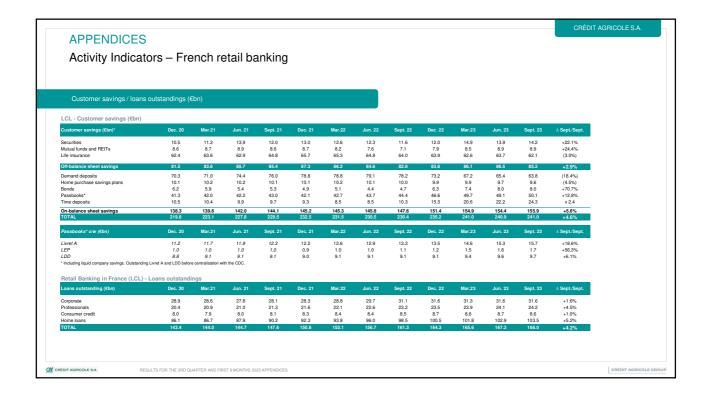
Stated and underlyi	ng detailed	l incom	e staten	าent (€	∄m) – A	sset Ser	vicing		
•	•			,	•		•		
	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	Δ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
€m	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
Revenues	472	-	472	312	-	312	+51.5%	+51.5%	
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(333)		(333)	(214)	-	(214)	+55.8%	+55.8%	
SRF	` - '	-	`- ′	- '	-		n.m.	n.m.	
Gross operating income	139	-	139	98	-	98	+42.2%	+42.2%	
Cost of risk	1	-	1	(2)	-	(2)	n.m.	n.m.	
quity-accounted entities	5	-	5	5	-	5	(3.8%)	(3.8%)	
ncome before tax	143	-	143	101	-	101	+41.6%	+41.6%	
ax	(22)	-	(22)	(22)	-	(22)	(2.8%)	(2.8%)	
let income	122	-	122	79		79	+54.1%	+54.1%	
			(38)	(25)	-	(25)	+52.1%	+52.1%	
Von controlling interests	(38)								
Net income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	83 70.6%	-	83 70.6%	54 68.6%	-	54 68.6%	+55.1% +1.9 pp	+55.1% +1.9 pp	
let income Group Share	83	-			-				
let income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	83	- Specific			Specific				
let income Group Share	83 70.6%		70.6%	68.6%		68.6%	+1.9 pp	+1.9 pp	
let income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) €m Revenues	9M-23 stated	Specific	70.6% 9M-23	68.6% 9M-22	Specific	68.6% 9M-22	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4%	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4%	
let income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) €m Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF	9M-23 stated 1,203 (801)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801)	9M-22 stated 937 (660)	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3%	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3%	
let income Group Share Cost/income ratio excl.SRF (%) €m Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF	9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42)	Specific items -	70.6% 9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42)	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58)	Specific items - -	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%)	
et income Group Share Cost/income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income	83 70.6% 9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219	Specific items - - -	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk	9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2)	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219	Specific items - - - -	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m.	1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m.	
et income Group Share Cost/income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities	83 70.6% 9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219 0	Specific items - - - -	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219 0	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Income before tax	83 70.6% 9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16	Specific items	70.6% 9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3%	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Income before tax Tax	33 70.6% 9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) (380 (2) 16 378 (82)	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82)	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230 (53)	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 0 11 230 (53)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3%	1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +53.6%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Income before tax Tax Net income	9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 0 11 230 (53) 177	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230 (53)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +53.6% +57.5%	1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +53.6% +67.5%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Fin Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SSRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Income before tax Tax Net income Non controlling interests	83 70.6% 9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296 (94)	Specific items	70.6% 9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296 (94)	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230 (53) (53)	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230 (53) 177 (57)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +55.6% +67.5% +64.1%	+1.9 pp A 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +55.5% +67.5%	
et income Group Share Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em Revenues Operating expenses excl.SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities Income before tax Tax Net income	9M-23 stated 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296	Specific items	9M-23 underlying 1,203 (801) (42) 360 (2) 16 378 (82) 296	9M-22 stated 937 (660) (58) 0 11 230 (53) 177	Specific items	9M-22 underlying 937 (660) (58) 219 0 11 230 (53)	+1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M stated +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +53.6% +57.5%	1.9 pp Δ 9M/9M underlying +28.4% +21.3% (28.3%) +64.9% n.m. +41.2% +64.3% +53.6% +67.5%	

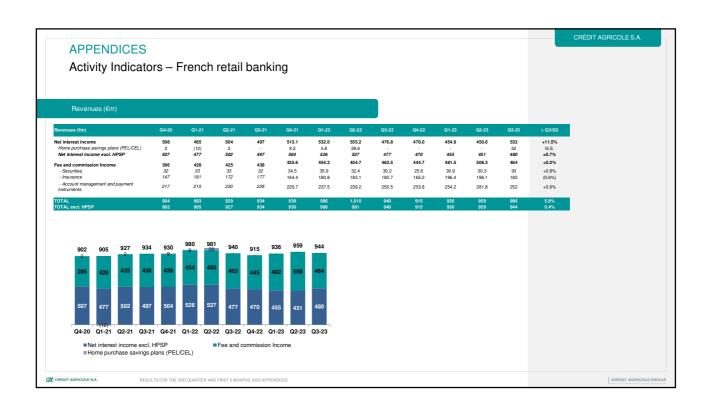


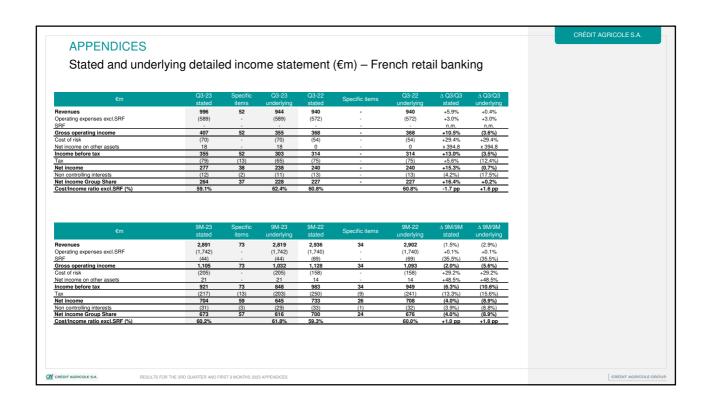
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Stated and underlying	uetane	u ii icoi	ne state	mem	(E III) — (Specialis	seu iiiia	i iciai sei vices	
	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	Δ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
€m	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
venues	883	1	883	699	-	699	+26.3%	+26.2%	
erating expenses excl.SRF	(424)		(424)	(358)	-	(358)	+18.4%	+18.4%	
F		-	`- '		-		n.m.	n.m.	
oss operating income	460	1	459	341	-	341	+34.6%	+34.4%	
st of risk	(224)	-	(224)	(151)	-	(151)	+48.1%	+48.1%	
uity-accounted entities	5	(26)	32	82	-	82	(93.8%)	(61.5%)	
t income on other assets	57	61	(4)	6	-	6	x 10.2	n.m.	
come before tax	298	35	263	278	-	278	+7.0%	(5.5%)	
x	(77)	(16)	(61)	(47)	-	(47)	+61.4%	+27.9%	
t income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	(0)		(0)	1	-	1	n.m.	n.m.	
tincome	220	19	201	232	-	232	(4.9%)	(13.1%)	
n controlling interests t income Group Share	(17) 204	19	(17) 185	(27) 205		(27) 205	(38.7%)	(38.7%)	
st/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	48.0%	19	48.0%	51.2%		51.2%	-3.2 pp	-3.2 pp	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
€m	9M-23	Specific	9M-23	9M-22	Specific	9M-22	∆ 9M/9M	∆ 9M/9M	
	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
venues	2,717	300	2,417	2,072	-	2,072	+31.2%	+16.7%	
erating expenses excl.SRF	(1,224)	(18)	(1,205)	(1,084)	-	(1,084)	+12.9%	+11.2%	
F	(29)	-	(29)	(34)	-	(34)	(15.7%)	(15.7%)	
oss operating income	1,465	282	1,183	954	-	954	+53.6%	+24.1%	
st of risk	(686)	(85)	(602)	(388)	-	(388)	+77.0%	+55.2%	
uity-accounted entities	90	(39)	129	240	-	240	(62.5%)	(46.5%)	
t income on other assets	81	89	(7)	4	-	4	x 21.3	n.m.	
come before tax	950	247	703	810	-	810	+17.2%	(13.3%)	
х	(254)	(89)	(165)	(161)	-	(161)	+57.1%	+2.3%	
t income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	(0)	-	(0)	4	-	4	n.m.	n.m.	
t income	696	159	537	652		652	+6.7%	(17.6%)	
n controlling interests	(61) 635	159	(61) 476	(83) 569	-	(83) 569	(26.7%) +11.6%	(26.7%)	
					-	269	+11.6%	(10.3%)	
t income Group Share st/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	45.0%		49.9%	52.3%		52.3%	-7.3 pp	-2.5 pp	

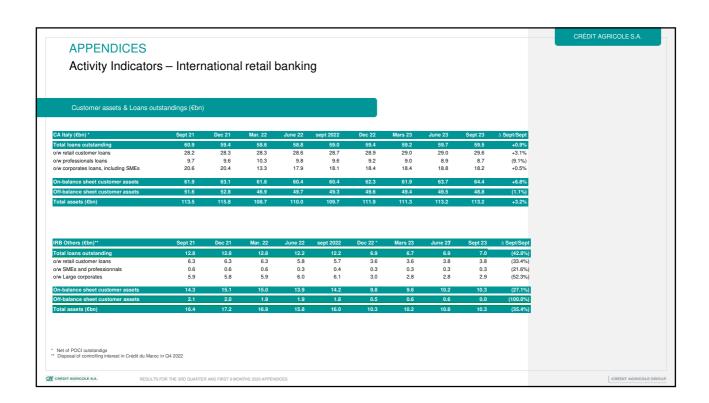


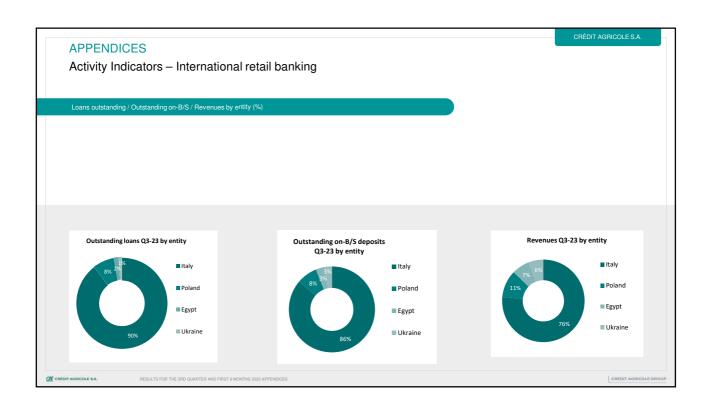
€m	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	∆ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
EIII	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
evenues	177	-	177	157	-	157	+12.8%	+12.8%	
perating expenses excl.SRF	(94)	-	(94)	(90)	-	(90)	+5.5%	+5.5%	
RF		-	-		-	-	n.m.	n.m.	
ross operating income	82	-	82	67	-	67	+22.5%	+22.5%	
ost of risk	(18)	-	(18)	(10)	-	(10)	+79.3%	+79.3%	
et income on other assets come before tax	(0) 64	- : -	(0) 64	7 64		7 64	n.m. +0.8%	n.m. +0.8%	
ax	(10)		(10)	(15)		(15)	(35.3%)	(35.3%)	
et income Group Share	55		55	50		50	+9.9%	+9.9%	
			53.4%	57.1%		57.1%	-3.7 pp	-3.7 pp	
ost/income ratio excl.SRF (%)	53.4%		53.4%	57.176		37.176	-о.т рр	-э.7 рр	
	9M-23	Specific	9M-23	9M-22	Specific	9M-22	Δ 9M/9M	∆ 9М/9М	
ost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	9M-23 stated	Specific items		9M-22 stated	Specific items	9M-22 underlying	•		
ost/Income ratio excLSRF (%) Em	9M-23 stated 518		9M-23 underlying 518	9M-22 stated 475		9M-22 underlying 475	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1%	
excl.SRF (%) Em Evenues Derating expenses excl.SRF	9M-23 stated 518 (282)	items	9M-23 underlying 518 (282)	9M-22 stated 475 (267)	items	9M-22 underlying 475 (267)	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7%	
ost/Income ratio excLSRF (%) €m ovenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15)	items - - -	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15)	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18)	items - - -	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18)	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%)	
evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF ross operating income	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15) 221	items - - - -	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15) 221	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18) 190	items - - - -	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18) 190	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2%	
evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF ross operating income ost of risk	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15) 221 (49)	items - - -	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15) 221 (49)	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18) 190 (30)	items - - -	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18) 190 (30)	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8%	
evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF RF ross operating income st frisk t income on other assets	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	items	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	items	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%)	
evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF ross operating income ost of risk	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	items	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	items	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%) +1.9%	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%) +1.9%	
em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF rooso operating income ost of risk st income on other assets come before tax	9M-23 stated 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	items	9M-23 underlying 518 (282) (15) 221 (49) 1	9M-22 stated 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	items	9M-22 underlying 475 (267) (18) 190 (30) 7	Δ 9M/9M stated +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%)	Δ 9M/9M underlying +9.1% +5.7% (14.0%) +16.2% +63.8% (85.3%)	



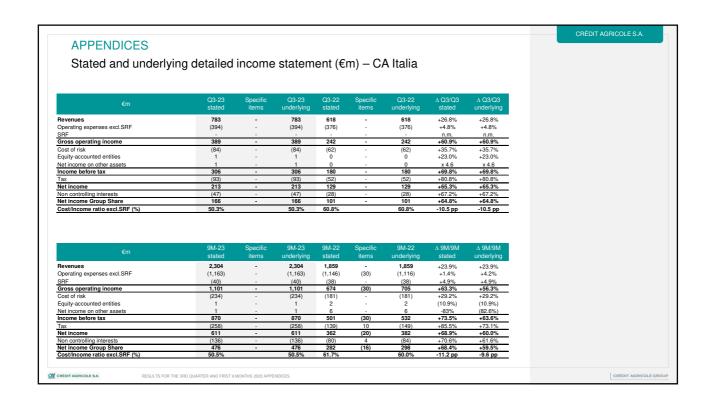




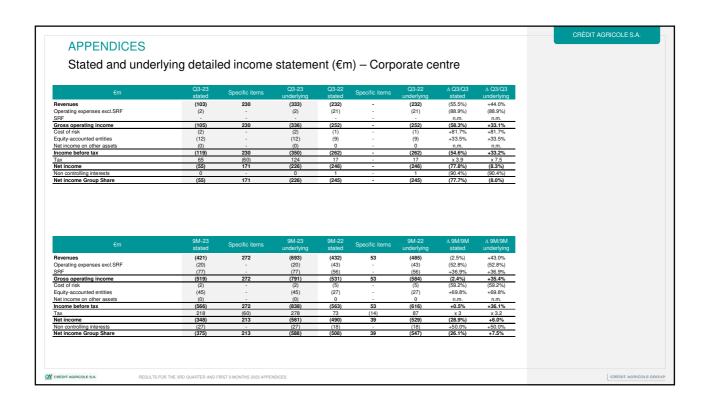




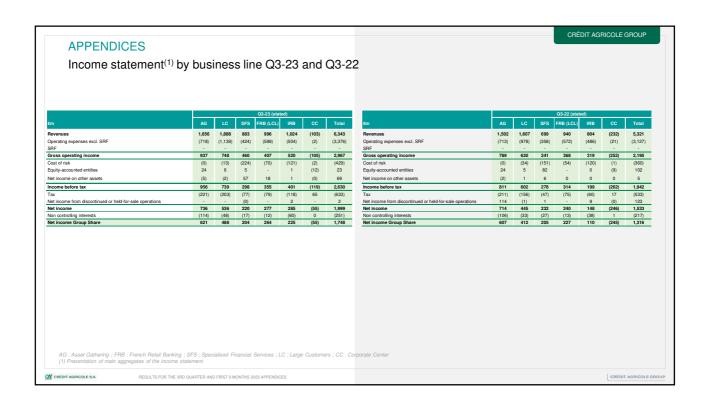
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Stated and underlying	uctaneu	IIICOIIIC	Statem	CIII (CI	11) — 111	terriation	iai i Ciai	Danking	
€m	Q3-23	Specific	Q3-23	Q3-22	Specific	Q3-22	Δ Q3/Q3	Δ Q3/Q3	
	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
Revenues	1,024	-	1,024	804	(21)	825	+27.3%	+24.1%	
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(504)	-	(504)	(486)	-	(486)	+3.7%	+3.7%	
SRF Gross operating income	520		520	319	(01)	340	n.m. +63.3%	n.m. +53.2%	
					(21)				
Cost of risk	(121)	-	(121)	(120)	-	(120) 0	+0.7% +45.0%	+0.7% +45.0%	
Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets	1	-	1	0		0	+45.0% x 8.5	+45.0% x 8.5	
ncome before tax	401		401	199	(21)	220	x 8.5	+82.1%	
ax	(118)		(118)	(60)	4	(64)	+96.8%	+84.6%	
ax Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	2		2	9	-	9	+90.0 % n.m.	+64.0 % n.m.	
Vet income	285	-	285	148	(17)	165	+92.2%	+72.4%	
Von controlling interests	(60)	-	(60)	(38)	- (,	(38)	+57.3%	+57.3%	
Net income Group Share	225	-	225	110	(17)	127	x 2	+77.0%	
Cost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	49.2%		49.2%	60.4%	. ,	58.8%	-11.2 pp	-9.7 pp	
	9M-23	Specific	9M-23	9M-22	Specific	9M-22	Δ 9M/9M	Δ 9Μ/9Μ	
€m	stated	items	underlying	stated	items	underlying	stated	underlying	
Revenues	2,975	-	2,975	2,403	(21)	2,424	+23.8%	+22.7%	
Operating expenses excl.SRF	(1,491)	-	(1,491)	(1,474)	(31)	(1,443)	+1.1%	+3.3%	
SRF	(40)	-	(40)	(38)		(38)	+4.9%	+4.9%	
Gross operating income	1,444	-	1,444	891	(51)	942	+62.1%	+53.3%	
Cost of risk	(362)	-	(362)	(510)	(195)	(315)	(29.1%)	+14.8%	
Equity-accounted entities	2	-	2	2	-	2	(4.3%)	(4.3%)	
Net income on other assets	1	-	11	6		6	(78.9%)	(78.9%)	
ncome before tax	1,085	-	1,085	389	(246)	635	x 2.8	+70.9%	
	(320)	-	(320)	(172)	14	(186)	+85.8%	+71.8%	
	7		7	21	(7)	28	n.m.	n.m.	
Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.				238	(239)	477	x 3.2	+62.0%	
Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	772	-	772			(4.40)			
Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope. Net income Non controlling interests	772 (172)		(172)	(115)	1 (220)	(116)	+50.2%	+49.0%	
Tax Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope. Net income Non controlling interests Net income Group Share Costlincome ratio excl.SRF (%)	772				(238)	(116) 361 59.5%	+50.2% x 4.9 -11.2 pp	+49.0% +66.1% -9.4 pp	

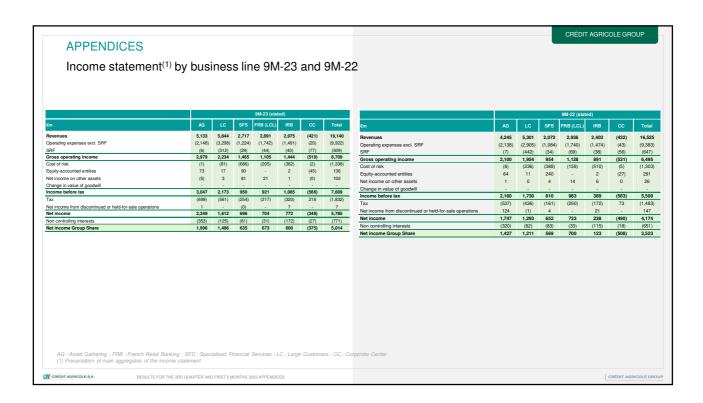


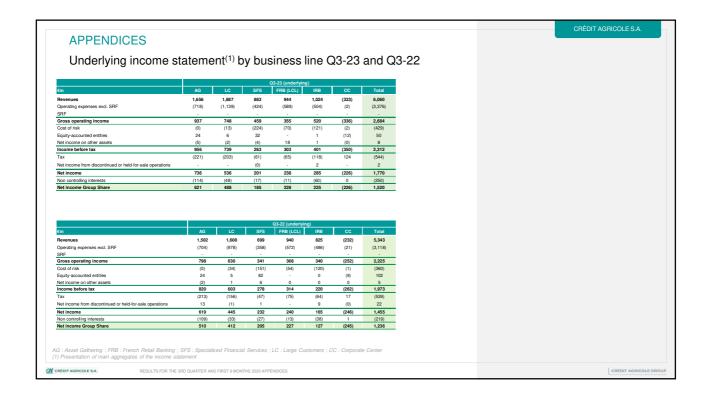
APPENDICES Stated and underlying detailed income statement (€m) – International retail banking - others Revenues Operating expenses SRF **241** (110) (21) +16.2% +0.2% 241 (110) 186 (110) **207** (110) +29.3% +0.2% Gross operating income (21) 131 +70.9% +34.2% Tax (21) x 2.4 Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope. **671** (328) (21) (0) +23.4% +18.8% +0.3% (124) CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A. RESULTS FOR THE 3RD QUARTER AND FIRST 9 MONTHS 2023 APPENDICES

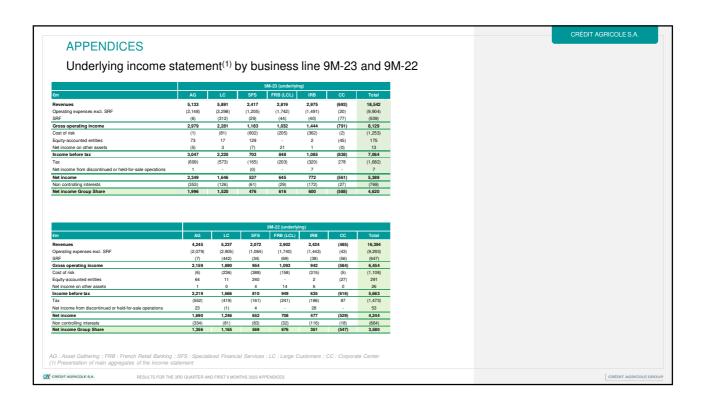


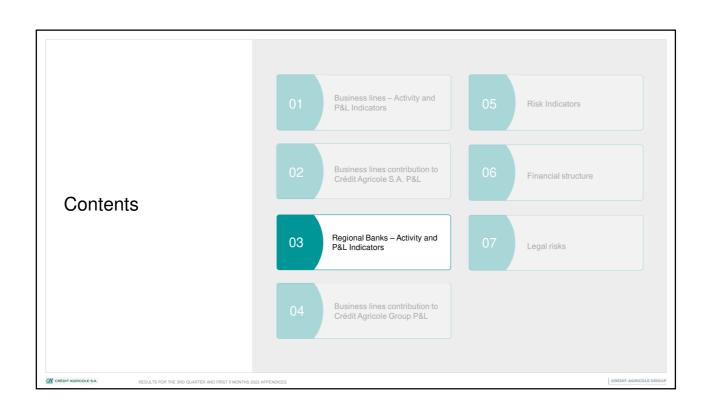


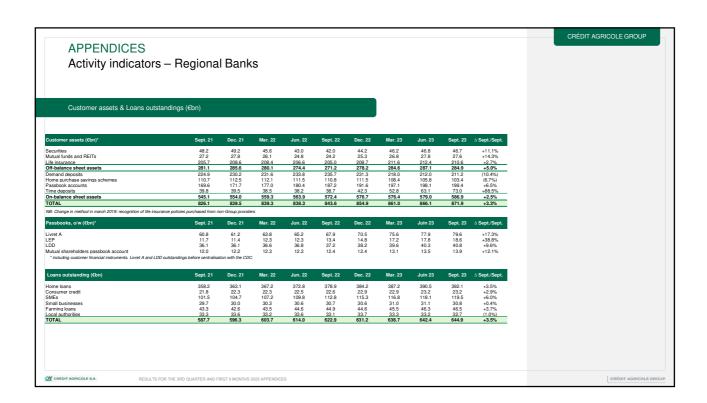


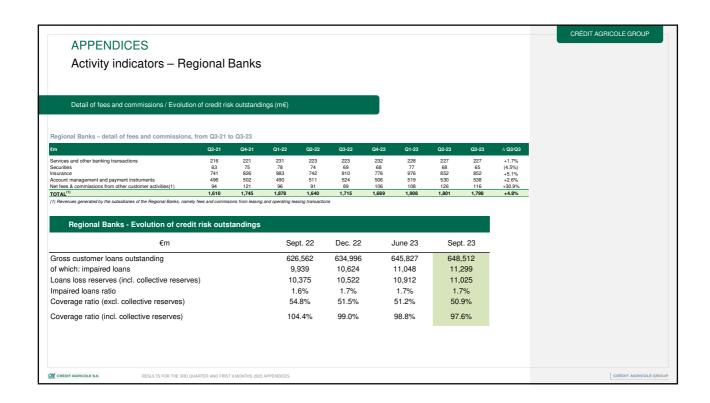




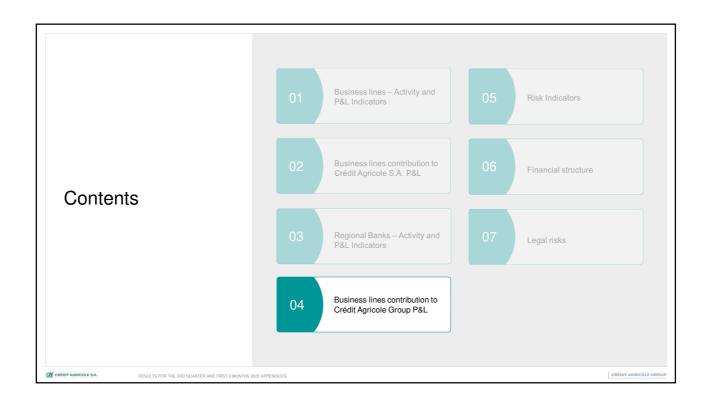




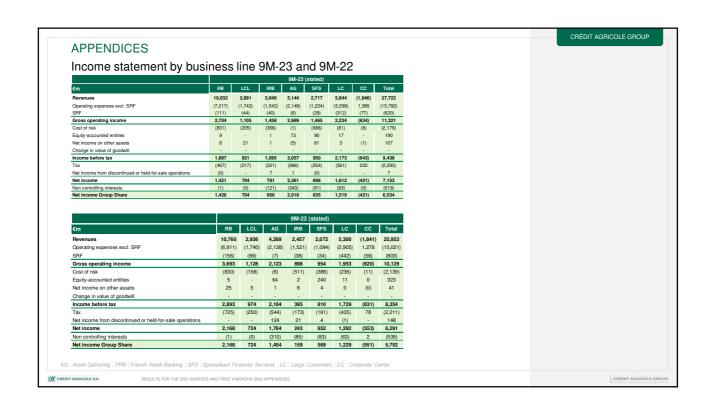


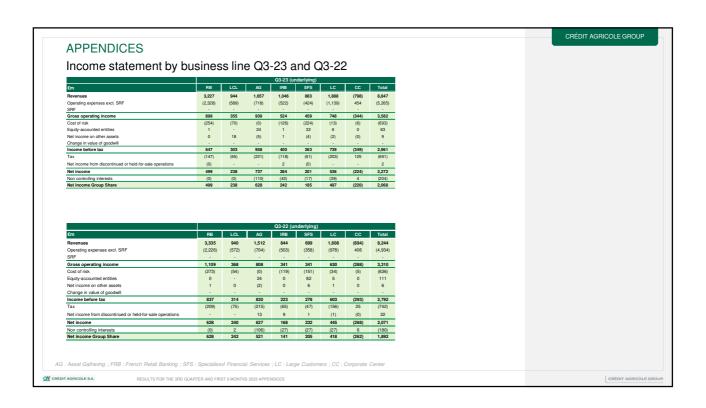


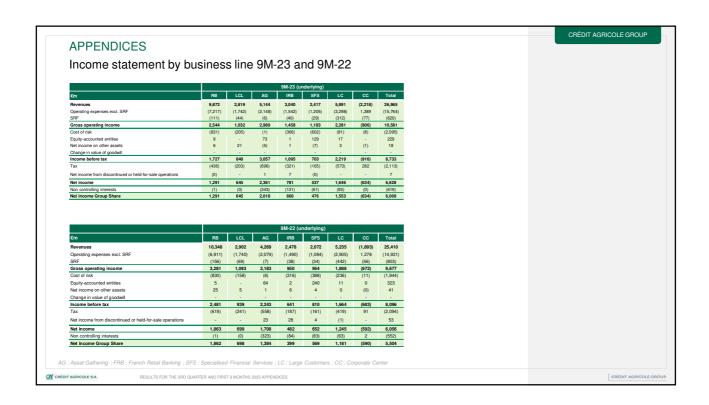
Stated and underly	ying detailed	income	stateme	ent (€m	n) – Reg	ional ba	nks		
Stated and underly	ying detailed	IIICOIIIE	Statellik	311L (Æ11	ı) — neg	ionai ba	IINS		
€m	Q3-23 stated	Specific items	Q3-23 underlying	Q3-22 stated	Specific items	Q3-22 underlying	Δ Q3/Q3 stated	∆ Q3/Q3 underlying	
evenues	3,345	118	3,227	3,335	-	3,335	+0.3%	(3.2%)	
perating expenses excl.SRF	(2,328)		(2,328)	(2,226)	-	(2,226)	+4.6%	+4.6%	
RF	(=,===)		(=,===)	(=,===)		(-,)	n.m.	n.m.	
ross operating income	1,018	118	899	1,109	-	1,109	(8.3%)	(18.9%)	
ost of risk	(254)	-	(254)	(273)	-	(273)	(6.8%)	(6.8%)	
quity-accounted entities	1	-	1	o	-	0	x 44.3	x 44.3	
et income on other assets	0	-	0	1	-	1	(78.8%)	(78.8%)	
nange in value of goodwill		-	-	-		-	n.m.	n.m.	
come before tax	765	118	647	837	-	837	(8.6%)	(22.8%)	
ıx	(178)	(31)	(147)	(209)		(209)	(15.1%)	(29.7%)	
et income Group Share ost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)									
ax et income Group Share	(178) 587	(31)	(147) 499	(209) 628		(209) 628	(15.1%) (6.5%)	(29.7%) (20.5%)	
IX bi finome Group Share stifincome ratio excl.SRF (%)	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23	(31) 88 Specific	(147) 499 72.1%	(209) 628 66.7%	- - Specific	(209) 628 66.7%	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp	
ax et income Group Share	(178) 587 69.6%	(31) 88	(147) 499 72.1%	(209) 628 66.7%	-	(209) 628 66.7%	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp	
ax et income Group Share et income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032	(31) 88 Specific	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760	- - Specific	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%)	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%)	
x st income Group Share st income ratio excl.SRF (%) Gm svenues perating expenses excl.SRF	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217)	(31) 88 Specific items	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217)	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911)	Specific items	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911)	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4%	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4%	
ax et income Group Share stilncome ratio excl.SRF (%) Em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF	(178) 567 69.5% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111)	Specific items	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111)	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156)	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156)	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%)	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%)	
IX it income Group Share pst/income ratio excl.SRF (%) @m evenues perating expenses excl.SRF #F #F #F #F #F #F #F #F #F	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704	(31) 88 Specific items 160 -	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7.217) (111) 2,544	9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6.911) (156) 3,281	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%)	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%)	
ax et income Group Share ostincome ratio excl.SRF (%) Em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF exit ross operating income ost of risk	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831)	Specific items	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831)	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830)	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830)	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2%	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2%	
ax et income Group Share ost.Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF IF income ost of risk ujuly-accounted entities	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831) 9	(31) 88 Specific items 160 -	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831) 9	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830) 5	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830) 5	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% +76.5%	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5%	
ax et income Group Share est income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF ross operating income est of risk uity-accounted entities et income on other assets	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831)	(31) 88 Specific items 160 -	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831)	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830)	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830)	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%)	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%)	
ax et income Group Share ost.Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Cm evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF RF For so operating income ost of risk upuly-accounted entities et income on other assets hange in value of goodwill	(178) 587 69.5% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831) 9	(31) 88 Specific items 160 	9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831) 9 6	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830) 5	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830) 5	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) n.m.	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp +5.4 pp -5.4 pp -6.4 pp (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) n.m.	
ax a	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831) 9 6	(31) 88 Specific items 160 - - - 160	9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831) 9 6	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830) 5 25 25 2,893	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830) 5 5 25 2,481	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% (76.0%) n.m.	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) n.m. (30.4%)	
ax et income Group Share ost.Income ratio excl.SRF (%) Em evenues perating expenses excl.SRF RF RF sos operating income ost of risk upuly accounted entities et income on other assets hange in value of goodwill come before tax ax	(178) 567 69.5% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831) 9 6	(31) 88 Specific items 160 	(147) 499 72.1% 9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831) 9 6 1,727 (436)	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 5 5 25	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830) 5 5 2,4 4,4 6,9 11,6 11,6 11,6 11,6 11,6 11,6 11,6	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) n.m (34.8%) (35.7%)	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp -5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) (4.6%) (4.4%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) (30.4%) (29.5%)	
ax et income Group Share ost/Income ratio excl.SRF (%)	(178) 587 69.6% 9M-23 stated 10,032 (7,217) (111) 2,704 (831) 9 6	(31) 88 Specific items 160 - - - 160	9M-23 underlying 9,872 (7,217) (111) 2,544 (831) 9 6	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 stated 10,760 (6,911) (156) 3,693 (830) 5 25 25 2,893	Specific items 412	(209) 628 66.7% 9M-22 underlying 10,348 (6,911) (156) 3,281 (830) 5 5 25 2,481	(15.1%) (6.5%) +2.8 pp A 9M/9M stated (6.8%) +4.4% (28.7%) (26.8%) +0.2% (76.0%) n.m.	(29.7%) (20.5%) +5.4 pp A 9M/9M underlying (4.6%) +4.4% (28.7%) (22.5%) +0.2% +76.5% (76.0%) n.m. (30.4%)	

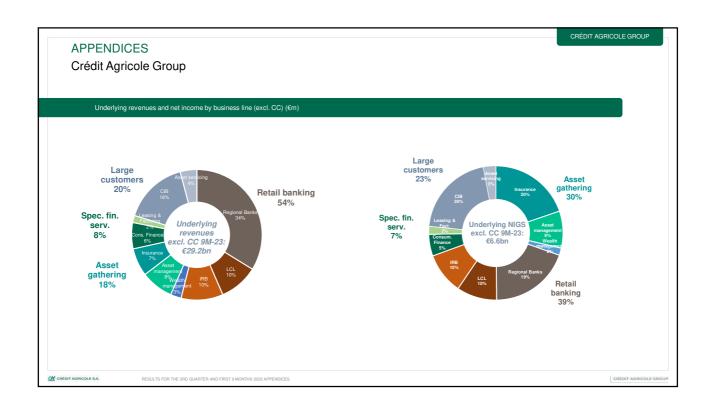


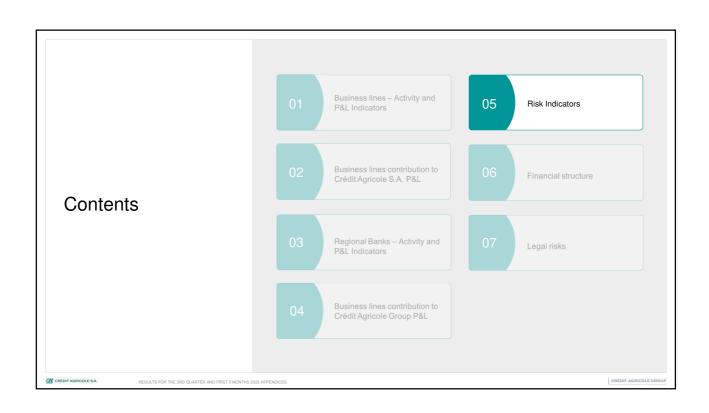
Income statement by b								
					(stated)			
€m	RB	LCL	IRB	AG	SFS	LC	cc	Total
Revenues	3,345	996	1,046	1,657	883	1,888	(567)	9,249
Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF	(2,328)	(589)	(522)	(718)	(424)	(1,139)	454	(5,265)
Gross operating income	1.018	407	524	939	460	749	(113)	3.984
Cost of risk	(254)	(70)	(126)	(0)	(224)	(13)	(6)	(693)
Cost of legal risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-accounted entities	1	-	1	24	5	6	0	37
Net income on other assets Income before tax	0 765	18 355	400	(5) 958	57 298	(2) 740	(0)	69
Tax	765 (178)	(79)	(118)	(221)	(77)	(203)	(119) 65	3,397 (810)
Net income from discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	(0)	- (75)	2	(221)	(0)	(200)	-	2
Net income	587	277	284	737	220	537	(53)	2,588
Non controlling interests	(0)	(0)	(42)	(110)	(17)	(39)	4	(204)
Net income Group Share	587	277	242	628	204	497	(49)	2,384
Net income Group Share	587	277	242	628	204	497	(49)	
Net income Group Share	587	277	242	628	204	497	(49)	
Net income Group Share	587	277	242		204 (stated)	497	(49)	
Net income Group Share	587	277	242 AG			497 LC	(49) CC	
				Q3-22	(stated)			2,384
€m	RB	LCL 940	AG	Q3-22 IRB	(stated)	LC	сс	2,384
Cm Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF	RB 3,335	LCL 940 (572)	AG 1,512	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503)	(stated) SFS 699 (358)	LC 1,607	CC (694) 406	Z,384 Total 8,222 (4,943)
Em Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF GROSs operating income	RB 3,335 (2,226) -	LCL 940 (572) -	AG 1,512 (713) - 799	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341	LC 1,607 (978) -	CC (694) 406 - (288)	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280
Em Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273)	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54)	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0)	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119)	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151)	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34)	CC (694) 406	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636)
Em Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of logal risk	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273)	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54)	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0)	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119)	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151)	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34)	(694) 406 - (288)	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636)
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF SRF SRF SRF Cots of risk Cost of risk Equity-accounted entities	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273) - 0	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) -	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0) - 24	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34) - 5	(694) 406 - (288) (5)	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of legal risk Equity-accounted entities Net income on other assets	RB 3,335 (2,225) - 1,109 (273) - 0 1	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) - -	799 (0) - 24 (2)	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82 6	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34) - 5	(694) 406 - (288) (5) - 0	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111 6
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of legal risk Equily-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273) - 0 1 837	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) - 0	799 (0) - 24 (2) 821	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0 0	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82 6 278	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34) - 5 1	(694) 406 - (288) (5) - 0 (293)	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111 6 2,762
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of legal risk Equily-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax Tax	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273) - 0 1 837 (209)	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) - - 0 314	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0) - 24 (2) 821 (213)	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0 0 202 (61)	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82 6 278 (47)	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34) - 5 1 602 (156)	(694) 406 - (288) (5) - 0 (293) 25	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111 6 2,762 (736)
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of legal risk Cet of legal risk Equity-accounted entities Not income on other assets Income before tax Tax Nat income on discont'd or held-for-sale ope.	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273) - 0 1 837 (209)	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) - 0 314 (75)	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0) - 24 (2) 821 (213) 114	03-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0 0 202 (61) 9	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82 6 278 (47) 1	LC 1,607 (978) - - (34) - 5 1 602 (156) (1)	(694) 406 - (288) (5) - 0 (293) 25 (0)	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111 6 2,762 (736) 123
Revenues Operating expenses excl. SRF SRF Gross operating income Cost of risk Cost of legal risk Equily-accounted entities Net income on other assets Income before tax Tax	RB 3,335 (2,226) - 1,109 (273) - 0 1 837 (209)	LCL 940 (572) - 368 (54) - - 0 314	AG 1,512 (713) - 799 (0) - 24 (2) 821 (213)	Q3-22 IRB 823 (503) - 320 (119) - 0 0 202 (61)	(stated) SFS 699 (358) - 341 (151) - 82 6 278 (47)	LC 1,607 (978) - 630 (34) - 5 1 602 (156)	(694) 406 - (288) (5) - 0 (293) 25	2,384 Total 8,222 (4,943) - 3,280 (636) - 111 6 2,762 (736)

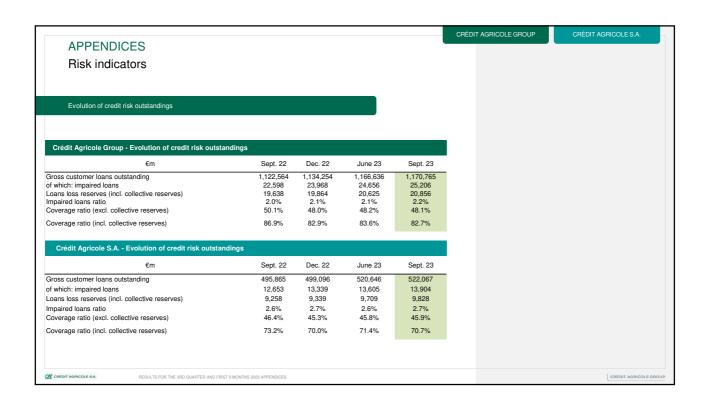


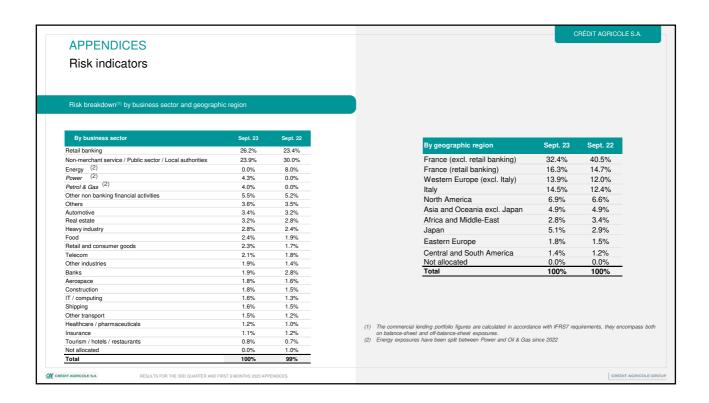


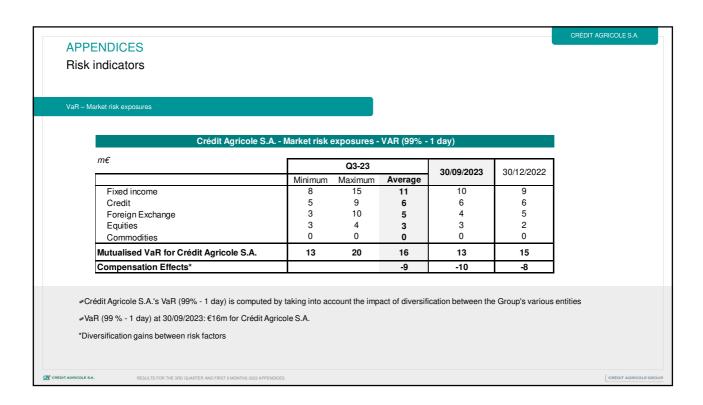


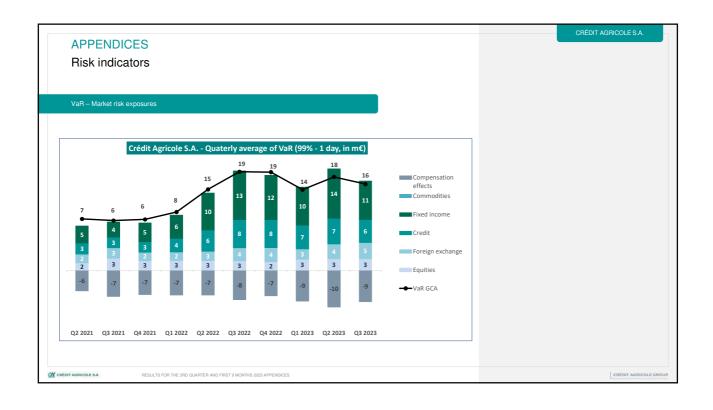


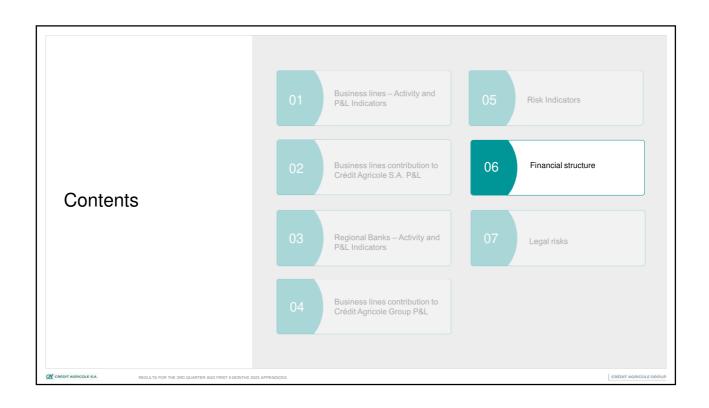


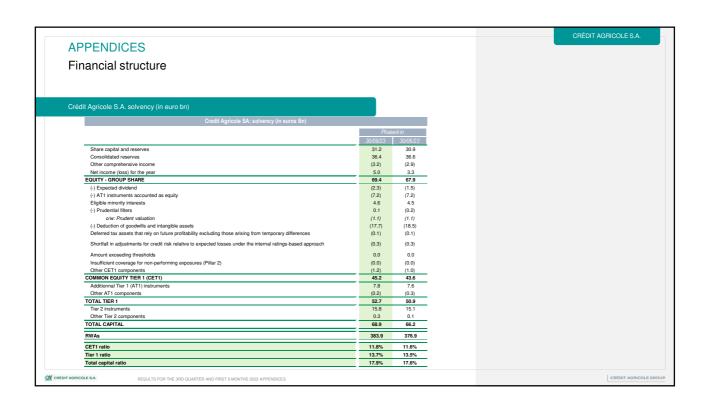


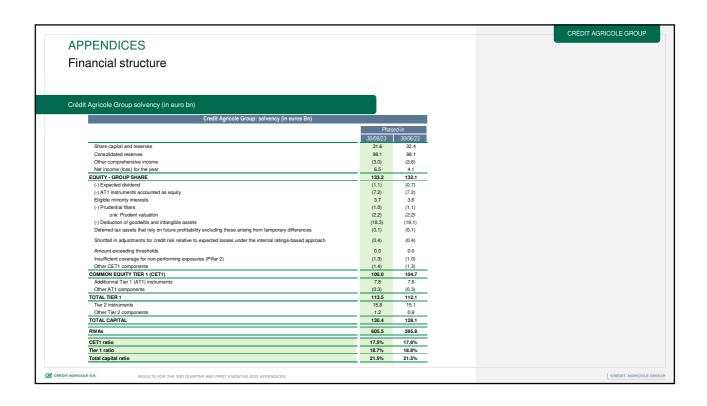


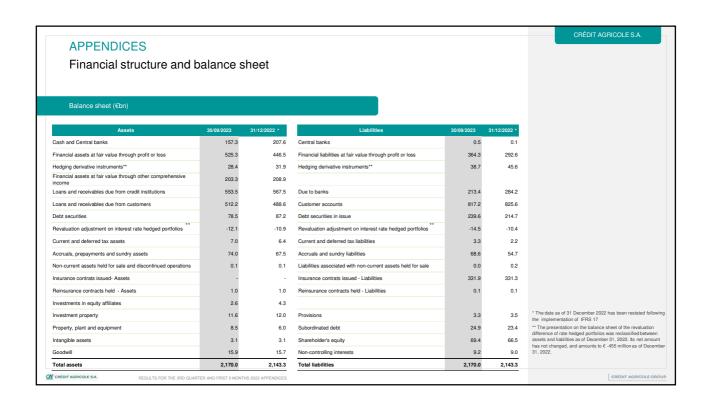


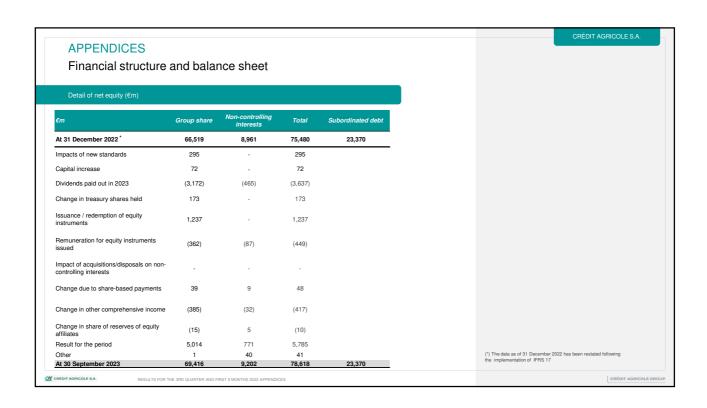


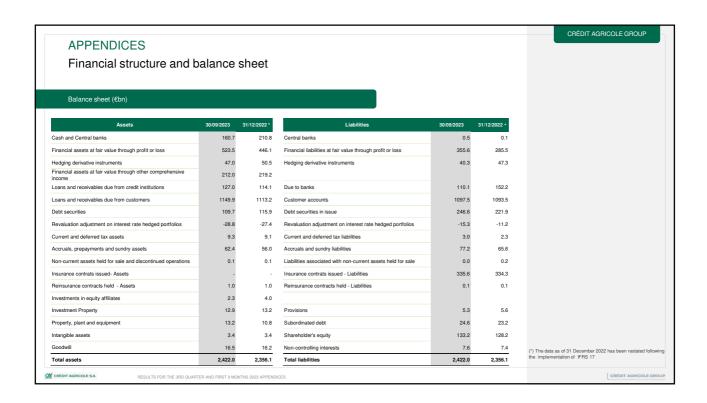


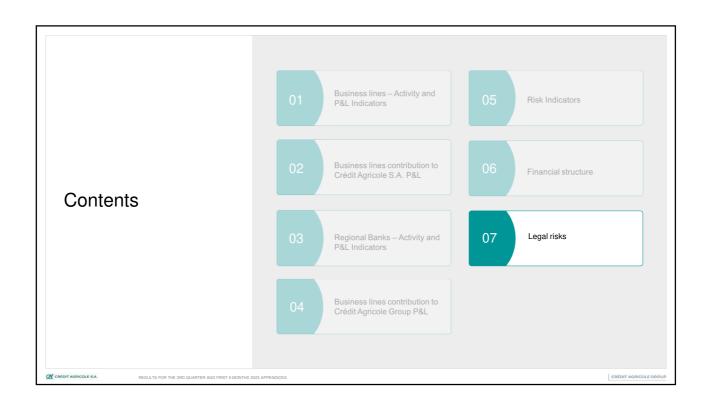


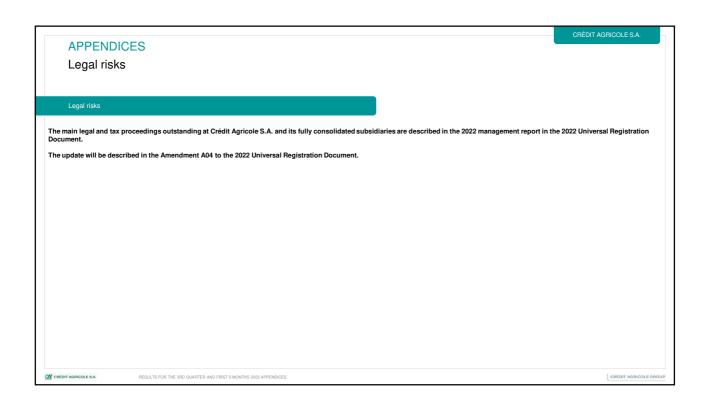


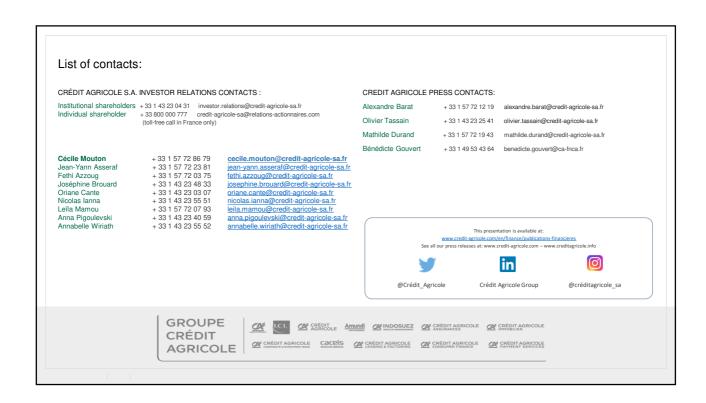












Financial strength

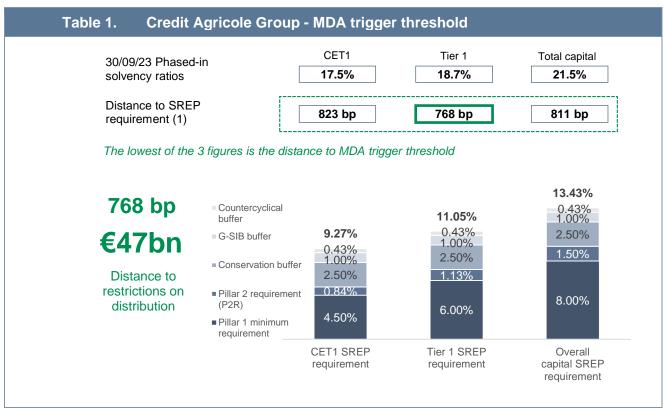
Solvency

The transposition of Basel regulations into European law (CRD) introduced a restriction mechanism for distribution that applies to dividends, AT1 instruments and variable compensation. The Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA, the maximum sum a bank is allowed to allocate to distributions) principle aims to place limitations on distributions in the event the latter were to result in non-compliance with combined capital buffer requirements.

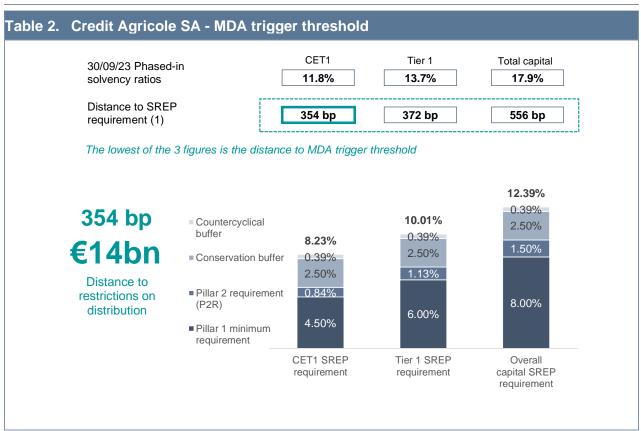
The distance to the MDA trigger is the lowest of the respective distances to the SREP requirements in CET1 capital, Tier 1 capital and total capital.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group posted a buffer of 768 basis points above the MDA trigger, i.e. €47 billion in CET1 capital.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. posted a safety buffer of 354 basis points above the MDA trigger, i.e. €14 billion in CET1 capital.



The Pillar 2 Guidance (P2G) is not included because actually or potentially failure to meet this recommendation has no automatic impact on distributed amounts



The Pillar 2 Guidance (P2G) is not included because actually or potentially failure to meet this recommendation has no automatic impact on distributed amounts

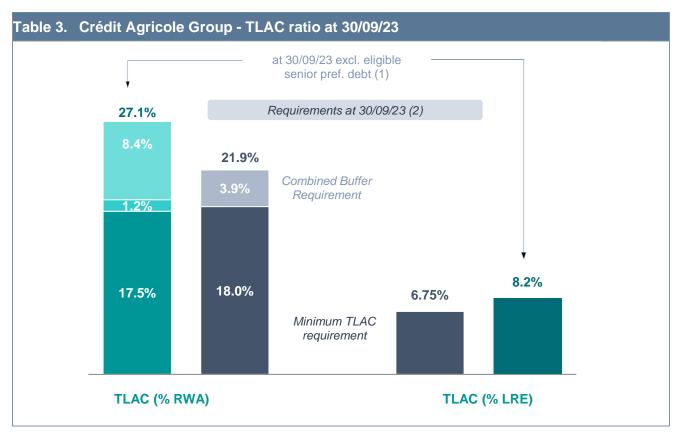
Failure to comply with the leverage ratio buffer requirement would result in a restriction of distributions and the calculation of a maximum distributable amount (L-MDA).

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group posted a buffer of 213 basis points above the L-MDA trigger, i.e. €43 billion in Tier 1 capital.

TLAC

The TLAC ratio requirement was transposed into European Union law *via* CRR2 and has been applicable since 27 June 2019. Crédit Agricole Group must comply with the following TLAC ratio requirements at all times:

- a TLAC ratio above 18% of risk weighted assets (RWA), plus in accordance with EU directive CRD 5 a combined capital buffer requirement (including, for the Crédit Agricole Group, a 2.5% capital conservation buffer, a 1% G-SIB buffer and the counter-cyclical buffer set at 0.43% for the CA Group at 30/09/23). Considering the combined capital buffer requirement, the Crédit Agricole Group must adhere to a TLAC ratio of above 21.9%;
- a TLAC ratio of above 6.75% of the Leverage Ratio Exposure (LRE).



⁽¹⁾ As part of its annual resolvability assessment, Crédit Agricole Group has chosen to waive the possibility offered by Article 72b(3) of the Capital Requirements Regulation to use senior preferred debt for compliance with its TLAC requirements in 2023.

The Crédit Agricole Group's 2025 target is to maintain a TLAC ratio greater than or equal to 26% of RWA excluding eligible senior preferred debt.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group's TLAC ratio stood at 27.1% of RWA and 8.2% of leverage ratio exposure, excluding eligible senior preferred debt, which is well above the requirements. The TLAC ratio expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets was stable over the quarter, reflecting the increase in RWAs. This was offset by the increase in equity and eligible items over the period. Expressed as a percentage of leverage exposure (LRE), the TLAC ratio was up 10 basis points compared with June 2023.

The Group thus has a TLAC ratio excluding eligible senior preferred debt that is 520 bps, i.e. €31 billion, higher than the current requirement of 21.9% of RWA.

As of 3 October 2023, €5.2 billion equivalent was issued in the market (senior non-preferred and Tier 2 debt) on top of the €1.25 billion of AT1. At end September, the amount of Crédit Agricole Group senior non-preferred securities taken into account in the calculation of the TLAC ratio was €27.6 billion.

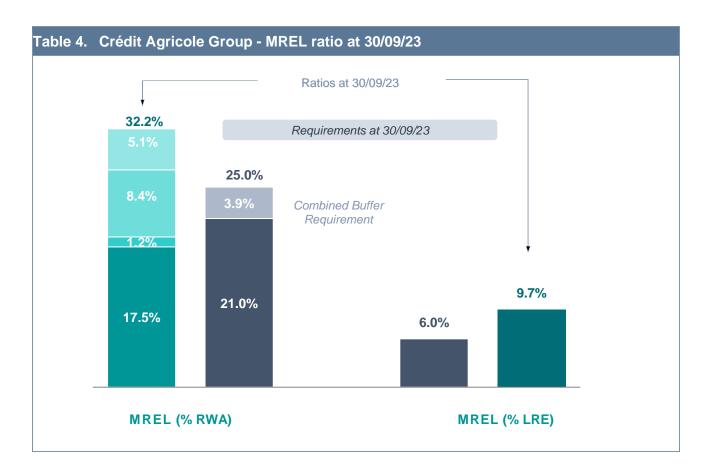
⁽²⁾ According to CRDV, the combined buffer requirement (CBR) stacking on top of the TLAC requirement as % of RWAs includes a 2.5% capital conservation buffer, a 1% G-SIB buffer and a countercyclical capital buffer; the latter is set at 0.43% for Credit Agricole Group as of 30/09/2023

MREL

The required minimum levels are set by decisions of resolution authorities and then communicated to each institution, then revised periodically. Since 1 January 2022, Crédit Agricole Group has been requested to meet a minimum total MREL requirement of:

- 21.04% of RWA, plus in accordance with EU directive CRD 5 a combined capital buffer requirement (including, for the Crédit Agricole Group, a 2.5% capital conservation buffer, a 1% G-SIB buffer and the counter-cyclical buffer set at 0.43% for the CA Group at 30/09/23). Considering the combined capital buffer requirement, the Crédit Agricole Group must adhere to a total MREL ratio of above 25.0%;
- 6.02% of the LRE.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group had a MREL ratio of 32.2% of RWA and 9.7% of leverage exposure, well above the total MREL requirement.



An additional subordination requirement to TLAC ("subordinated MREL") is also determined by the resolution authorities and expressed as a percentage of RWA and LRE, in which senior debt instruments are excluded, similar to TLAC, which ratio is equivalent to the subordinated MREL for the Crédit Agricole Group. Since 1 January 2022, this subordinated MREL requirement for the Crédit Agricole Group did not exceed the TLAC requirement.

The distance to the maximum distributable amount trigger related to MREL requirements (M-MDA) is the lowest of the respective distances to the MREL, subordinated MREL and TLAC requirements expressed in RWA.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group had a buffer of 520 basis points above the M-MDA trigger, taking into account the TLAC requirement applicable at 30 September 2023, i.e. €31 billion of CET1 capital.

Liquidity and Funding

Liquidity is measured at Crédit Agricole Group level.

In order to provide simple, relevant and auditable information on the Group's liquidity position, the banking cash balance sheet's stable resources surplus is calculated quarterly.

The banking cash balance sheet is derived from Crédit Agricole Group's IFRS financial statements. It is based on the definition of a mapping table between the Group's IFRS financial statements and the sections of the cash balance sheet and whose definition is commonly accepted in the marketplace. It relates to the banking scope, with insurance activities being managed in accordance with their own specific regulatory constraints.

Further to the breakdown of the IFRS financial statements in the sections of the cash balance sheet, netting calculations are carried out. They relate to certain assets and liabilities that have a symmetrical impact in terms of liquidity risk. Deferred taxes, fair value impacts, collective impairments, short-selling transactions and other assets and liabilities were netted for a total of €36 billion at end September 2023. Similarly, €140 billion in repos/reverse repos were eliminated insofar as these outstandings reflect the activity of the securities desk carrying out securities borrowing and lending operations that offset each other. Other nettings calculated in order to build the cash balance sheet – for an amount totalling €202 billion at end September 2023 – relate to derivatives, margin calls, adjustment/settlement/liaison accounts and to non-liquid securities held by Corporate and Investment banking (CIB) and are included in the "Customer-related trading assets" section.

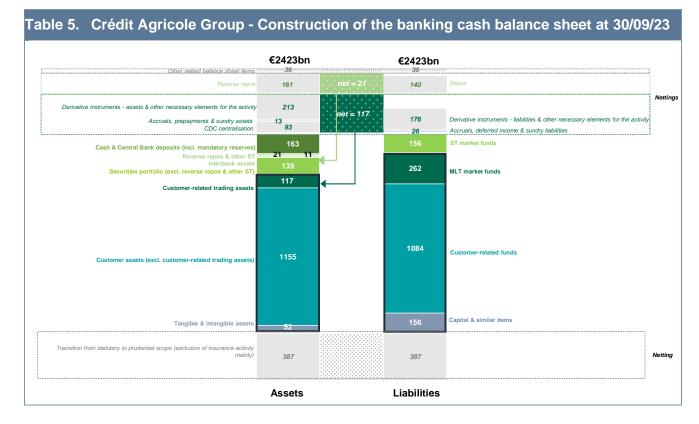
Note that deposits centralised with Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations are not netted in order to build the cash balance sheet; the amount of centralised deposits (€93 billion at end September 2023) is booked to assets under "Customer-related trading assets" and to liabilities under "Customer-related funds".

In a final stage, other restatements reassign outstandings that accounting standards allocate to one section, when they are economically related to another. As such, Senior issuances placed through the banking networks as well as financing by the European Investment Bank, the *Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations* and other refinancing transactions of the same type backed by customer loans, which accounting standards would classify as "Medium long-term market funds", are reclassified as "Customer-related funds".

Note that for Central Bank refinancing transactions, outstandings related to the T-LTRO (Targeted Longer-Term Refinancing Operations) are included in "Long-term market funds". In fact, T-LTRO 3 transactions are similar to long-term secured refinancing transactions, identical from a liquidity risk standpoint to a secured issue.

Medium to long-term repurchase agreements are also included in "Long-term market funds".

Finally, the CIB's counterparties that are banks with which we have a commercial relationship are considered as customers in the construction of the cash balance sheet.



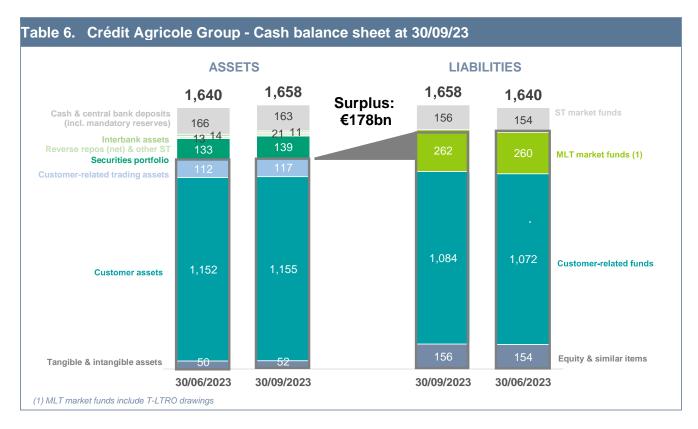
Standing at €1,658 billion at 30 September 2023, the Group's banking cash balance sheet shows a **surplus of stable funding resources over stable application of funds of €178 billion**, up €6 billion compared with end June 2023 after repayment of TLTROs in September (€8 billion).

Total TLTRO 3 outstandings for Crédit Agricole Group amounted to €37.6 billion¹ at 30 September 2023, down €8 billion², which were repaid during the quarter. It should be noted, with regard to the position in stable resources, that internal management excludes the temporary surplus of stable resources provided by the increase in T-LTRO 3 outstandings in order to secure the Medium-Term Plan's target of €110 billion to €130 billion, regardless of the repayment strategy.

Furthermore, given the excess liquidity, the Group remained in a short-term lending position at 30 September 2023 (central bank deposits exceeding the amount of short-term net debt).

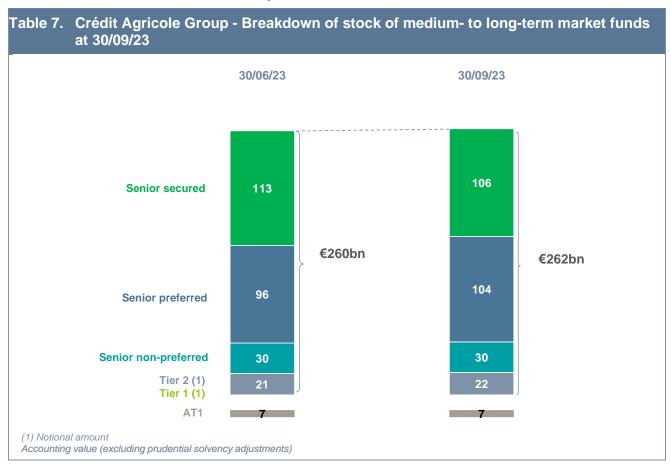
¹ Including CA Auto Bank

² Including CA Auto Bank



Medium-to-long-term market resources were €262 billion at 30 September 2023, up +€2 billion compared to end-June 2023. The increase in stable inflows and the execution of the refinancing plan offset the repayment of T-LTRO 3 in September 2023.

They included senior secured debt of €106 billion, senior preferred debt of €104 billion, senior non-preferred debt of €30 billion and Tier 2 securities amounting to €22 billion.

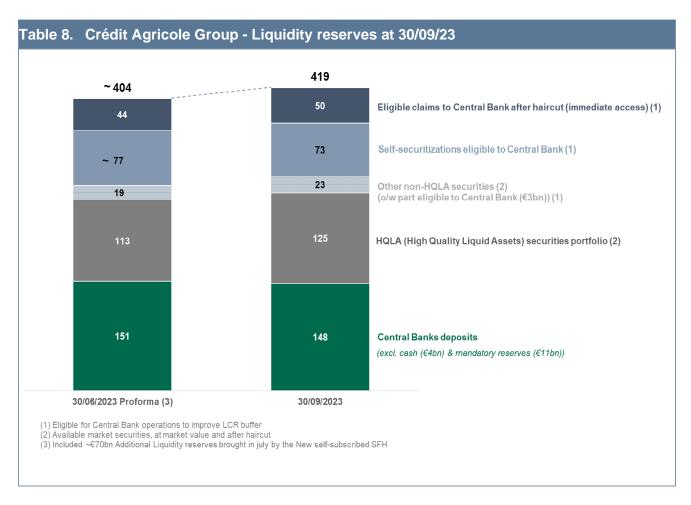


The Group's liquidity reserves, at market value and after haircuts, amounted to €419 billion at 30 September 2023, up €15 billion compared with 30 June 2023 pro forma.

They covered short-term net debt more than two times over (excluding the replacements with Central Banks).

This increase in liquidity reserves is mainly explained by the increase in customer inflows and the implementation of the Medium-Long Term Financing Plan.

Crédit Agricole Group also continued its efforts to maintain immediately available reserves (after recourse to ECB financing). Central bank eligible non-HQLA assets after haircuts amounted to €126 billion.



Credit institutions are subject to a threshold for the LCR ratio, set at 100% on 1 January 2018.

At 30 September 2023, average year-on-year LCR ratios were 150.8% for Crédit Agricole Group and 145.2% for Crédit Agricole S.A., respectively. The end of month LCR ratios were 143.3% for Crédit Agricole Group (representing a surplus of €86.9 billion) and 144% for Crédit Agricole S.A. (representing a surplus of €78.5 billion). They were higher than the Medium-Term Plan target (around 110%).

In addition, the NSFR of Crédit Agricole Group and Crédit Agricole S.A. exceeded 100%, in accordance with the regulatory requirement applicable since 28 June 2021 and above the Medium-Term Plan target (>100%).

The Group continues to follow a prudent policy as regards **medium-to-long-term refinancing**, with a very diversified access to markets in terms of investor base and products.

At 30 September 2023, the Group's main issuers raised the equivalent of €56.6 billion^{3,4} in medium-to-long-term debt on the markets, 44% of which was issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. In particular, the following amounts are noted for the Group:

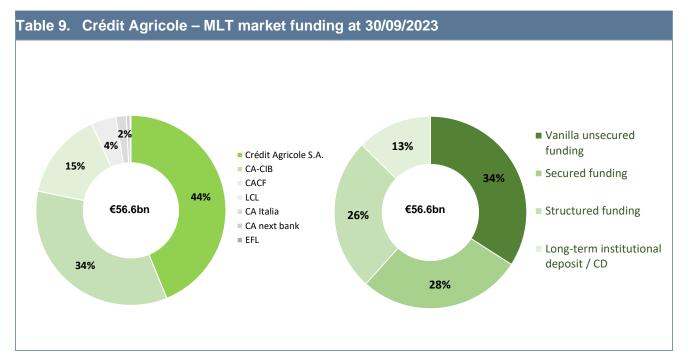
- o Crédit Agricole CIB issued €14 billion in structured format;
- Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance issued €5.8 billion in the form of ABS securitisations and €1.9
 billion equivalent in MTN issues through Crédit Agricole Auto Bank (CAAB);
- o Crédit Agricole Assurances issued a 10-year Tier 2 for €500 million and made an offer to buy back two perpetual subordinated issues (FR0012444750 & FR0012222297) for €500 million in October.

The Group's medium-to-long-term financing can be broken down into the following categories:

- o €15.6 billion in secured financing;
- o €19.4 billion in plain-vanilla unsecured financing;
- €14.5 billion in structured financing;
- €7.1 billion in long-term institutional deposits and CDs.

In addition, €16.9 billion was raised through off-market issuances, split as follows:

- €12.2 billion from banking networks (the Group's retail banking or external networks);
- o €3.3 billion from supranational organisations or financial institutions;
- o €1.4 billion from national refinancing vehicles (including the credit institution CRH).



At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. raised the equivalent of €24.8 billion^{5,6} through the open market:

The bank raised the equivalent of €24.8 billion, of which €3.5 billion in senior non-preferred debt, €1.7 billion in Tier 2 debt, €12.1 billion in senior preferred debt and €7.5 billion in senior secured debt. The financing comprised a variety of formats and currencies:

³ Gross amount before buy-backs and amortisations

⁴ Excl. AT1 issuances

⁵ Gross amount before buy-backs and amortisations

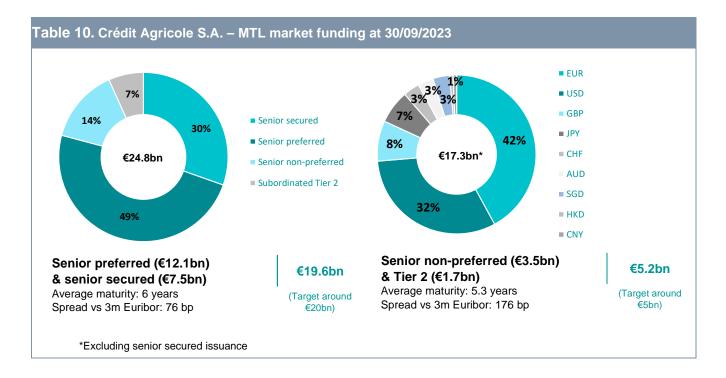
⁶ Excl. AT1 issuances

- o €7.3 billion⁷;
- 5.85 billion US dollars (€5.5 billion equivalent);
- 1.3 billion pounds sterling (€1.4 billion equivalent);
- 177 billion Japanese yen⁸ (€1.2 billion equivalent);
- 0.6 billion Swiss francs (€0.7 billion equivalent);
- 0.9 billion Australian dollars (€0.6 billion equivalent);
- o 0.9 billion Singapore dollars (€0.6 billion equivalent);
- 1.0 billion Hong-Kong dollars (€0.1 billion equivalent);
- 1.0 billion Chinese Yuan (€0.1 billion equivalent).

Since the beginning of the year, Crédit Agricole S.A. MLT issued 58% of its refinancing in currencies other than EUR^{9,10}.

Note that on 3 January 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. issued a PerpNC6 AT1 bond for €1.25 billion at an initial rate of 7.25%.

At end-September 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A. issued €24.8 billion and completed 99% of its 2023 MLT market funding plan of €25 billion.



⁷ Excl. senior secured debt

⁸ Excl. senior secured debt

⁹ Excl. senior secured debt

¹⁰ Excl. AT1 issuances

Risk factors

The main risk factors to which Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group are exposed, are disclosed, respectively, on pages 133 to 157 and on pages 325 to 349 of the A03 Amendment to the Universal Registration Document 2022.

Corporate Governance

Composition of the Executive Committee as at November 1st, 2023

At the publication date of the present document, the composition of the Executive Committee is the following:

Chief Executive Officer	Philippe Brassac
Deputy Chief Executive Officer in charge of Universal Bank	Olivier Gavalda
Deputy Chief Executive Officer in charge of Steering and Control functions	Jérôme Grivet
Deputy Chief Executive Officer in charge of Major Clients	Xavier Musca
Deputy General Manager, Head of Asset Management	Valérie Baudson
Chief Risk Officer	Alexandra Boleslawski
Head of Compliance	Martine Boutinet
Chief Sustainability and Impact Officer	Éric Campos
Group Head of Human Resources	Bénédicte Chrétien
Deputy General Manager, Head of Insurance	Philippe Dumont
Corporate Secretary	Véronique Faujour
Deputy General Manager, Head of Customer and Development	Gérald Grégoire
Head of Crédit Agricole Italy	Giampiero Maioli
Deputy General Manager, Head of Retail Banking Subsidiaries	Michel Mathieu
Deputy General Manager, Head of Technology, Digital and Payments	Jean-Paul Mazoyer
Deputy General Manager, Head of Specialised Financial Services	Stéphane Priami
Head of Internal Audit	Laurence Renoult

Composition of the Management Committee as at November 1st, 2023

The Management Committee consists of the Executive Committee and the following:

Head of Public Affairs	Alban Aucoin
Deputy Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole CIB – Funding	Jean-François Balaÿ
Head of the Institutional and Corporate Clients Division and ESG of Amundi	Jean-Jacques Barbéris
Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Finance Director of Crédit Agricole CIB	Olivier Bélorgey
Chief Executive Officer of CA-GIP	Olivier Biton
Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Head of Strategy, Finance and Control Division of	Nicolas Calcoen
Amundi Chief Everytive Officer of CA Auto Book and Head of International Bortmarshine of CACE	Ciacama Caralli
Chief Executive Officer of CA Auto Bank and Head of International Partnerships of CACF	Giacomo Carelli Bertrand Chevallier
Head of Group Procurement	
Head of Communications	Julie de La Palme
Chief Executive Officer of Predica and Deputy CEO of Crédit Agricole Assurances	Nicolas Denis
Senior Regional Officer for Asia-Pacific	Jean-François Deroche
Chief Executive Officer of Agos Ducato	François Édouard Drion
Head of Strategic Research	Selma Drissi
Senior Regional Officer for the Americas and Senior Country Officer for the United States	Stéphane Ducroizet
Head of Merchant Services	Meriem Echcherfi
Head of Group Finance	Paul Foubert
Head of Retail Development Division of LCL	Laurent Fromageau
Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Coverage & Investment Banking of Crédit Agricole CIB	Didier Gaffinel
Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Global Head of Global Markets of Crédit Agricole CIB	Pierre Gay
Deputy Chief Executive Officer of CA Italia and Chief Executive Officer of Creval	Roberto Ghisellini
Chief Executive Officer of CA Santé & Territoires	Pierre Guillocheau
Chief Economist	Isabelle Job-Bazille
Head of International Banking Development	Michel Le Masson
Chief Operating Officer of Amundi	Guillaume Lesage
Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole Payment Services	Philippe Marquetty
Chief Executive Officer of BforBank	Jean-Bernard Mas
Head of Group Project Steering and Impulse	Pierre Metge
Chief Executive Officer of CACEIS	Jean-Pierre Michalowski
Chief Investment Officer of Amundi	Vincent Mortier
Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole Bank Polska and Group Senior Country officer, Poland	Bernard Muselet
Head of Corporate, Institutional and Wealth Management Division of LCL	Olivier Nicolas
Head of Regional Banks Relations	Guilhem Nouvel-Alaux
Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole Immobilier	Marc Oppenheim
Chief Executive Officer of Pacifica and Deputy CEO of Crédit Agricole Assurances	Guillaume Oreckin
Chief Executive Officer of CA Indosuez Wealth Management	Jacques Prost
Deputy Chief Executive Officer of CA Italia, in charge of Retail Banking, Private & Digital	Vittorio Ratto
Head of International Partner Networks Division and CEO Italy of Amundi	Cinzia Tagliabue
Head of Agri-Agro, Guarantee and Capital Development Division	Jean-Pierre Touzet
Managing Director of Crédit Agricole Egypt and Group Senior Country Officer, Egypt	Jean-Pierre Trinelle
Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole Leasing & Factoring	Hervé Varillon
Head of Legal	Francis Vicari
Group Deputy General Manager - International, Insurance, Finance and Legal, and Executive Senior Manager of CACF	Valérie Wanquet

Developments in legal risk

The main legal and tax proceedings outstanding at Crédit Agricole S.A. and its fully consolidated subsidiaries are described in the 2022 management report.

With respect to the exceptional events and the litigations set out in this report and updated in the second quarter of 2023 in the A03 the new developments are mentioned:

- In the last paragraph of the part relating to "Bonds SSA",
- In the penultimate and the last paragraphs of the part relating to "O'Sullivan and Tavera".

In Poland, mortgage loans denominated or indexed in Swiss francs granted by CA Bank Polska are the subject of litigations, as described below in the paragraph entitled "CA Bank Polska".

Litigation and exceptional events

CIE case (Cheque Image Exchange)

In March 2008, LCL and Crédit Agricole S.A. and ten other banks were served statement of objections on behalf of the Conseil de la concurrence, which was then succeeded by the Autorité de la concurrence (French Competition Authority).

They were accused of colluding to implement and apply interchange fees for cashing cheques, when switching to the Cheque Image Exchange system, i.e. between 2002 and 2007. In the opinion of the French Competition Authority, these fees constituted anti-competitive price agreements in the meaning of Articles 81 paragraph 1 of the treaty establishing the European Community and Article L. 420-1 of the French Commercial Code, and allegedly caused damage to the economy.

In their defense, the banks categorically refuted the anticompetitiveness of the fees and contested the legality of the proceedings.

In a decision published on 20 September 2010, the French Competition Authority stated that the Cheque Image Exchange fee (CEIC) was anti-competitive by object. Concerning one of the fees for related services, the fee for cancellation of wrongly cleared transactions (AOCT fee), the French Competition Authority called on the banks to revise their amount within six months of the notification of the decision.

The accused banks were sanctioned for an overall amount of €384.92 million.

LCL and Crédit Agricole were respectively sentenced to pay €20.7 million and €82.1 million for the CEIC and €0.2 million and €0.8 million for the AOCT.

All of the banks appealed the decision to the Paris Court of Appeal. By a judgement of 23 February 2012, the Court overruled the decision, stating that the French Competition Authority had not proven the existence of restrictions of competition qualifying as anticompetitive practices by object.

Following an appeal filed by the Autorité de la concurrence, on 14 April 2015, the French Supreme Court (Cour de cassation) overruled the Paris Court of Appeal's decision dated 23 February 2012 and remanded the case to the Paris Court of Appeal on the sole ground that the Paris Court of Appeal declared the UFC-Que Choisir and ADUMPE's interventions in the proceedings devoid of purpose without having considered their arguments.

The Supreme Court did not rule on the merits of the case and Crédit Agricole had brought the case before the Paris Court of Appeal.

In a judgement dated 21 Decembre 2017, the Paris Court of Appeal confirmed the decision of the French Competition Authority dated 20 September 2010 but reduced from euros 82 940 000 to euros 76 560 000 the sanction on Crédit Agricole. LCL's sanction remained unchanged, at an amount of 20,930,000 euros.

As well as the other banks parties to this procedure, LCL and Crédit Agricole filed an appeal with the Supreme Court.

On 29 January 2020, the French Supreme Court overruled the Paris Court of Appeal's decision dated 21 December 2017 and referred the case to the Court on the ground that the Paris Court of Appeal had not characterized the existence of restrictions of competition by object.

In a decision dated 2 December 2021, the Paris Court of Appeal overturned the decision of the French Competition Authority and ruled that it is not established that the introduction of the CEIC and the AOCT fees constituted any anti-competitive practices by their object or by their effects.

On 31 December 2021, the French Competition Authority filed an appeal against this judgement with the French Supreme Court. In a judgment dated 28 June 2023, the French Supreme Court rejected the appeal of the French Competition Authority, and confirmed ultimately that neither the CEIC nor the AOCT fees were restrictions of competition by object, and that it was not established that the CEIC had any effect of distorting, restricting or preventing competition between banks. This decision puts a definitive end to this case.

Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC)

In October 2015, Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB) reached agreements with the US and New York authorities that had been conducting investigations regarding US dollar transactions with countries subject to US economic sanctions. The events covered by this agreement took place between 2003 and 2008.

Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole S.A., which cooperated with the US and New York authorities in connection with their investigations, have agreed to pay a total penalty amount of \$787.3 million (i.e. €692.7 million). The payment of this penalty has been allocated to the pre-existing reserve that had already been taken and, therefore, has not affected the accounts for the second half of 2015.

The agreements with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Fed) and the New-York State Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) are with CASA and Crédit Agricole CIB. The agreement with the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) of the US Department of the Treasury is with Crédit Agricole CIB. Crédit Agricole CIB also entered into separate deferred prosecution agreements (DPAs) with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia (USAO) and the District Attorney of the County of New York (DANY), the terms of which are three years. On October 19, 2018 the two deferred prosecution agreements with USAO and DANY ended at the end of the three year period, Crédit Agricole CIB having complied with all its obligations under the DPAs.

Crédit Agricole continues to strengthen its internal procedures and its compliance programs regarding laws on international sanctions and will continue to cooperate fully with the US and New York authorities with its home regulators, the European Central Bank and the French Regulatory and Resolution Supervisory Authority (ACPR), and with the other regulators across its worldwide network.

Pursuant to the agreements with NYDFS and the US Federal Reserve, Crédit Agricole's compliance program is subject to regular reviews to evaluate its effectiveness, including a review by an independent consultant appointed by NYDFS for a term of one year and annual reviews by an independent consultant approved by the Federal Reserve.

Euribor/Libor and other indexes

Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole CIB, in their capacity as contributors to a number of interbank rates, have received requests for information from a number of authorities as part of investigations into: (i) the calculation of the Libor (London Interbank Offered Rates) in a number of currencies, the Euribor (Euro Interbank Offered Rate) and certain other market indices; and (ii) transactions connected with these rates and indices. These demands covered several periods from 2005 to 2012.

As part of its cooperation with the authorities, Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole CIB carried out investigations in order to gather the information requested by the various authorities and in particular the American authorities – the DOJ (Department of Justice) and CFTC (Commodity Future Trading Commission) – with which they are in discussions. It is currently not possible to know the outcome of these discussions, nor the date when they will be concluded.

Furthermore, Crédit Agricole CIB is currently under investigation opened by the Attorney General of the State of Florida on both the Libor and the Euribor.

Following its investigation and an unsuccessful settlement procedure, on 21 May 2014, the European Commission sent a statement of objection to Crédit Agricole S.A. and to Crédit Agricole CIB pertaining to agreements or concerted practices for the purpose and/or effect of preventing, restricting or distorting competition in derivatives related to the Euribor.

In a decision dated 7 December 2016, the European Commission jointly fined Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB €114,654,000 for participating in a cartel in euro interest rate derivatives. Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB are challenging this decision and have asked the General Court of the European Union to overturn it. The hearing before the Court was held on 17 March 2022 and the date of the decision is not known at this stage.

The Swiss competition authority, COMCO, has conducted an investigation into the market for interest rate derivatives, including the Euribor, with regard to Crédit Agricole S.A. and several Swiss and international banks. This investigation was closed following a settlement procedure under which Crédit Agricole S.A agreed to pay a penalty of CHF 4.465.701 and proceedings costs amounting to CHF 187.012 without any admission of guilt.

Moreover, in June 2016 the South Korean competition authority (KFTC) decided to close the investigation launched in September 2015 into Crédit Agricole CIB and the Libor index on various currencies, Euribor and Tibor indices. The investigation into certain foreign exchange derivatives (ABS-NDF) has been closed by the KFTC according to a decision notified to Crédit Agricole CIB on 20 December 2018.

Concerning the two class actions in the United States of America in which Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB have been named since 2012 and 2013 along with other financial institutions, both as defendants in one ("Sullivan" for the Euribor) and only Crédit Agricole S.A. as defendant for the other ("Lieberman" for Libor), the "Lieberman" class action is now closed, as the plaintiffs decided to voluntarily dismiss from the proceedings. Concerning the "Sullivan" class action, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB had introduced a motion to dismiss the plaintiffs' claim, which was, in fist instance, granted by the US District Court of New York State. On 14 June 2019, the plaintiffs had appealed this decision. While awaiting the decision on this appeal, the U.S. Second District Court of Appeal handed down on 31 December 2021, in a separate case (known as GELBOIM), a decision modifying its jurisprudence on the personal jurisdiction of US courts over foreign defendants. In order to avoid possible negative consequences of this reversal of jurisprudence on the ongoing appeal, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit

Agricole CIB had negotiated with the plaintiffs a settlement to permanently end the proceedings providing for the payment to the plaintiffs of 55 million US dollars, which was made in 2022. This settlement, which does not involve any admission of guilt from Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB, was homologated by the New-York court on November 15, 2022, a decision that was not appealed. According to the usual cooperation provisions of such an agreement, a request for confirmatory discovery could possibly be submitted to Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB by the plaintiffs in 2023 in the event that this would be necessary in the context of their discussions to reach an agreement with other parties that have not settled yet.

Since 1 July 2016, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB, together with other banks, are also party to a new class action suit in the United States ("Frontpoint") relating to the SIBOR (Singapore Interbank Offered Rate) and SOR (Singapore Swap Offer Rate) indices. After having granted a first motion to dismiss filed by Crédit Agricole SA and Crédit Agricole CIB, the New York Federal District Court, ruling on a new request by the plaintiffs, excluded Crédit Agricole SA from the Frontpoint case on the grounds that it had not contributed to the relevant indexes. The Court considered, however, taking into account recent developments in case law, that its jurisdiction could apply to Crédit Agricole CIB, as well as to all the banks that are members of the SIBOR index panel. The allegations contained in the complaint regarding the SIBOR/USD index and the SOR index were also rejected by the court, therefore the index SIBOR/Singapore dollar alone is still taken into account. On 26 December, the plaintiffs filed a new complaint aimed at reintroducing into the scope of the Frontpoint case the alleged manipulations of the SIBOR and SOR indexes that affected the transactions in US dollars. Crédit Agricole CIB, alongside the other defendants, objected to this new complaint at the hearing held on 2 May 2019 before the New York Federal District Court. On July 26, 2019, the Federal Court granted the defendants' motion to dismiss. The plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal on August 26, 2019.

On March 17, 2021, a three-judge panel of the Court of Appeal of the 2nd Circuit reversed the dismissal and returned the case to the District Court. The defendants, including Crédit Agricole CIB, requested the Second Circuit Court to rehear the case "en banc" (all the active judges of the Court). This motion was denied by the Second Circuit Court on May 6, 2021. Another motion was filed on May 12, 2021 by the defendants seeking a stay of this decision remanding the case to the District Court, which was rejected on May 24, 2021. On October 1, 2021, the defendants filed a petition for writ of certiorari with the US Supreme Court, which decided on January 10, 2022 not to consider the case. A new petition, currently under review, has been filed by the defendants before the District Court in an attempt to stop this action.

On 27 May 2022, the 13 defendants entered into a settlement agreement with the plaintiffs to definitely dismiss this action. This agreement provides for payment of a fixed sum to the plaintiffs, with distribution plan for each plaintiff. It therefore provides for payment by Crédit Agricole CIB of \$7.3 million (8.03% of the total amount). This agreement which includes no acknowledgement of culpability on the part of Crédit Agricole CIB, was homologated by the New York court on November 29, 2022, a decision that was not appealed.

Bonds SSA

Several regulators requested information to Crédit Agricole S.A. and to Crédit Agricole CIB for investigations relating to activities of different banks involved in the secondary trading of Bonds SSA (Supranational, Sub-Sovereign and Agencies) denominated in American dollars. Through the cooperation with these regulators, Crédit Agricole CIB proceeded to internal inquiries to gather the required information available. On 20 December 2018, the European Commission issued a Statement of Objections to a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB within its inquiry on a possible infringement of rules of European Competition law in the secondary trading of Bonds SSA denominated in American dollars. Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB became aware of these objections and issued a response on 29 March 2019, followed by an oral hearing on 10-11 July 2019.

In a decision dated 28 April 2021, the European Commission jointly fined Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB € 3,993,000 for participating in a cartel in the secondary trading market of Bonds SSA denominated in American dollars. On 7 July 2021, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB appealed this decision to the General Court of the European Union. The appeal hearing took place on 16 June 2023 and judgment is pending.

Crédit Agricole CIB was included with other banks in a putative consolidated class action before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. That action was dismissed on 29 August 2018 on the basis that the plaintiffs failed to allege an injury sufficient to give them standing. However the plaintiffs were given an opportunity to attempt to remedy that defect. The plaintiffs filed an amended complaint on 7 November 2018. Crédit Agricole CIB as well as the other defendants filed motions to dismiss the amended complaint. An order issued on 30 September 2019 dismissed the class action against CACIB for lack of personal jurisdiction and, in a subsequent ruling, the Court held that the plaintiffs had in any event failed to state a claim for violation of US antitrust law. In June 2020, the plaintiffs took an appeal from both of the Court's orders. On 19 July 2021, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the district court's holding that plaintiffs had failed to state a claim for violation of US antitrust law. Plaintiffs' deadline to seek further review of the district court's decision from the US Supreme Court passed on 2 December 2021 without plaintiffs seeking review by that Court. Plaintiffs subsequently sought leave to file a motion to vacate the trial court's judgment, on the basis that the trial court judge had not disclosed a conflict of interest at the outset of the action. The action was reassigned to a new judge for purposes of considering that request, and that new judge ordered the parties to brief the issue for her review. On 3 October 2022, that judge, District Judge Valerie Caproni, issued an opinion and order denying the plaintiffs' motion to vacate the judgment and instructing the Clerk of Court to close the case. Plaintiffs did not take an appeal from Judge Caproni's ruling.

On 7 February 2019, a second class action was filed against CACIB and the other defendants named in the class action already pending before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. In July 2020, the plaintiffs voluntarily discontinued the action but the claim could be revived.

On 11 July 2018, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB were notified with other banks of a class action filed in Canada, before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice. Another class action was filed in the Federal Court of Canada. The action before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice was dismissed on 19 February 2020. The Crédit Agricole defendants have reached an agreement in principle to resolve the proceedings before the Federal Court. The final agreement has yet to be approved by the court.

O'Sullivan and Tavera

On November 9, 2017, a group of individuals, (or their families or estates), who claimed to have been injured or killed in attacks in Iraq filed a complaint ("O'Sullivan I") against several banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole Corporate Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB), in US Federal District Court in New York.

On December 29, 2018, the same group of individuals, together with 57 new plaintiffs, filed a separate action ("O'Sullivan II") against the same defendants.

On December 21, 2018, a different group of individuals filed a complaint ("Tavera") against the same defendants.

All three complaints allege that Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB, and other defendants conspired with Iran and its agents to violate US sanctions and engage in transactions with Iranian entities in violation of the US Anti-Terrorism Act and the Justice Against Sponsors of Terrorism Act. Specifically, the complaints allege that Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB, and other defendants processed US dollar transactions on behalf of Iran and Iranian entities in violation of sanctions administered by the US Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control, which allegedly enabled Iran to fund terrorist organizations that, as is alleged, attacked plaintiffs. The plaintiffs are seeking an unspecified amount of compensatory damages.

On 2 March 2018, Crédit Agricole CIB and other defendants filed a motion to dismiss the *O' Sullivan I* Complaint. On 28 March 2019, the Court granted defendants' motion to dismiss. On 22 April 2019, the plaintiffs filed a motion to amend their complaint. Defendants submitted an opposition to that motion on 20 May 2019 and plaintiffs filed a reply on 10 June 2019. On 25 February 2020 the plaintiffs' motion to amend their complaint was denied and their original complaint dismissed with prejudice.

On 28 May 2020, plaintiffs filed a motion requesting that the court enter a final judgment against defendants to allow an appeal. On 11 June 2020, the defendants filed an opposition to plaintiffs' motion, and plaintiffs filed a reply brief on 18 June 2020. On June 29, 2021, the court denied plaintiffs' motion.

Concerning the procedure: In the *O'Sullivan* case, on July 28, 2021, the court stayed the *O'Sullivan I* action pending a decision in the appeal in a related case, Freeman v. HSBC Holdings, PLC, No. 19-3970 (2d. Cir.). (The *O'Sullivan II* and *Tavera* cases had been previously stayed pending that appeal.) On January 20, 2023, the court extended the stay in the O'Sullivan I and O'Sullivan II actions pending a decision in the appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court in Twitter, Inc. v. Taamneh, et al., which involved application of the Anti-Terrorism Act to social media companies and was decided on May 18, 2023. On June 5, 2023, the court extended the stay in the O'Sullivan I and O'Sullivan II actions pending a decision in the appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court of the Second Circuit's decision in Freeman. On October 2, 2023, the Supreme Court denied the petition for review of the Second Circuit's decision in Freeman. The parties are due to submit a status report on November 1, 2023.

In the Tavera case, on January 31, 2023, the parties requested that the court stay the case until after the Supreme Court's decision in the Twitter appeal, which was decided on May 18, 2023. On September 12, 2023, the court extended the stay until after the Supreme Court's decision in Freeman. On October 2, 2023, the Supreme Court denied the petition for review of the Second Circuit's decision in Freeman. The parties are due to submit a status report on November 1, 2023.

Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland B.V.

The conditions for the review of the interest rates of revolving loans marketed by Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV, a fully owned subsidiary of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance SA, and its subsidiaries are the subject of borrowers' claims relating to the criteria for revising these rates and possible overpayments of interests.

On 21 January 2019, in 2 individual cases concerning two subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV, the Appeals Committee of KIFID (the Financial Services Complaints Authority) in the Netherlands decided that in case the consumers had no or insufficient information on the specific factors that determine the interest rate, the individual interest rate needed to follow the movement of market interest rates on consumer loans.

Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV implemented a compensation plan for the benefit of the borrowers in May 2020 which takes into account the aforementioned decisions of KIFID. Other institutions in the Netherlands have implemented compensation plans. Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland B.V. Supervisory board decided to close this compensation plan on 1st March 2021.

CACEIS Germany

CACEIS Germany received from the Bavarian tax authorities on 30 April 2019 a claim for the repayment of the dividend tax refunded to a number of its customers in 2010.

This claim amounted to 312 million euros. It was accompanied by a demand for the payment of 148 million euros of interests (calculated at the rate of 6% per annum).

CACEIS Germany (CACEIS Bank SA) strongly challenge this claim that it finds to be totally unfounded. CACEIS Germany filed several claims before the Munich Tax office in order to, on the one hand, challenge the Munich Tax office's claim for the repayment of the dividend tax and, on the other hand, request a stay of enforcement of the payment obligation pending a final decision on the substance. The stay of enforcement was granted for the payment of 148 million euros of interests and rejected for the repayment of the amount of 312 million euros. CACEIS Bank SA appealed against the decision to reject. The rejection being enforceable, the sum of 312 million euros was paid by CACEIS Bank SA which, given the ongoing appeal proceedings, recorded a claim for an equivalent amount in its accounts. As CACEIS Bank SA's arguments have been rejected by the Munich Tax office on 25 November 2022, CACEIS Bank SA filed on 21 December 2022 a lawsuit with the Munich Tax Court against the said Munich Tax office's decision and against the claim for the repayment of the dividend tax. As CACEIS Bank SA is confident in its arguments, it has not made any modification to its accounts.

CA Bank Polska

Between 2007 and 2008, CA Bank Polska as well as other Polish banks granted mortgage loans denominated in or indexed to Swiss currency (CHF) and repayable in PLN currency. The significant raise of the CHF exchange rate against Polish currency (PLN) led to an important increase in the cost of repayment for borrowers.

Given that courts consider that the mortgage provisions which allow banks to unilaterally determine the applicable exchange rate are unfair, the number of cases raised against the banks is constantly growing.

In May 2022, CA Bank Polska opened a settlement program of the claims raised by the borrowers.

Binding agreements

Crédit Agricole S.A. does not depend on any industrial, commercial or financial patent, license or contract.

Crédit Agricole SA Pillar 3 as of 30/09/2022

Key phased-in metrics at Crédit Agricole S.A. level (EU KM1)

The key metrics table below provides information required by Articles 447 (a to g) and 438-(b) of CRR2. It presents an overview of the institution's solvency, leverage and liquidity regulatory prudential ratios as well as their related input components and minimum requirements.

Since 1st January 2023, Crédit Agricole S.A's insurance entities apply IFRS 17.

Note that the amounts composing the solvency and leverage regulatory prudential ratios shown below take into account the transitional provisions related to the application of IFRS 9 and the transitional provisions concerning hybrid debt instruments. They also include retained earnings for the period.¹

¹ CET1, Tier 1, Total capital and Leverage regulatory ratios, which do not include the retained earnings of the period, amounts as at 30/09/2023 to respectively 11.49%, 13.45%, 17.68% and 3.96%.

EU KM1	- Phased-in Key metrics in euro millions	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023	31/12/2022	30/09/2022
Availab	le own funds (amounts)					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	45 196	43 575	42 736	40 615	41 420
2	Tier 1 capital	52 732	50 931	50 151	46 865	48 128
3	Total capital	68 908	66 186	65 888	63 073	64 535
Risk-we	eighted exposure amounts					
4	Total risk-weighted exposure amount	383 921	376 873	368 072	361 269	377 360
Capital	ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amour	nt)				
5	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%)	11.77%	11.56%	11.61%	11.24%	10.98%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	13.74%	13.51%	13.63%	12.97%	12.75%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	17.95%	17.56%	17.90%	17.46%	17.10%
Additio	nal own funds requirements to address risks other than t	he risk of exc	essive levera	ge (as a perc	entage of risk	c-weighted ex
1			1	90 (40 4 60.0	J	
EU 7a	Additional own funds requirements to address risks other than the risk of excessive leverage (%)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
EU 7b	of which: to be made up to CET1 capital (percentage points)	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
EU 7c	of which: to be made up to Tier 1 capital (percentage points)	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13
EU 7d	Total SREP own funds requirements (%)	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%	9.50%
Combin	ed buffer and overall capital requirement (as a percentag	je of risk-weig	hted exposu	re amount)		
8	Capital conservation buffer (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
EU 8a	Conservation buffer due to macro-prudential or systemic risk identified at the level of a Member State (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
9	Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (%)	0.39%	0.34%	0.08%	0.06%	0.03%
EU 9a	Systemic risk buffer (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
10	Global Systemically Important Institution buffer (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
EU 10a	Other Systemically Important Institution buffer (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11	Combined buffer requirement (%)	2.89%	2.84%	2.58%	2.56%	2.53%
EU 11a	Overall capital requirements (%)	12.39%	12.34%	12.08%	12.06%	12.03%
12	CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements (%)	6.43%	6.22%	6.27%	5.85%	5.63%

EU KM	1 - Phased-in Key metrics in euro millions	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023	31/12/2022	30/09/2022				
Leverage ratio										
13	Total exposure measure	1 303 165	1 280 000	1 321 592	1 284 306	1 420 719				
14	Leverage ratio (%)	4.05%	3.98%	3.79%	3.65%	3.39%				
Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive leverage (as a percentage of total exposure amount)										
EU 14a	Additional own funds requirements to address the risk of excessive leverage (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
EU 14b	of which: to be made up of CET 1 capital (percentage points)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
EU 14c	Total SREP leverage ratio requirements (%)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%				
Leverage ratio buffer and overall leverage ratio requirement (as a percentage of total exposure measure)										
EU 14d	Leverage ratio buffer requirement (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
EU 14e	Overall leverage ratio requirement (%)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%				
Liquidit	ty Coverage Ratio									
15	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (Weighted value - average)	325 740	347 004	360 513	373 224	381 598				
EU 16a	Cash outflows - Total weighted value	320 175	332 982	338 782	343 448	343 712				
EU 16b	Cash inflows - Total weighted value	95 209	95 245	92 761	89 929	84 858				
16	Total net cash outflows (adjusted value)	224 965	237 737	246 021	253 519	258 854				
17	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	145.19%	146.44%	147.21%	147.87%	147.82%				
Net Stable Funding Ratio										
18	Total available stable funding	939 183	955 461	959 522	954 532	931 283				
19	Total required stable funding	845 894	847 260	852 394	835 815	803 651				
20	NSFR ratio (%)	111.03%	112.77%	112.57%	114.20%	115.88%				

Note: the average LCRs reported in the table above now correspond to the arithmetic mean of the last 12 month-end ratios reported over the observation period, in compliance with the requirements of the European CRR2 regulation.

IFRS 9 transitional provisions were applied for the first time as of 30 June 2020.

	parison of institutions' own funds and capital and leverage rangements for IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs	ntios with and	l without the	application of	f transitional	
in m	illions of euros	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023	31/12/2022	30/09/2022
Avai	lable capital (amounts)					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital	45 196	43 575	42 736	40 615	41 42
2	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	44 810	43 184	42 365	39 857	40 45
3	Tier 1 capital	52 732	50 931	50 151	46 865	48 12
4	Tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	52 346	50 540	49 780	46 107	47 15
5	Total capital	68 908	66 186	65 888	63 073	64 53
6	Total capital as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	68 522	65 795	65 517	62 315	63 56
Risk	-weighted assets (amounts)					
7	Total risk-weighted assets	383 921	376 873	368 072	361 269	377 36
8	Total risk-weighted assets as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	383 796	376 763	367 994	361 026	377 01
Capi	tal ratios					
9	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)	11.77%	11.56%	11.61%	11.24%	10.98%
10	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	11.68%	11.46%	11.51%	11.04%	10.73%
11	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)	13.74%	13.51%	13.63%	12.97%	12.75%
12	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	13.64%	13.41%	13.53%	12.77%	12.51%
13	Total capital (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)	17.95%	17.56%	17.90%	17.46%	17.10%
14	Total capital (as a percentage of risk exposure amount) as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	17.85%	17.46%	17.80%	17.26%	16.869
Leve	erage ratio					
15	Leverage ratio total exposure measure	1 303 165	1 280 000	1 321 592	1 284 306	1 420 71
16	Leverage ratio	4.05%	3.98%	3.79%	3.65%	3.39%
17	Leverage ratio as if IFRS 9 or analogous ECLs transitional arrangements had not been applied	4.02%	3.95%	3.77%	3.59%	3.32%

Crédit Agricole S.A. did not apply the temporary treatment described in Article 468 of regulation No. 2020/873 and was not impacted by any change related to this provision during the period. Crédit Agricole S.A.'s capital and capital and leverage ratios already reflect the full impact of unrealized gains and losses measured at their fair value through other comprehensive income. These provisions ended on 1 January 2023.

Key metrics – G-SII requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (EU KM2)

This table provides information required by Article 10 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/763. It depicts an overview of the TLAC ratio, i.e. the G-SII requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities that applies to Crédit Agricole Group.

EU k €mn	KM2: Own funds and eligible liabilities, ratios and components (in	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	31/03/2023	31/12/2022	30/09/2022
1	Own funds and eligible liabilities [1]	164 243	161 264	159 849	156 263	156 134
2	Total risk exposure amount of the resolution group (TREA) [2]	605 464	595 839	584 280	574 595	588 643
3	Own funds and eligible liabilities as a percentage of TREA	27.13%	27.06%	27.36%	27.20%	26.52%
4	Total exposure measure of the resolution group [2]	2 014 964	1 990 639	2 031 225	2 004 273	2 111 884
5	Own funds and eligible liabilities as percentage of the total exposure measure	8.15%	8.10%	7.87%	7.80%	7.39%
6a	Does the subordination exemption in Article 72b(4) of the CRR apply? (5% exemption)	No	No	No	No	No
6b	Pro-memo item - Aggregate amount of permitted non-subordinated eligible liabilities instruments if the subordination discretion as per Article 72b(3) CRR is applied (max 3.5% exemption) [3]	0	0	0	0	0
6c	Pro-memo item: If a capped subordination exemption applies under Article 72b(3) CRR, the amount of funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded liabilities and that is recognised under row 1, divided by funding issued that ranks pari passu with excluded Liabilities and that would be recognised under row 1 if no cap was applied (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^[1] Total loss absorbing capacity.

At 30 September 2023, Crédit Agricole Group's TLAC ratio is 27.1% of risk-weighted assets and 8.2% of leverage exposure, excluding eligible senior preferred debt². It is higher than the respective requirements of 21.9% of risk-weighted assets (including the countercyclical buffer of 0.43% at 30 September 2023) and 6.75% of the leverage exposure.

^[2] For the purpose of computing resolution ratios, the Total Exposure Risk Amount (TREA) of the resolution group is equivalent to the Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) at Crédit Agricole Group level; the Total Exposure Measure (TEM) of the resolution group is equivalent to the Leverage Ratio Exposure (LRE) at Crédit Agricole Group level.

^[3] As part of its annual resolvability assessment, Crédit Agricole Group has chosen to waive the possibility offered by Article 72b(3) of the Capital Requirements Regulation to use senior preferred debt for compliance with its TLAC requirements in 2023.

² TLAC regulatory ratio, which do not include the retained earnings of the period, amounts as at 30/09/2023 to 26.76% of RWA and 8.04% of leverage exposure.

A. COMPOSITION AND CHANGES IN RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS

1. Summary of risk-weighted assets

1.1. Risk-weighted assets by type of risks (OV1)

30/09/20	23	Total risk expo (RW		Total own funds requirements	
(in millio	ns of euros)	30/09/2023	30/06/2023	30/09/2023	
1	Credit risk (excluding CCR)	298 092	292 792	23 847	
2	Of which the standardised approach	102 485	104 938	8 199	
3	Of which the Foundation IRB (F-IRB) approach	14 912	14 588	1 193	
4	Of which slotting approach	-	-	-	
EU 4a	Of which equities under the simple risk weighted approach	44 865	40 410	3 589	
5	Of which the Advanced IRB (A-IRB) approach	130 151	127 418	10 412	
6	Counterparty credit risk - CCR	26 059	24 876	2 085	
7	Of which the standardised approach	4 008	3 400	321	
8	Of which internal model method (IMM)	11 643	11 545	931	
EU 8a	Of which exposures to a CCP	469	409	38	
EU 8b	Of which credit valuation adjustment - CVA	5 058	5 209	405	
9	Of which other CCR	4 881	4 313	390	
15	Settlement risk	29	8	2	
16	Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book (after the cap)	8 916	8 930	713	
17	Of which SEC-IRBA approach	2 227	2 450	178	
18	Of which SEC-ERBA (including IAA)	5 177	5 187	414	
19	Of which SEC-SA approach	1 504	1 286	120	
EU 19a	Of which 1250% / deduction	7	7	1	
20	Position, foreign exchange and commodities risks (Market risk)	12 361	12 787	989	
21	Of which the standardised approach	3 320	2 920	266	
22	Of which IMA	9 041	9 867	723	
EU 22a	Large exposures	-	-	-	
23	Operational risk	38 465	37 479	3 077	
EU 23a	Of which basic indicator approach	-	-	-	
EU 23b	Of which standardised approach	14 956	13 851	1 196	
EU 23c	Of which advanced measurement approach	23 509	23 628	1 881	
24	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	12 068	11 678	965	
29	TOTAL	383 921	376 873	30 714	

1.2. Credit risk

RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under the IRB approach STATEMENT OF RISK-WEIGHTED ASSET (RWA) FLOWS FOR CREDIT RISK EXPOSURES UNDER THE INTERNAL RATINGS-BASED APPROACH (CR8)

30/09/2023

30/09/2023

0080 Other

(in ı	millions of euros)	RWA amounts
1	RWAs as at the end of the previous reporting period (30/06/2023)	142 006
2	Asset size (+/-)	488
3	Asset quality (+/-)	(216)
4	Model updates (+/-)	-
5	Methodology and policy (+/-)	-
6	Acquisitions and disposals (+/-)	-
7	Foreign exchange movements (+/-)	1 037
8	Other (+/-)	1 748
9	RWAs as at the end of the reporting period (30/09/2023)	145 063

The change shown in line 8 "Other (+/-)" of the CR8 table can primarily be explained by the amortization of synthetic securitization programs by Crédit Agricole CIB.

1.3. Counterparty credit risk

RWA flow statements of CCR exposures exposures under the IMM

STATEMENT OF FLOWS OF RISK-WEIGHTED ASSETS (RWA) FOR COUNTERPARTY RISK EXPOSURES UNDER THE INTERNAL MODELS METHOD (IMM) (CCR7)

(in mill	ions of euros)	RWA amounts
0010	RWAs as at the end of the previous reporting period (30/06/2023)	11 545
0020	Asset size	805
0030	Credit quality of counterparties	(80)
0040	Model updates (IMM only)	-
0050	Methodology and policy (IMM only)	-
0060	Acquisitions and disposals	-
0070	Foreign exchange movements	(618)

0090 RWAs as at the end of the reporting period (30/09/2023)

(9)

11 643

1.4. Market risk

RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA RWA FLOW STATEMENTS OF MARKET RISK EXPOSURES UNDER THE IMA (MR2-B)

	9/2023 nillions of euros)	VaR	SVaR	IRC	Comprehe nsive risk measure	Other	Total RWAs	Total own funds requireme nts
1	RWAs as at the end of the previous reporting period (30/06/2023)	3 034	4 138	2 696	-	-	9 867	789
1a	Regulatory adjustment	2 416	3 315	413	-	-	6 144	492
1b	RWEAs at the previous quarter-end (end of the day)	617	823	2 282	-	-	3 723	298
2	Movement in risk levels	(102)	23	(492)	-	-	(571)	(46)
3	Model updates/changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Methodology and policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Acquisitions and disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Foreign exchange movements	(21)	(20)	26	-	-	(15)	(1)
7	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8a	RWEAs at the end of the reporting period (end of the day)	494	826	1 816	-	-	3 136	251
8b	Regulatory adjustment	2 125	3 296	483	-	-	5 905	472
8	RWAs as at the end of the reporting period (30/09/2023)	2 619	4 123	2 299	-	-	9 041	723

B. REGULATORY SHORT TERM LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (LCR)

Template EU LIQ1 - Quantitative information of LCR

illior	mation of LCR	г							-
-	dity Coverage Ratio average over 12 hs (LCR)								
Scope S.A.	e of consolidation: CREDIT AGRICOLE	Total unweighted value (average)				Total weighted value (average)			
(in mi	illions of euros)								
EU 1a	Quarter ending on	30/09/ 2023	30/06/ 2023	31/03/ 2023	31/12/ 2022	30/09/ 2023	30/06/ 2023	31/03/ 2023	31/12/ 2022
EU 1b	Number of data points used in the calculation of averages	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
HIGH	-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS								
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	\times	\geq	\geq	\geq	325 740	347 004	360 513	373 224
CASH	-OUTFLOWS								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	412 853	414 657	414 899	412 837	26 678	27 082	27 301	27 347
3	Stable deposits	296 281	296 374	295 591	292 403	14 814	14 819	14 780	14 620
4	Less stable deposits	116 573	118 283	119 308	120 434	11 864	12 263	12 522	12 727
5	Unsecured wholesale funding	369 205	387 292	401 294	413 280	191 254	205 702	215 350	223 092
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	180 870	193 768	205 329	214 913	73 461	84 690	93 681	100 959
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	162 253	166 603	169 791	175 114	91 711	94 092	95 495	98 880
8	Unsecured debt	26 082	26 920	26 174	23 253	26 082	26 920	26 174	23 253
9	Secured wholesale funding	\times	\times	\times	\times	35 801	34 981	32 894	31 811
10	Additional requirements	196 755	193 026	190 825	189 075	55 721	55 148	53 797	52 114
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	38 237	36 347	34 642	33 255	22 760	22 308	21 123	19 623
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products								
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	158 518	156 680	156 183	155 820	32 962	32 840	32 674	32 491
14	Other contractual funding obligations	48 310	46 120	44 541	44 670	7 068	6 380	5 866	5 668
15	Other contingent funding obligations	69 236	70 005	67 660	64 536	3 652	3 690	3 573	3 417
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	\times	\times	\times	\times	320 175	332 982	338 782	343 448

CASH	CASH-INFLOWS										
17	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	234 978	224 492	215 542	204 693	36 771	36 218	34 713	33 032		
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	70 220	71 661	71 867	70 983	50 263	51 471	51 032	50 018		
19	Other cash inflows	8 175	7 557	7 017	6 880	8 175	7 557	7 017	6 880		
EU- 19a	(Difference between total weighted inflows and total weighted outflows arising from transactions in third countries where there are transfer restrictions or which are denominated in non-convertible currencies)										
EU- 19b	(Excess inflows from a related specialised credit institution)	\times	\geq	\geq							
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	313 373	303 709	294 426	282 555	95 209	95 245	92 761	89 929		
EU- 20a	Fully exempt inflows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
EU- 20b	Inflows subject to 90% cap										
EU- 20c	Inflows subject to 75% cap	251 642	243 533	237 454	229 539	95 209	95 245	92 761	89 929		

EU- 21	LIQUIDITY BUFFER	325 740	347 004	360 513	373 224
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS*	224 965	237 737	246 021	253 519
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO**	145,19%	146,44%	147,21%	147,87%

^{*}the net cash outflows are calculated on average on the amounts observed (over the 12 regulatory declarations concerned) including the application of a cap on cash inflows (maximum of 75% of gross outflows), if applicable

^{**}the average LCR ratios reported in the table above now correspond to the arithmetic average of the last 12 month-end ratios declared over the observation period, in accordance with the requirements of the European CRR2 regulation.

<u>Declaration concerning the publication of the information required under Part 8</u> of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013

Jérôme Grivet, Deputy Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole S.A.

STATEMENT BY THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge, the information required under Part 8 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (and subsequent amendments) has been published in accordance with the formal policies and internal procedures, systems and controls.

Montrouge, September 14th 2023

The Deputy Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole S.A.

Jérôme GRIVET

PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE AMENDMENT TO THE UNIVERSAL REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

Philippe Brassac, Chief Executive Officer Crédit Agricole S.A.

STATEMENT BY THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE

I hereby certify that, to my knowledge, the information contained in this amendment to the 2022 Universal registration document is true and accurate and contains no omission likely to affect the import thereof.

Montrouge, 14 November 2023

Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole S.A.

Philippe BRASSAC

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Statutory Auditors

Ernst & Young et Autres	PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit
Company represented by Vanessa Jolivalt	Company represented by Agnès Hussherr
1-2, place des Saisons	63, rue de Villiers
92400 Courbevoie, Paris - La Défense 1	92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine
Statutory Auditors, Member, Compagnie Régionale	Statutory Auditors, Member, Compagnie Régionale
des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles et du	des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles et du
Centre	Centre

Ernst & Young et Autres was appointed Statutory Auditor under the name Barbier Frinault et Autres by the Ordinary General Meeting of 31 May 1994. This term of office was renewed for a further six years at the Combined General Meeting of 16 May 2018.

Since 2023, Ernst & Young et Autres is represented by Vanessa Jolivalt.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit was appointed Statutory Auditor by the Ordinary General Meeting of 19 May 2004. This term of office was renewed for a further six years at the Combined General Meeting of 16 May 2018.

Since 2021, PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit is represented by Agnès Hussherr.

Alternate Statutory Auditors

Picarle et Associés	Jean-Baptiste Deschryver
Company represented by Béatrice Delaunay	
1-2, place des Saisons	63, rue de Villiers
92400 Courbevoie, Paris – La Défense 1	92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine
Statutory Auditors, Member, Compagnie Régionale des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles et du Centre	Statutory Auditors, Member, Compagnie Régionale des Commissaires aux Comptes de Versailles et du Centre

Picarle et Associés was appointed Alternate Statutory Auditor for Ernst & Young et Autres by the Combined General Meeting of 17 May 2006. This term of office was renewed for a further six years at the Combined General Meeting of 16 May 2018.

Jean-Baptiste Deschryver was appointed Alternate Statutory Auditor for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit for a term of six financial years by the Combined General Meeting of 16 May 2018.

General information

Alternative Performance Indicators¹

NBV Net Book Value not re-evaluated

The Net Book Value not re-evaluated corresponds to the shareholders' equity Group share from which the amount of the AT1 issues, the unrealised gains and/or losses on OCI Group share and the pay-out assumption on annual results have been deducted.

NBV per share Net Book Value per share - NTBV per share Net Tangible Book Value per share

One of the methods for calculating the value of a share. This represents the Net Book Value divided by the number of shares in issue at end of period, excluding treasury shares.

Net Tangible Book Value per share represents the Net Book Value after deduction of intangible assets and goodwill, divided by the number of shares in issue at end of period, excluding treasury shares.

EPS Earnings per Share

This is the net income Group share, from which the AT1 coupon has been deducted, divided by the average number of shares in issue excluding treasury shares. It indicates the portion of profit attributable to each share (not the portion of earnings paid out to each shareholder, which is the dividend). It may decrease, assuming the net income Group share remains unchanged, if the number of shares increases.

Cost/income ratio

The cost/income ratio is calculated by dividing operating expenses by revenues, indicating the proportion of revenues needed to cover operating expenses.

Cost of risk/outstandings

Calculated by dividing the cost of credit risk (over four quarters on a rolling basis) by outstandings (over an average of the past four quarters, beginning of the period). It can also be calculated by dividing the annualised cost of credit risk for the quarter by outstandings at the beginning of the quarter. Similarly, the cost of risk for the period can be annualised and divided by the average outstandings at the beginning of the period.

Since the first quarter of 2019, the outstandings taken into account are the customer outstandings, before allocations to provisions.

The calculation method for the indicator is specified each time the indicator is used.

Doubtful Ioan

Defaulting loan. The debtor is considered to be in default when at least one of the following two conditions has been met:

- a payment generally more than 90 days past due, unless specific circumstances point to the fact that the delay is due to reasons independent of the debtor's financial situation.
- the entity believes that the debtor is unlikely to settle its credit obligations unless it avails itself of certain measures such as enforcement of collateral security right.

Impaired loan

Loan which has been provisioned due to a risk of non-repayment.

¹ APMs are financial indicators not presented in the financial statements or defined in accounting standards but used in the context of financial communications, such as underlying net income Group share or RoTE. They are used to facilitate the understanding of the company's actual performance. Each APM indicator is matched in its definition to accounting data.

MREL

The MREL (Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities) ratio is defined in the European "Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive" (BRRD). This Directive establishes a framework for the resolution of banks throughout the European Union, with the aim to provide resolution authorities with shared instruments and powers to pre-emptively tackle banking crises, preserve financial stability and reduce taxpayers' exposure to losses. Directive (EU) 2019/879 of 20 May 2019 known as "BRRD2" amended the BRRD and was transposed into French law by Order 2020-1636 of 21 December 2020.

The MREL ratio corresponds to an own funds and eligible liabilities buffer required to absorb losses in the event of resolution. Under BRRD2, the MREL ratio is calculated as the amount of eligible capital and liabilities expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets (RWA), as well as a leverage ratio exposure (LRE). Are eligible for the numerator of the total MREL ratio the Group's regulatory capital, as well as eligible liabilities issued by the central body and the Crédit Agricole network affiliated entities, i.e. subordinated notes, senior non-preferred debt instruments and certain senior preferred debt instruments with residual maturities of more than one year.

Impaired (or doubtful) loan coverage ratio

This ratio divides the outstanding provisions by the impaired gross customer loans.

Impaired (or doubtful) loan ratio

This ratio divides the impaired gross customer loans on an individual basis, before provisions, by the total gross customer loans.

TLAC

The Financial Stability Board (FSB) has defined the calculation of a ratio aimed at estimating the adequacy of the bail-in and recapitalisation capacity of Global Systemically Important Banks (G-SIBs). This Total Loss Absorbing Capacity (TLAC) ratio provides resolution authorities with the means to assess whether G-SIBs have sufficient bail-in and recapitalisation capacity before and during resolution. It applies to Global Systemically Important Banks, and therefore to Crédit Agricole Group.

The Group's regulatory capital as well as subordinated notes and eligible senior non-preferred debt with residual maturities of more than one year issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are eligible for the numerator of the TLAC ratio.

Net income Group share

Net income/(loss) for the financial year (after corporate income tax). Equal to net income Group share, less the share attributable to non-controlling interests in fully consolidated subsidiaries.

Underlying Net income Group share

The underlying net income Group share represents the stated net income Group share from which specific items have been deducted (i.e., non-recurring or exceptional items) to facilitate the understanding of the company's actual earnings.

Net income Group share attributable to ordinary shares

The net income Group share attributable to ordinary shares represents the net income Group share from which the AT1 coupon has been deducted, including issuance costs before tax.

RoTE Return on Tangible Equity

The RoTE (Return on Tangible Equity) measures the return on tangible capital by dividing the Net income Group share annualised by the group's NBV net of intangibles and goodwill. The annualised Net income Group share corresponds to the annualisation of the Net income Group share (Q1x4; H1x2; 9Mx4/3) excluding impairments of intangible assets and restating each period of the IFRIC impacts in order to linearise them over the year.

Financial Agenda

8 February 2024 Publication of the 2023 fourth quarter and full year results

3 May 2024 Publication of the 2024 first quarter results

22 May 2024 General Meeting

1 August 2024 Publication of the 2024 second quarter and the first half year results
6 November 2024 Publication of the 2024 third quarter and first nine months results

Other recent information

Press releases

The press releases mentioned hereunder can be found on the following website: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/finance/finance/finance/financial-press-releases

Press release of 10 August 2023

Availability of the 2023 interim financial report | Crédit Agricole (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 31 August 2023

2023 capital increase reserved for employees | Crédit Agricole (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 05 September 2023

Crédit Agricole Mobility Services: 3rd strategic pillar of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance to become European leader in green mobility

Crédit Agricole Mobility Services: 3rd strategic pillar of Crédit Agricole (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 05 October 2023

Crédit Agricole S.A. launches a Share Repurchase Program | Crédit Agricole (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 08 November 2023

Third quarter and first nine months 2023 results

Third quarter and nine first months 2023 results | Crédit Agricole (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 09 November 2023

9 November 2023 - Redemption of USD 1,750,000,000 Undated Deeply Subordinated Additional Tier 1 Fixed Rate

<u>9 November 2023 - Redemption of USD 1,750,000,000 Undated Deeply Subordinated (creditagricole.com)</u>

Press release of 09 November 2023

09 November 2023 - Redemption of JPY 11,900,000,000 Callable Subordinated Fixed 09 November 2023 - Redemption of JPY 11,900,000,000 Callable Subordinated (credit-agricole.com)

Press release of 10 November 2023

10 November 2023 - Launch of a consent solicitation and the convening of a meeting of the noteholders of its EUR 2,000,000,000 Subordinated

10 November 2023 - Launch of a consent solicitation and the convening of (credit-agricole.com)

CROSS-REFERENCE TABLES

Incorporation by reference

This amendment to the Universal registration document has to be read and interpreted together with the following documents. These documents are incorporated and are part of this registration document:

- 2022 Universal Registration Document filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marchés financiers) on 27 March 2023 under the registration number D.23-0154 (see « URD 2022 ») which includes the full-year financial report, available on the website of Crédit Agricole S.A.: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/197620
- the A01 update document filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marches financiers) on 4th April 2023 under the registration number D.23-0154-A01 (see « A01»), which is available on the website of Crédit Agricole S.A.: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/197771
- the A02 update document filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marches financiers) on 15 May 2023 under the registration number D.23-0154-A02 (see « A02»), which is available on the website of Crédit Agricole S.A.: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/198359
- the A03 update document filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marches financiers) on 10 August 2023 under the registration number D.23-0154-A03 (see « A03»), which is available on the website of Crédit Agricole S.A.: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/199317

All these documents incorporated by reference in the present document have been filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marchés financiers) and can be obtained free of charge at the usual opening hours of the office at the headquarters of the issuer as indicated at the end of this registration document. These documents are available on the website of the issuer (https://www.creditagricole.com/en/finance/finance/financial-publications) and on the website of the AMF (www.amf-france.org).

The incorporated information by reference must be red according to the following cross-reference table. Any information not indicated in the cross-reference table but included in the documents incorporated by reference is only given for information.

Cross reference table

This cross-reference table contains the headings provided for in Annex 1 (as referred to in Annex 2) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of the Commission as of 14 March 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 (Annex I), in application of the "Prospectus Directive". It refers to the pages of the Universal registration document 2022 (URD 2022), its A01 update in the second column, its A02 update in the third column, its A03 update in the fourth column, as well as the present Amendment in the last column.

		Page number of the Univer- sal Registra- tion Docu- ment	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A01)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A02)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A03)	Page number of the present Amendment to the Universal registration document (A04)
Section 1	Persons responsible					
1.1	Identity of the persons responsible	771	431	204	350	150
1.2	Declaration of the persons responsible	771	431	204	350	150
1.3	Statement or report of the persons acting as experts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.4	Information from a third party	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.5	Declaration concerning the competent authority	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Section 2	Statutory auditors					
2.1	Identity of the statutory auditors	762	431	205	351	151
2.2	Change, if any	762	431	205	351	151
Section 3	Risk factors	312-326	45 - 59	N/A	133 à 157	128
Section 4	Information about the issuer					
4.1	Legal name and commercial name	530; 750	3	N/A	190 ; 363	
4.2	Location, registration number and legal entity identifier ("LEI")	530; 750	N/A	N/A	190 ; 363	
4.3	Date of incorporation and lifespan	530; 750	N/A	N/A	190	
4.4	Registered office and legal form, legislation governing the business activities, country of origin, address and telephone number of the legal registered office, website with a warning notice	42; 750-757; 780	N/A	N/A	190	
Section 5	Business overview					
5.1	Principal activities	14-28 ; 288- 298 ; 615- 617	7-15 ; 17-20 ; 343-347	5-24 ; 44 - 74	252 à 255	
5.2	Principal markets	11;14-28; 615-617; 716-717	6 ; 10-15 ; 343-345	13-24 ; 62-74	252 à 255	
5.3	Major events in the development of the business	16-28 ; 29 ; 30-31	10-15 ; 296-297	5 - 6 ; 48 - 49	3 à 5	156
5.4	Strategy and targets	303-307	36-42	6 ; 49	150 à 155	
5.5	Dependence on patents, licenses, contracts and manufacturing processes	373	102	174	N/A	
5.6	Statement on competitive position	9	5	N/A	N/A	

		Page number of the Univer- sal Registra- tion Docu- ment	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A01)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A02)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A03)	Page number of the present Amendment to the Universal registration document (A04)
5.7	Investments					
5.7.1	Major investments made	29-31 ; 542- 543 ; 568- 569 ; 673- 684 ; 758	296-297	N/A	N/A	
5.7.2	Main current or future investments	758	N/A	N/A	N/A	
5.7.3	Information on joint ventures and partner companies	635-638	363-366	N/A	N/A	
5.7.4	Environmental issues that may impact the use of property, plant and equipment	47-53	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 6	Organisational structure					
6.1	Brief description of the Group	7	3		252 à 255	
6.2	List of important subsidiaries	534-535 ; 676-686 ; 720-721	403-414		252 à 255	
Section 7	Review of the financial position and performance					
7.1	Financial position	536-543 ; 700-701	265-271	7-12 ; 44-60	10 à 31 ; 118 à 120 ; 190 à 199	3 - 49
7.1.1	Changes in results and financial position containing key indicators of financial and, if applicable, extra-financial performance	282-301	18-36	7-12 ; 44-60	10 à 31 ; 57 à 65	3 - 49
7.1.2	Forecasts of future development and research and development activities	301-303	36 -42	6 ; 49		
7.2	Operating income	536 ; 701	265	7-12 ; 44-60	10 à 21 ; 57 à 65	3 - 49
7.2.1	Major factors, unusual or infrequent events or new developments	282-288	18-23	6 ; 49		N/A
7.2.2	Reasons for major changes in revenues or net income	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Section 8	Capital resources					
8.1	Information on share capital	10-11; 378- 396; 539- 541; 650; 700; 734	3;6;8-9;35; 107-131;267- 269;336;342	55-56 ; 158- 167	32 à 38 ; 118 à 120 ; 195 à 196	32 - 38 ; 85 ; 113-115; 118-127; 139 - 143
8.2	Cash flow	542-543	270-271	55-56 ; 158- 167	197 à 199	
8.3	Financing needs and structure	287-288 ; 356-359 ; 599-601	22 ; 87-92 ; 327-329 ;	158-167	122 à 132	113 - 119
8.4	Restrictions on the use of capital	378-384 ; 673	107-126 ; 400	158-167	122 à 132	
8.5	Expected sources of financing	758	N/A	158-167	122 à 132	
Section 9	Regulatory environment					
	Description of the regulatory environment that could impact the Company's business activities	321-322 ; 545; 567 ; 568-569	54 ; 272-293 ; 297	N/A	146 à 150 ; 204 à 222	

		Page number of the Univer- sal Registra- tion Docu- ment	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A01)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A02)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A03)	Page number of the present Amendment to the Universal registration document (A04)
Section 10	Trend information			N/A		
10.1	Description of the main trends and any material change in the Group's financial performance since the end of the financial year	301-303 ;759	36-42	N/A	12 à 31	
10.2	Events that could materially impact the outlook	301-303 ;759	36-42	N/A	39 à 43	
Section 11	Profit projections or estimates					
11.1	Profit projections or estimates reported	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
11.2	Statement describing the main assumptions for projections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
11.3	Declaration of comparability with the historical financial information and compliance of the accounting methods	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 12	Administrative, management, supervisory and executive management bodies					
12.1	Information on the members	157-170 ; 192-222	N/A	175-180	181 à 185	129 - 130
12.2	Conflicts of interest	161 ; 167 ; 223	N/A	N/A	181 à 185	
Section 13	Compensation and benefits					
13.1	Remuneration paid and benefits in kind	162 ; 224- 270 ;654- 657	381-384	183-194	N/A	
13.2	Provisions for pensions, retirements and other similar benefits	715 ; 727	381-384	183-194	N/A	
Section 14	Board practices					
14.1	Expiry date of terms of office	160 ; 164 ; 192-193 ; 194-220; 221; 222	N/A	N/A		
14.2	Service agreements binding members of the administrative and management bodies	223	N/A	N/A		
14.3	Information on Audit and Remuneration committees	174-179	N/A	N/A		
14.4	Declaration of compliance with the corporate governance system in force	158-191; 271-277	N/A	N/A	N/A	
14.5	Potential future changes in corporate governance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 15	Employees					
15.1	Number of employees	101 ; 134- 136 ; 273 ; 741 ; 760- 761	8;9;381	N/A	N/A	
15.2	Profit-sharing and stock options	194-220 ; 227-228 ; 245-246 ; 247-267 ; 715	384	N/A	N/A	

		Page number of the Univer- sal Registra- tion Docu- ment	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A01)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A02)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A03)	Page number of the present Amendment to the Universal registration document (A04)
15.3	Agreement stipulating employee shareholding	38-39 ; 715	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 16	Major shareholders					
16.1	Shareholders holding more than 5% of share capital	34-35 ; 650	N/A	N/A	286	85
16.2	Existence of different voting rights	34-35 ; 752	N/A	N/A	N/A	
16.3	Direct or indirect control	7 ; 34-35	3	N/A	N/A	
16.4	Agreements that if implemented could result in a change of control	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 17	Transactions with related parties	532-533 ; 635-638 ; 703-706 ; 734	261-264 ; 363- 366 ; 430	N/A	320	
Section 18	Financial information concerning the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and profits and losses					
18.1	Historical financial information					
18.1.1	Audited historical financial information for the past three financial years and audit report	309 ; 528- 696 ; 698- 746	261-427	2-40 ; 41-108 109-157 158-167		
18.1.2	Change of accounting reference date	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
18.1.3	Accounting standards	545-567 ; 707-709	273-295	N/A	204 à 222	
18.1.4	Change of accounting standards	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
18.1.5	Balance sheet, income statement, changes in equity, cash flow, accounting methods and explanatory notes	11 ; 700-742	6 ; 267-418	N/A	191 0 324	
18.1.6	Consolidated financial statements	528-688	261-427	N/A	187 à 324	
18.1.7	Age of financial information	536-543 ; 700-701	265-271	N/A	187 à 324	
18.2	Interim and other financial information (audit or review reports, as applicable)	N/A	N/A	2-40 ; 41-108 109-157 158-167		3 - 49
18.3	Audit of historical annual financial information			N/A		
18.3.1	Independent audit of historical annual financial information	689-696	419-426	N/A		
18.3.2	Other audited information	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
18.3.3	Unaudited financial information	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
18.4	Pro forma financial information	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
18.5	Dividend policy					
18.5.1	Description of the dividend distribution policy and any applicable restriction	36	N/A	N/A	287 à 288	
18.5.2	Amount of the dividend per share	2; 10; 36; 298; 309; 322; 651	N/A	N/A	287 à 288	

		Page number of the Univer- sal Registra- tion Docu- ment	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A01)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A02)	Page number of Amendment to the Universal registration document (A03)	Page number of the present Amendment to the Universal registration document (A04)
18.6	Administrative, legal and arbitration proceedings	370-373; 632; 644- 648; 727- 731	372-377	N/A	173 à 180	131 - 138
18.7	Significant change in financial position.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Section 19	Additional information					
19.1	Information on share capital		N/A	N/A		
19.1.1	Amount of capital subscribed, number of shares issued and fully paid up and par value per share, number of shares authorised	34-37 ; 650 ; 733; 734 ; 750-752	N/A	N/A	87 -88 ; 286-287	
19.1.2	Information on non-equity shares	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.1.3	Number, carrying value and nominal value of the shares held by the Company	34-35 ; 38- 39	N/A	N/A	87 -88 ; 286-287	
19.1.4	Convertible or exchangeable securities or securities with subscription warrants attached	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.1.5	Conditions governing any acquisition rights and/or any obligation attached to the capital subscribed, but not paid up, or on any undertaking to increase the capital	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.1.6	Option or conditional or unconditional agreement of any member of the Group	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.1.7	History of share capital	34-35	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.2	Memorandum and Articles of Association		N/A	N/A		
19.2.1	Register and company purpose	750-757	N/A	N/A		
19.2.2	Rights, privileges and restrictions attached to each class of shares	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19.2.3	Provisions with the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control	35 ; 750-757	N/A	N/A		
Section 20	Material contracts	759	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Section 21	Documents available	759	N/A	208	357	156
N.A.: not applicable.						

In accordance with Annex I of European Regulation 2017/1129 the following are incorporated by reference:

- the annual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the corresponding Statutory Auditors' Reports, as well as the Group's management report, appearing respectively on pages 594 to 646 and 408 to 591, on pages 644 to 647 and 585 to 592 and on pages 226 to 253 of the Crédit Agricole S.A. 2020 Registration document filed with the AMF on 24 March 2021 under number D.21-0184. The information is available via the following link: https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/187401;
- the annual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the corresponding Statutory Auditors' Reports, as well as the Group's management report, appearing respectively on pages 638 to 685 and 448 to 628, on pages 686 to 689 and 629 to 636 and on pages 246 to 273 of the Crédit Agricole S.A. 2021 Registration document filed with the AMF on 24 March 2022 under number D.22-0142. The information is available via the following link https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/pdfPreview/192553;

The sections of the Registration documents number D. 21-0184 and number D. 22-0142 not referred to above are either not applicable to investors or are covered in another part of this Universal registration document.

All these documents incorporated by reference in the present document have been filed with the French Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des marchés financiers) and can be obtained on request free of charge during the usual office opening hours at the headquarters of the issuer as indicated at the end of the present document. These documents are available on the website of the issuer (https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/finance/finance/financial-publications) and on the website of the AMF (www.amf-france.org).

The information incorporated by reference has to be read according to the following cross-reference table. Any information not indicated in the cross-reference table but included in the documents incorporated by reference is only given for information.

This document is available on the Crédit Agricole S.A. website https://www.credit-agricole.com/en/finance/finance

Crédit Agricole S.A.

A French limited company with share capital of €9,158,213,973

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